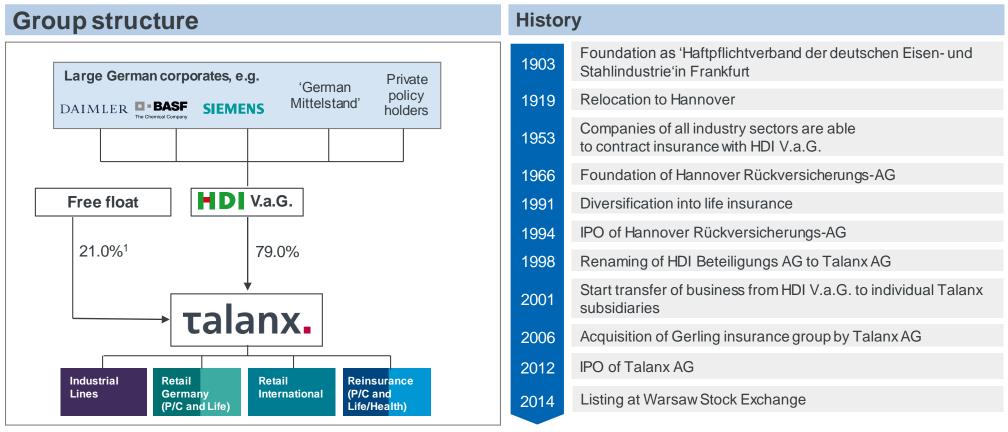


# Commerzbank German Investment Seminar

Herbert K. Haas, CEO Talanx AG Torsten Leue, CEO Talanx International AG New York, 9 January 2018



### Founded as a lead insurer by German corporates



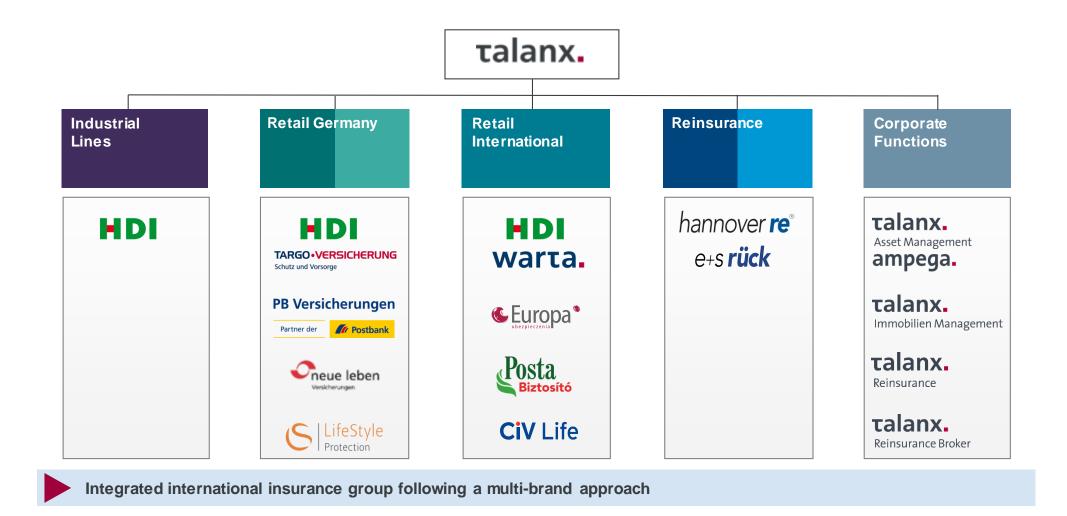
<sup>1</sup> Including employee shares and stake of Meiji Yasuda (below 5%)



Strong roots: originally founded by German corporate clients; HDI V.a.G still key shareholder



### Four divisions with a strong portfolio of brands





### International footprint and focussed growth strategy

### International presence



- Total GWP: €31.1bn (2016)
- 2016 GWP: 50% in Primary Insurance (2015: 49%), 50% in Reinsurance (2015: 51%)
- Group wide presence in >150 countries
- 20,039 employees (FTE) in 2016

### International strategy by divisions

Industrial Lines

- Local presence by own risk carriers, branches and partners create efficient network in >130 countries
- Key target growth regions: Latin America, Southeast Asia/India, Arabian Peninsula

Retail International

- Target regions: CEE (incl. Turkey) and Latin America
- # 2 motor insurer in Poland<sup>2</sup>
- # 5 motor insurer in Brazil<sup>2</sup>
- # 3 motor insurer in Chile<sup>2</sup>
- #7 motor insurer in Mexico<sup>2</sup>



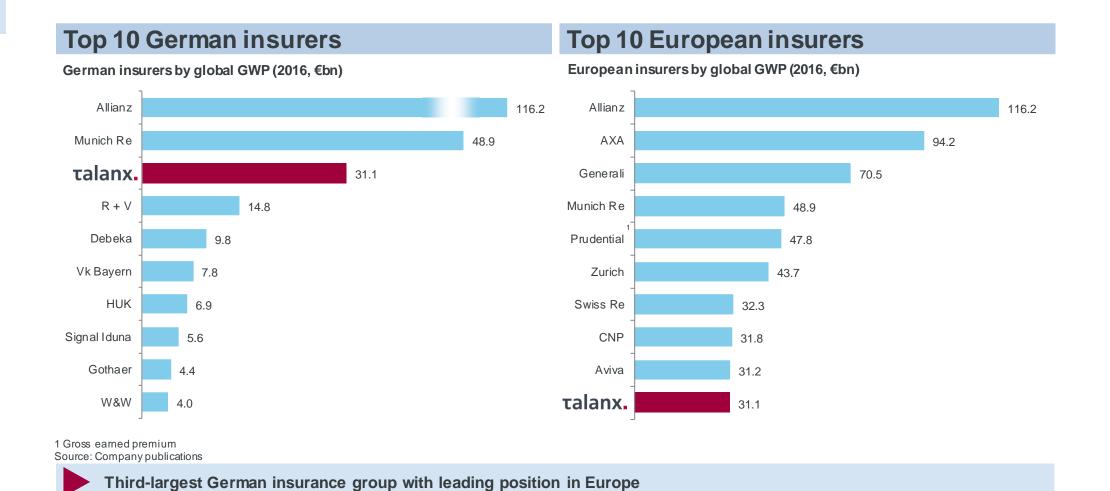
- Global presence focussing on Western Europe, Northand South America as well as Asia
- ~5.000 customers in >150 countries
- 1 By branches, agencies, risk carriers, representative offices
- 2 Source: local regulatory authorities, Talanx AG



Global network in Industrial Lines and Reinsurance - leading position in retail target markets



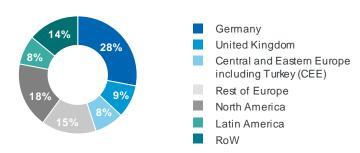
### Among the leading European insurance groups



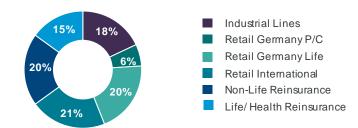


### Regional and segmental split of GWP and EBIT

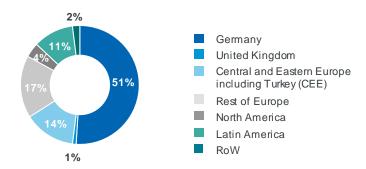
### GWP by regions 2016 (consolidated Group level)



### GWP by segments 2016<sup>1</sup>



#### GWP by regions 2016 (Primary Insurance)



#### EBIT by segments 2016<sup>1,2</sup>



<sup>2</sup> Calculation excludes Retail Germany P/C, which reported a negative EBIT of  $\in$ 2m



Well-diversified sources of premium and EBIT generation

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted for the 50.2% stake in Hannover Re

### B2B competence as a key differentiator

#### Strategic focus on B2B and B2B2C Excellence in distribution channels<sup>1</sup> Core focus on corporate clients with relationships Postbank cîtîbank DEGUSSA BANK BB Bank often for decades Industrial Lines Blue-chip client base in Europe Bancassurance TARGO X BANK BRE BANK SA HypoVereinsbank Capability and capacity to lead international holding Magyar Posta programs Market leader in Bancassurance DAIMLER Retail Germany Market leader in employee affinity business Automotive CHEVROLET PORSCHE ~35% of segment GWP generated by Bancassurance Retail International Industrial/Reinsurance Retail Distribution focus on banks, brokers and **MARSH** independent agents **MLP Brokers** Willis SwissLife Typically non-German business generated via Reinsurance brokers **SIEMENS VOLKSWAGEN Employee** Bayer affinity Unique strategy with clear focus on business DAIMLER B2B business models 1 Samples of clients/partners

Superior service of corporate relationships lies at heart of our value proposition



### Key Pillars of our risk management

1

Asset risk is limited to less than 50% of our SCR (solvency capital require-ment) 2

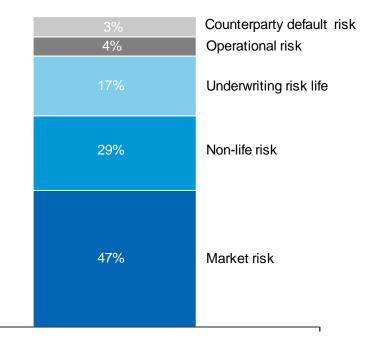
Generating positive annual earnings with a probability of 90% 3

Sufficient capital to withstand at least an aggre-gated 3,000year shock



## 1 Focus on insurance risk

### Risk components of Talanx Group <sup>1</sup>



#### Comments

- Total market risk stands at 47% of solvency capital requirements, which is comfortably below the 50% limit
- Self-set limit of 50% reflects the dedication to primarily focus on insurance risk
- Non-Life is the dominating insurance risk category, comprising premium and reserve risk, NatCat and counterparty default risk
- Equities ~2% of investments under own management
- Over 75% of fixed-income portfolio invested in "A" or higher-rated bonds – broadly stable over recent quarters

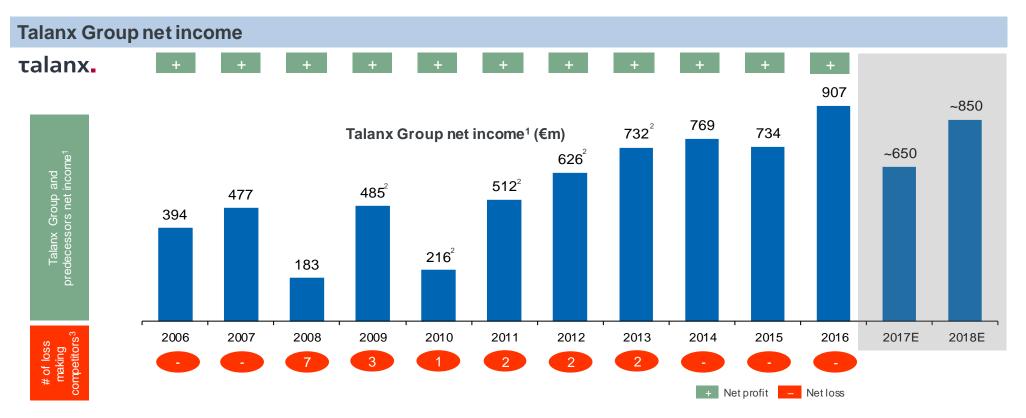
1 Figures show risk categorisation, in terms of solvency capital requirements, of the Talanx Group in the economic view (based on Basic Own Funds) as of FY2016



Market risk sensitivity (limited to less than 50% of solvency capital requirement) is deliberately low



# 2 Diversification of business model leads to earnings resilience



<sup>1</sup> Net income of Talanx after minorities, after tax based on restated figures as shown in annual reports 2006 – 2016; numbers for 2017 and 2018 according to Talanx Group Outlook; all numbers according to IFRS 2 Adjusted on the basis of IAS 8

Robust cycle resilience due to diversification of segments



<sup>3</sup> Top 20 European peers, each year measured by GWP; on group level; IFRS standards; Source: Bloomberg, annual reports

## 3 TERM 9M 2017 results – Capitalisation perspectives

Economic View (BOF CAR)



Limit ≥ 200 %

- Basic Own Funds (including hybrids and surplus funds as well as noncontrolling interests)
- Risk calculated with the full internal model

- with haircut
- operational risk modeled with standard formula
- HDI solo-funds

Solvency II Ratio<sup>1</sup>



Target corridor 150%-200%

- Eligible Own Funds, i.e. Basic Own Funds (including hybrids and surplus funds as well as non-controlling interests) with haircut on Talanx's minority holdings
- Operational risk modeled with standard formula, ("partial internal model")
- For the Solvency II perspective, the HDI V.a.G. as ultimate parent is the addressee of the regulatory framework for the Group

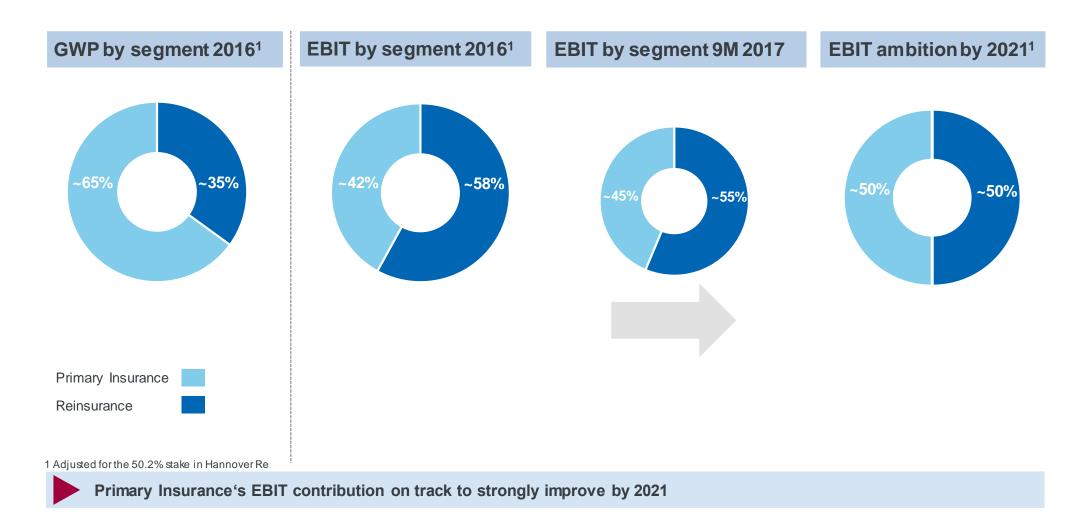
1 Group Solvency II Ratios including transitional (i.e. Regulatory View): 9M 2017: 237%, FY2016: 236%

Note: In the entire presentation, calculations of Solvency II Capital Ratios are based on a 99.5% confidence level, including volatility adjustments yet without the effect of applicable transitionals—if not explicitly stated differently



Capital ratios comfortably meeting targets

# Better diversified earnings balance between Reinsurance and Primary Insurance – Earnings balance (I)





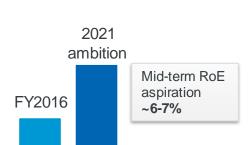
Better diversified earnings balance between Reinsurance and Primary Insurance – Earnings balance (II)

#### Divisional EBIT contribution and its drivers

### **Industrial Lines** Profitable foreign growth Continued profitabilisation of selected portfolios ("balanced book") Higher average return on investment 2021 ambition FY2016 Mid-term RoE aspiration ~8%

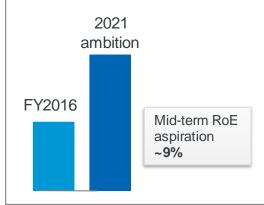
#### **Retail Germany**

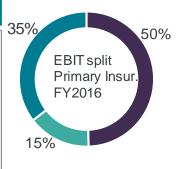
- Steadily improving combined ratios primarily driven by lower cost ratios
- Selective growth initiatives
- Further de-risking of life business



#### **Retail International**

- Strong profitable growth
- Slightly improving combined ratios
- Slightly better average return on investment



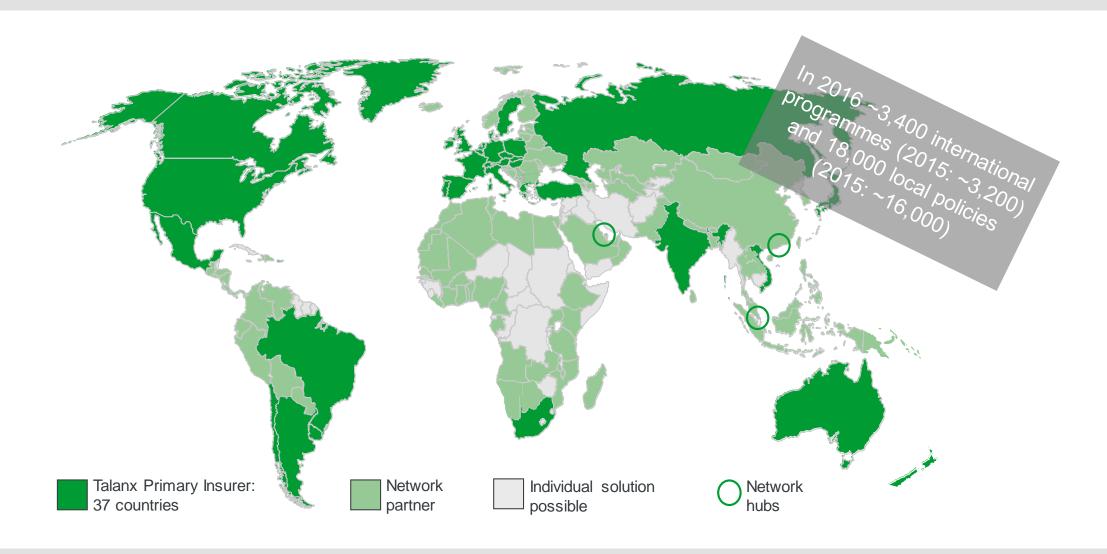






All Primary Insurance divisions are expected to contribute to the targeted EBIT increase by 2021

### Industrial Lines – International programmes as competitive edge



### Industrial Lines – An impressive long-standing client franchise

### Overview of selected key customers by customer segment

#### German mid-market (SMEs)



#### **German corporates (multinationals)**



#### International corporates (multinationals)



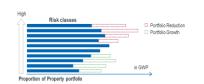


Well-established relationships with main players in targeted segments

### Industrial Lines – Three initiatives to optimise performance

#### Strategic 3-element-programme

"Balanced Book" – raising profitability in our domestic market



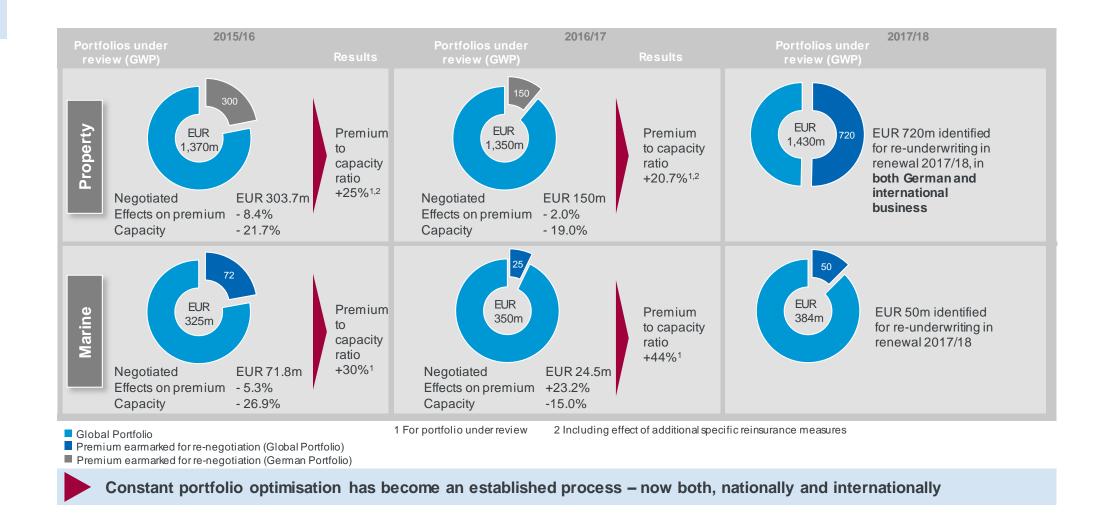
2 Generating profitable growth in foreign markets



3 Establishing best-in-class efficiency and processes

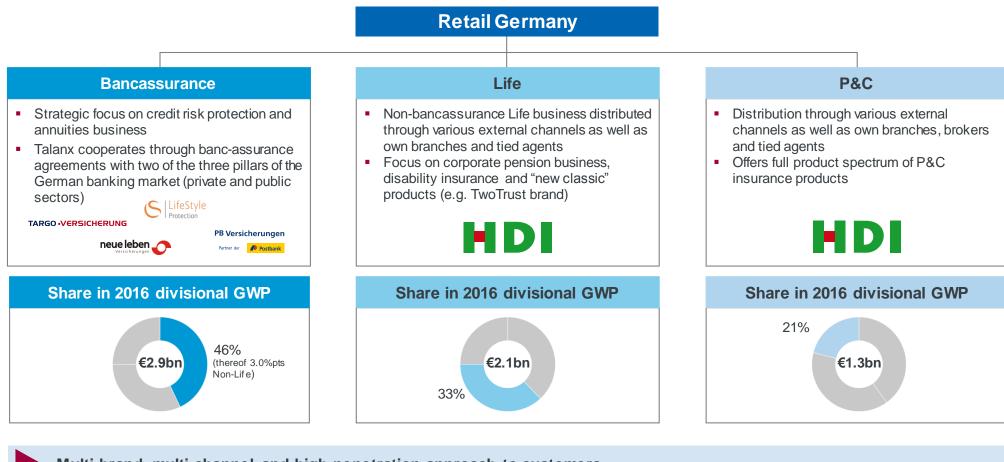


### Industrial Lines - Portfolio optimisation: current status of "Balanced Book"





### Retail Germany - Divisional breakdown

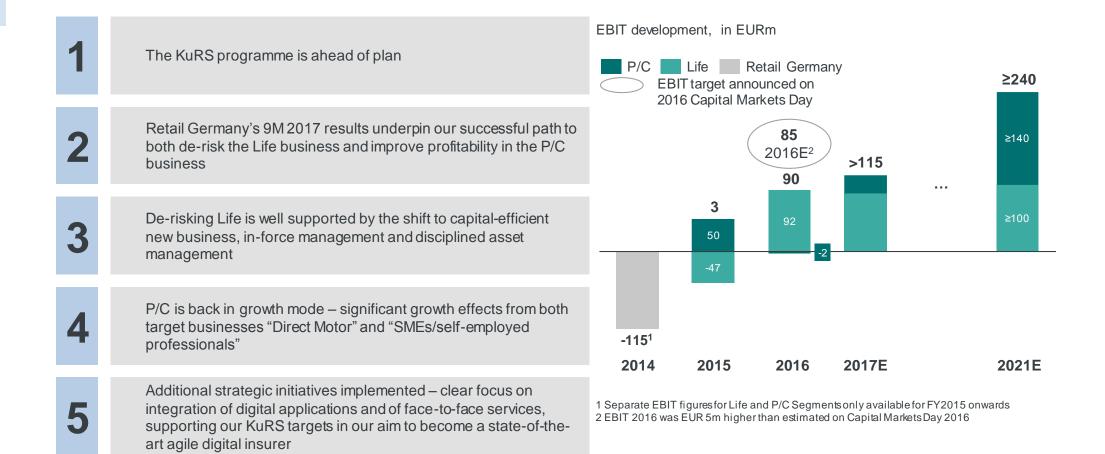




Multi-brand, multi-channel and high-penetration approach to customers

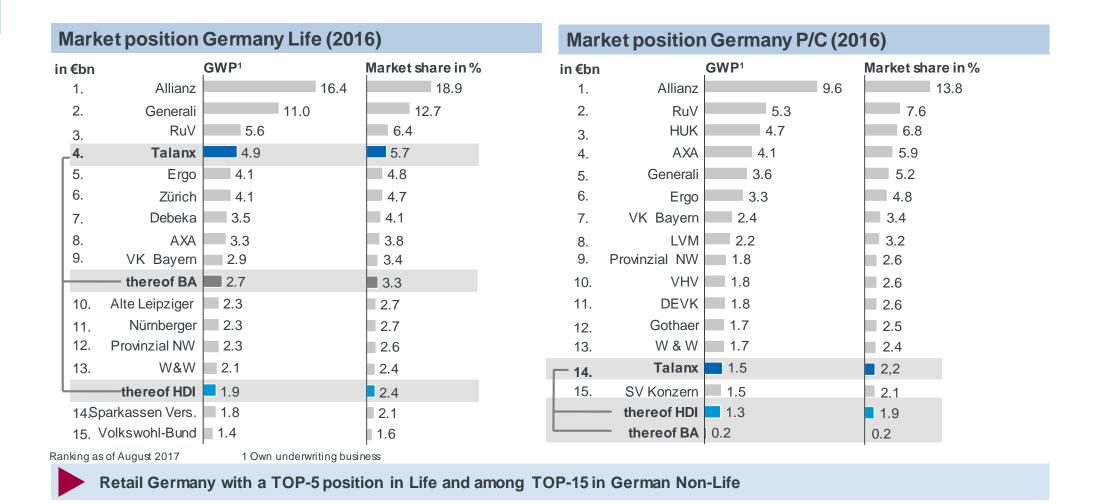


### Retail Germany - Key Messages from Capital Markets Day 2017





### Retail Germany – Market position

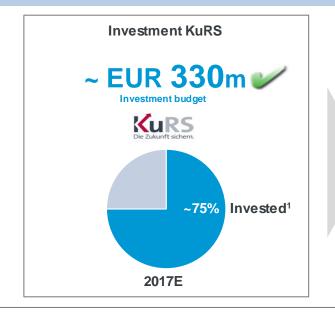


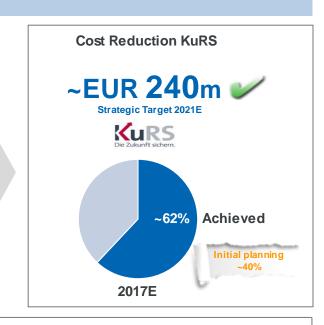


### Retail Germany - KuRS programme: investment and cost reduction targets

#### Investment and cost reduction status in 2017







- Strategic projects on track. ~75% of KuRS and ~31% of Voyager4Life budget invested by end of 2017
- Target is to implement all initiatives in full by the end of FY2020, with the full cost benefit to be reached in FY2021
- Close to 62% of planned cost savings achieved. Savings ahead of plan allow for faster and higher investments into digitalisation projects

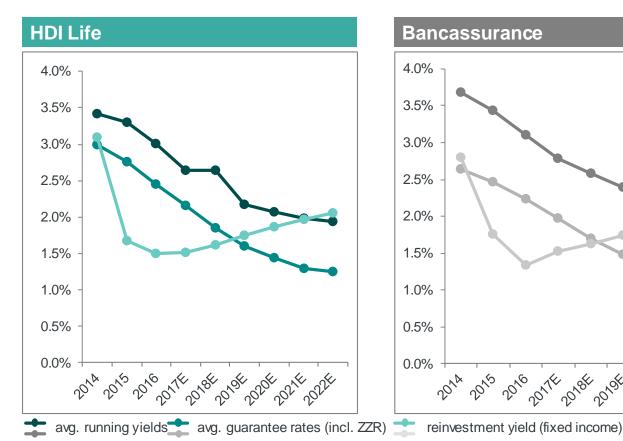
1 2017E, KuRS including personnel redundancy costs

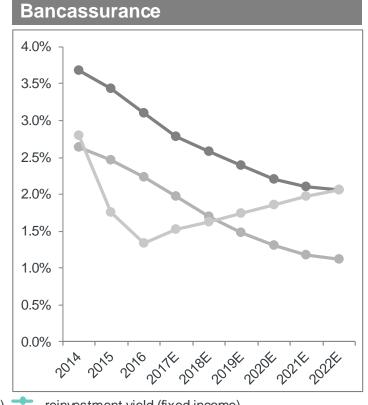


Annual savings ahead of plan - KuRS and Voyager4Life spending are on budget



### Retail Germany - Asset Management strategy: comparison of average running yields versus average guarantee rates







- The implicit market expectation for 20-year AAA euro government bonds plus 50 bp is taken as the assumed reinvestment yield for 2017-2022 in the two diagrams - e.g. 1.52% for 2017
- The fixed income reinvestment yield in 9M 2017 was higher at 1.70% for HDI Life and at 1.79% for Bancassurance
- The reinvestment yields mentioned above are already higher than the calculated average guarantee rates of 1.44% (HDI Life) and 1.31% (Bancassurance) for FY2020

All numbers refer to German GAAP (HGB). Update based on September 2017 calculations/data

Based on our assumptions, the average running yields will be sufficient to finance the guarantees for policyholders

### Retail Germany - Mid-term targets from 2016 Capital Markets Day (Status update)

Targets Retail Germany		Status update
Gross premium growth (p.a.) Life P/C	≥ 0% ~ 0% ≥ 3%	<ul> <li>✓ on track</li> <li>✓ in the works</li> <li>✓ Expected GWP decline in HDI Life (~-5%) likely to be compensated by business from Bancassurance Life (~+2%) as well as from Retail Germany P/C (~+1%)</li> <li>✓ Cost reductions from 2015 to 2017E have outperformed initial plan by cumulated &gt;EUR 100m</li> <li>✓ Combined ratio still to be affected by KuRS investments. Positive impact from better loss experience supported by favourable cost effects</li> <li>✓ Customer demand for capital-efficient private pension products currently behind expectations. Strong growth in biometric business</li> <li>✓ EUR 5m above guidance from 2016 Capital Markets Day</li> </ul>
Cost-cutting initiatives to be implemented by end of 2020	~ EUR 240m	
Combined ratio 2021 <sup>1</sup>	≤95%	
Life new business: share of traditional Life products by 2021 (new business premium)	≤ 25%	
P/C: Growth in Property & Liability to SMEs and self-employed professionals by 2021 <sup>2</sup>	≥25%	
EBIT contribution (targeted sustainably from 2021)	≥ EUR 240m	FY2016 EBIT EUR 5m above guidance; FY2017 outlook further underlines the sustainability of EBIT growth

<sup>1</sup> Incl. net interest income on funds withheld and contract deposits 2 Compared to base year 2014

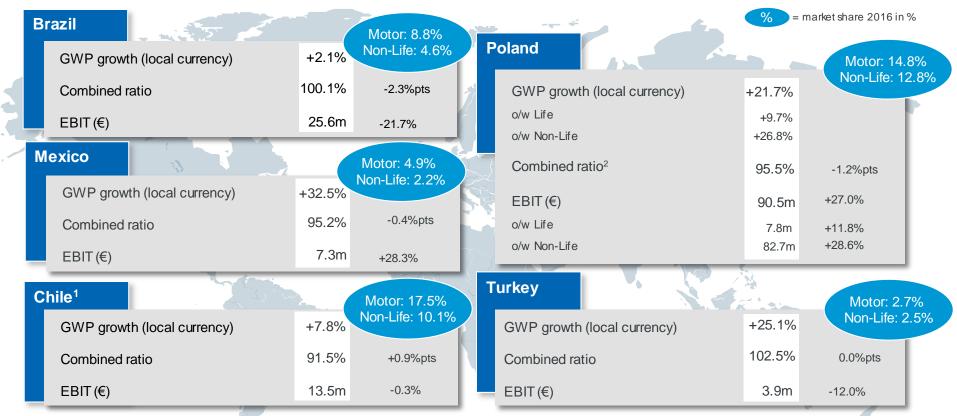
Note: Targets are subject to no large losses exceeding budget (cat), no turbulences on capital markets (capital) and no material currency fluctuations (currency)



Overall positive development, in some areas even ahead of plan – well on track to reach FY2021 targets



#### Retail International – Core markets: 9M 2017 overview



 $<sup>1\</sup> Includes all\ entities\ of\ HDI\ Chile\ Group\ operating\ in\ the\ Chilean\ market;\ Magallanes\ integrated\ in\ February\ 2015$ 

Note: Market shares based on regional supervisory authorities or insurance associations (Polish KNF, Turkish TSB, Brazilian Siscorp, Mexican AMIS, Chilean AACH)

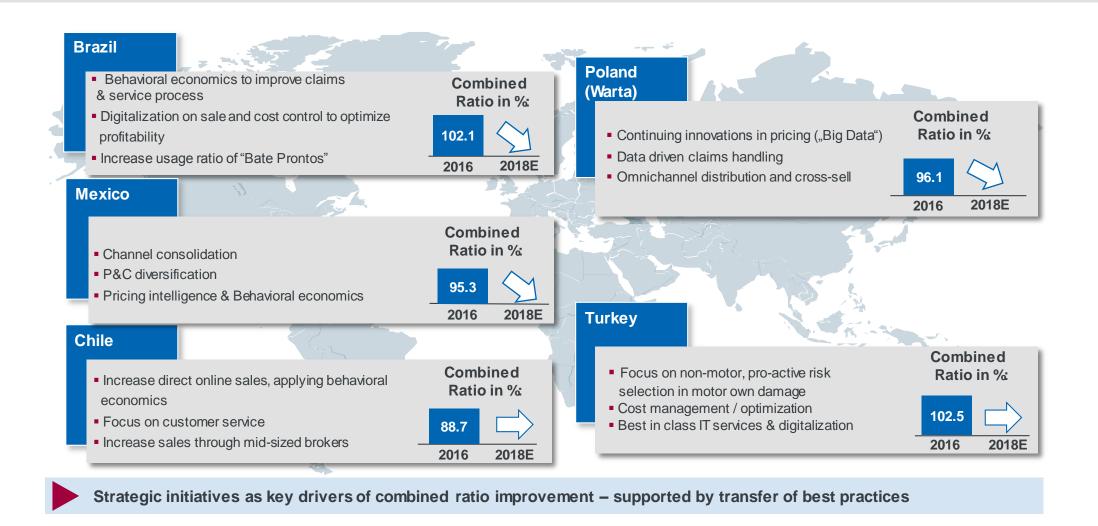


Most of our core markets in Retail International with business growth



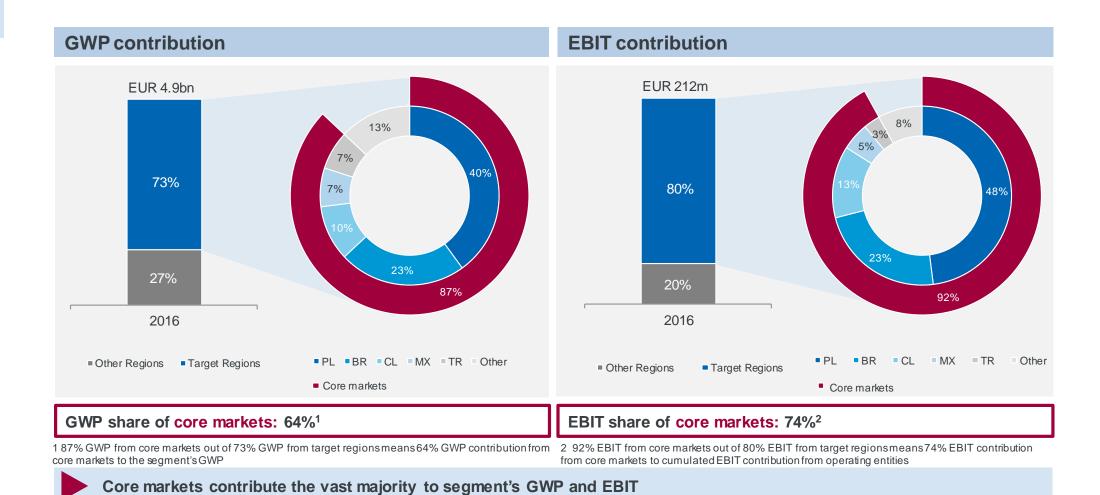
<sup>2</sup> Combined ratio for Warta only

### Retail International – Cycle management: Strategic initiatives in core markets



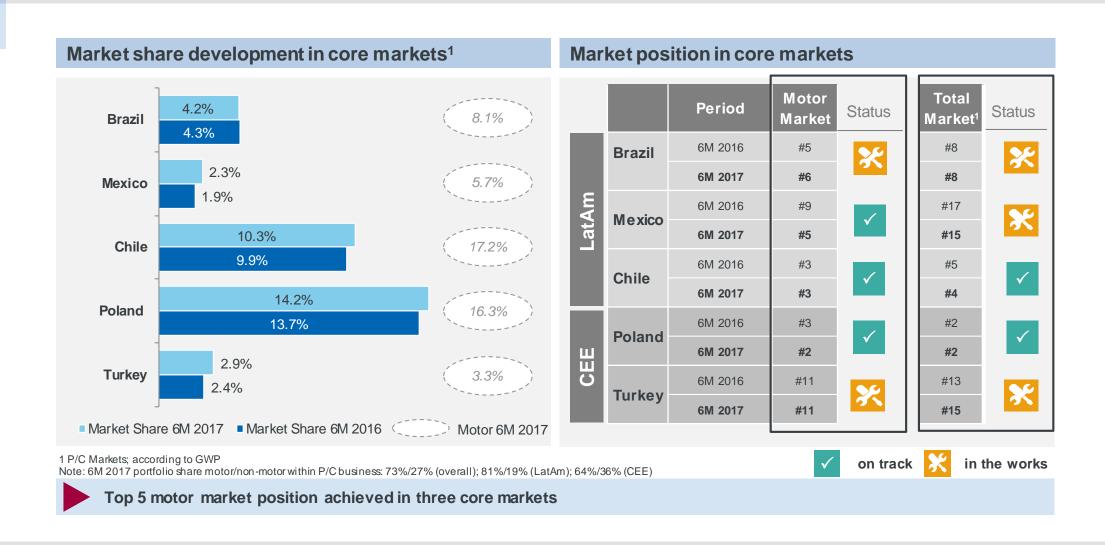


#### Retail International – Portfolio focus on core markets

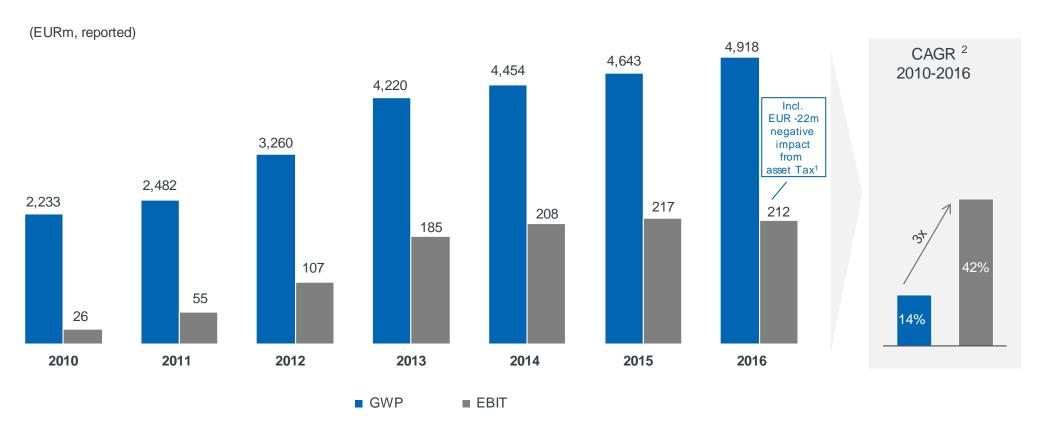




### Retail International – Market shares and market positions in core markets



# Retail International – Disciplined organic and inorganic growth, with focus on profitability

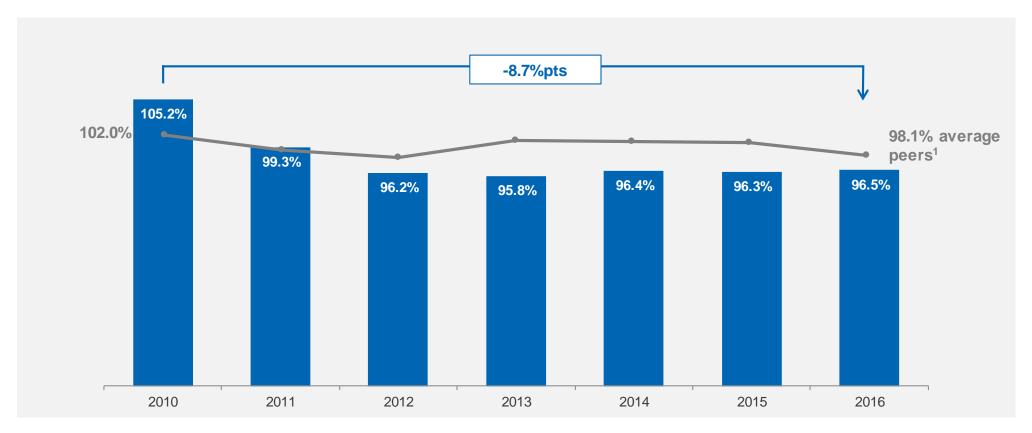


<sup>1</sup> Asset tax allocated to EBIT result

Profitable growth: EBIT has even grown three times stronger than GWP since 2010

<sup>2</sup> CAGR 2010 – 2016 currency adjusted GWP: +18%; EBIT: +59%; reported EBIT growth excluding asset tax: +44% p.a. (CAGR 2010-2016)

### Retail International – Combined ratio development vs. peers in core markets



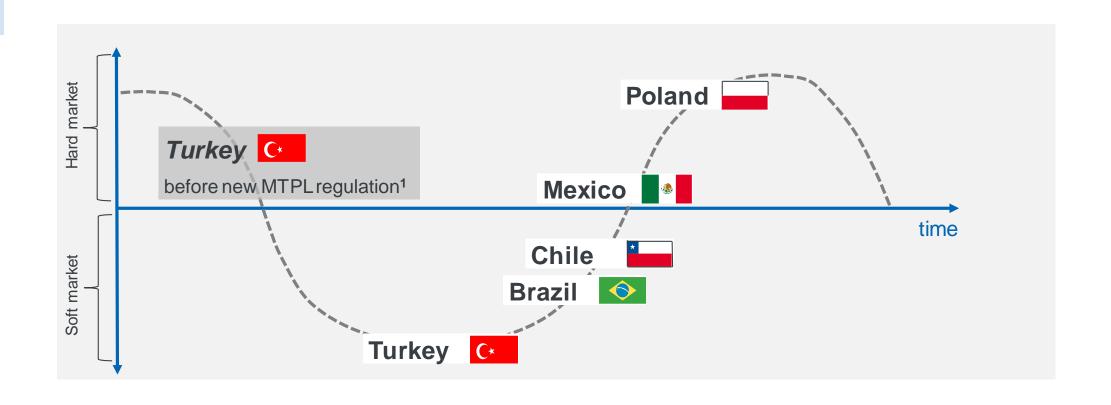
<sup>1</sup> Peers in LatAm include Allianz, Mapfre and Zurich; peers in CEE include Allianz, VIG and Uniqa Note: GWP growth in target regions (CAGR 2012-2016): Peers-0.4% p.a.; Retail International +10.5% p.a.



Significant improvement of combined ratio of 8.7%pts over time - outperforming peers since 2012



### Retail International – Motor cycle in core markets



1 Effective of 12 April 2017, the local regulator set a price cap in MTPL ("Motor Third-Party Liability"), resulting in an average reduction of premiums by ~30%, and established a "Risky Customer Pool" Source: own assumptions, Talanx AG



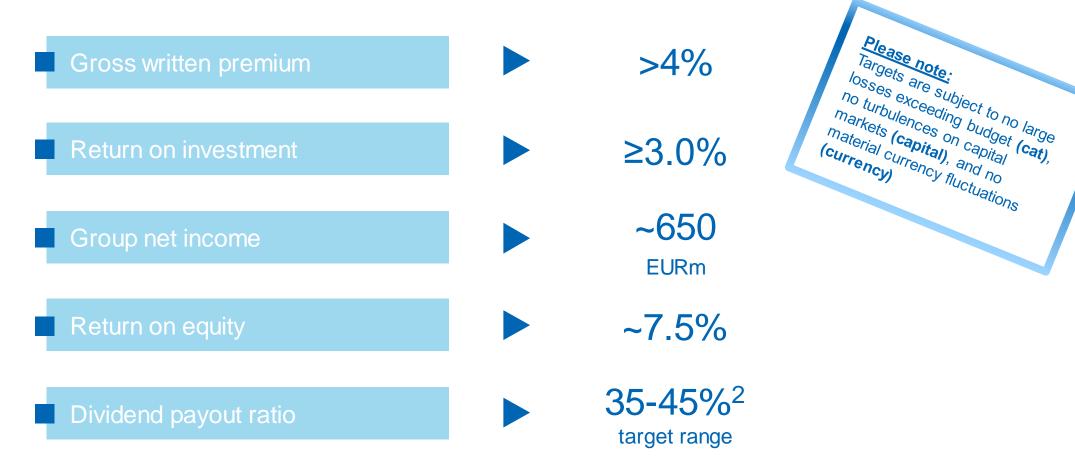
All core markets except Turkey on a positive trend

### Challenges & Opportunities – Digitalisation





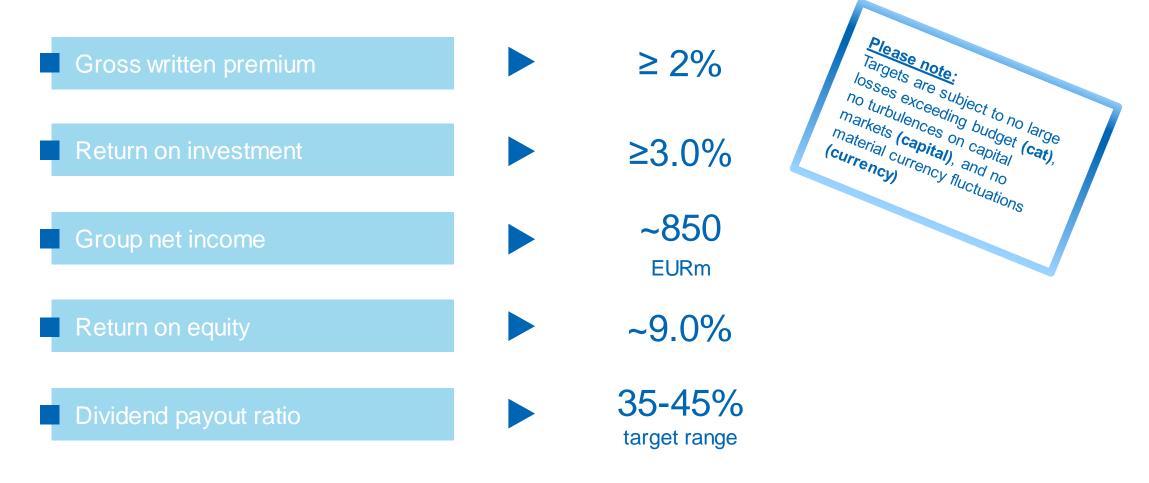
### Outlook 2017 for Talanx Group<sup>1</sup>



 $<sup>1.</sup> The targets are \ subject to the large loss burden during the forth quarter not exceeding the large losses budgeted for one quarter and the large losses budgeted for one quarter and the large losses budgeted for one quarter and the large loss budgeted for the large loss budgeted for one quarter and the large loss budgeted f$ 

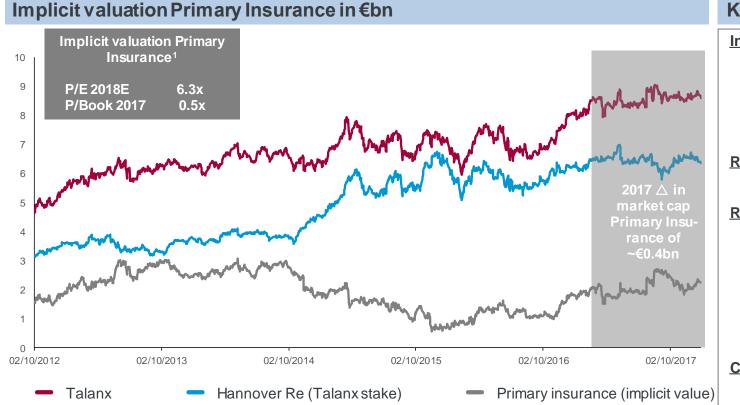
<sup>2</sup> A dividend payout at least equal to the year-earlier level is assured from today's perspective

### Outlook 2018 for Talanx Group<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> The targets are based on an large loss budget of EUR 300m (2017: EUR 290m) in Primary Insurance, of which EUR 260m in Industrial Lines. The large loss budget in Reinsurance stands at EUR 825m

### Management ambition – Reducing the valuation discount on Primary Insurance



Key measures

#### **Industrial Lines**

- optimisation of domestic and international portfolios
- pushing profitable foreign growth
- process excellence

#### **Retail International**

continuing focused profitable growth

#### **Retail Germany**

- consequent de-risking of our Life business
- forceful profitabilisation of our P/C business
- specific focus on investments in Digitalisation/IT

#### **Corporate Operations / Holding**

- further cost reductions
- strict capital discipline

 $1\ In\ this analysis, Primary\ in surance\ also\ contains\ Corporate\ Operations\ and\ Consolidation.\ Calculated\ as\ of\ 29\ December\ 2017$ 



A comprehensive set of measures to raise the profitability in Primary Insurance



### Total shareholder return since IPO

### Performance of the Talanx share



Total shareholder return since IPO close to ~16% p.a.

### Summary - Investment highlights





### Mid-term target matrix & current status

Segments	Key figures	Strategic targets (2015 - 2019)	2016	2015/2016 <sup>8</sup>	
	Gross premium growth1	3 - 5%	(0.3%)	2.2%	
	Return on equity	≥ 750 bps above risk free²	10.4% [≥8.4%]	9.7% [≥8.6%]	1
Group	Group net income growth	mid single-digit percentage growth rate	23.6%	9.5%	1
	Dividend payout ratio	35 - 45%	37.6%	41.2%	1
	Return on investment	≥ risk free + (150 to 200) bps²	3.6% [≥2.4 – 2.9%] ✓	3.6% [≥2.6 – 3.1%]	
Industrial Lines	Gross premium growth <sup>1</sup>	3 - 5%	(0.1%)	1.2%	
industrial Lines	Retention rate	60 - 65%	53.4%	52.6%	
Retail Germany	Gross premium growth <sup>1</sup>	≥0%	(5.7%)	(4.5%)	
Retail International	Gross premium growth <sup>1</sup>	≥ 10%	10.2%	8.4%	
Duimon, Inclusion	Combined ratio <sup>3</sup>	~ 96%	98.1%	-	
Primary Insurance	EBIT margin <sup>4</sup>	~ 6%	5.3%	4.5%	
	Gross premium growth <sup>6</sup>	3 - 5%	(0.2%)	4.1%	1
P/C Reinsurance <sup>7</sup>	Combined ratio <sup>3</sup>	≤96%	93.7%	-	
	EBIT margin <sup>4</sup>	≥ 10%	17.2%	17.2%	•
	Gross premium growth1	5 - 7%	(4.3%)	2.5%	
Life & Health Reinsurance <sup>7</sup>	Average value of New Business (VNB) after minorities <sup>5</sup>	≥ EUR 110m	EUR 448m ✓	EUR 361m	1
	EBIT margin <sup>4</sup> financing and longevity business	≥ 2%	9.4%	10.2%	1
	EBIT margin <sup>4</sup> mortality and health business	≥ 6%	3.4%	3.5%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Organic growth only; currency-neutral; <sup>2</sup> Risk-free rate is defined as the 5-year rolling average of the 10-year German government bond yield; <sup>3</sup> Talanx definition: incl. net interest income on funds withheld and contract deposits; <sup>4</sup> EBIT/net premium earned, <sup>5</sup> Reflects Hannover Re target of at least EUR 220m; <sup>6</sup> Average throughout the cycle; currency-neutral; <sup>7</sup> Targets reflect Hannover Re stargets for 2015-2017 strategy cycle; <sup>8</sup> Growth rates calculated as 2014 – 2016 CAGR; otherwise arithmetic mean; Note: growth targets are based on 2014 results. Growth rates, CoR and EBIT margins are average annual targets



- 9M 2017 -



# Talanx achieves 9M 2017 result of EUR 444m despite very significant NatCat losses

9M 2017 Group net income down by ~30% to €444m - Industrial Lines and Non-Life Reinsurance with NatCat-dominated large loss burden

The Talanx Group suffers claims of EUR 920m as a result of hurricanes Harvey, Irma and Maria, and the earthquakes in Mexico. After nine months, the large loss burden after reinsurance and retrocessions for the Group is more than EUR 1.2bn and already exceeds the budget for the entire year

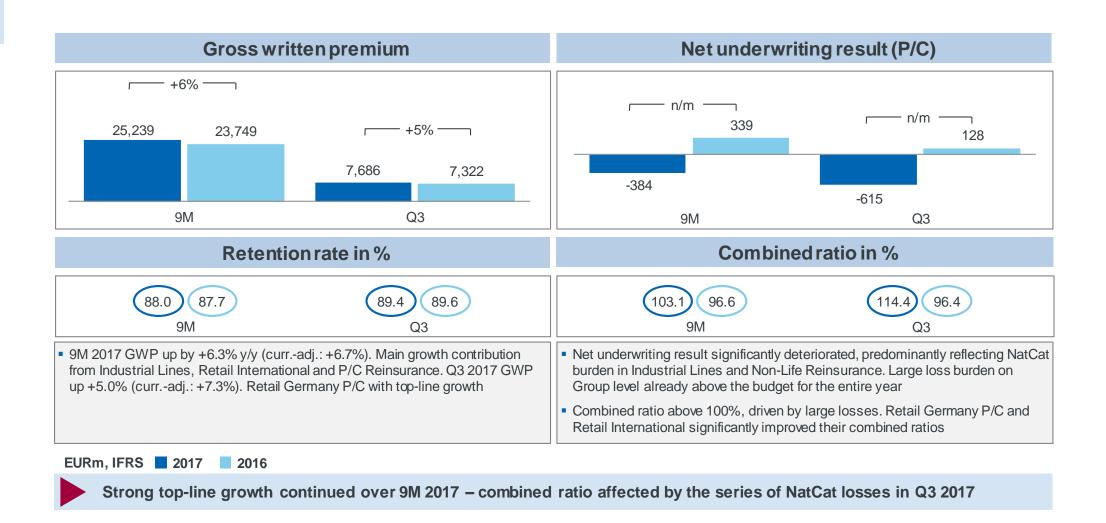
Talanx's retail operations have performed strongly in the third quarter. Particularly the encouraging improvement in Retail Germany has partly compensated for some of the large-loss burden

As already indicated, Talanx now expects Group net income of around EUR650 million for the FY2017. This forecast is subject to one quarterly large loss budget for Q4 2017. A dividend payment at least equal to the year-earlier level is assured from today's perspective

Talanx expects to successfully pursue its growth path in 2018. The Outlook for the Group net income for the coming business year stands at around EUR 850m



### 1 9M 2017 results – Key financials



# 1 Large losses<sup>1</sup> in 9M 2017 (in EURm)

NatCat	Primary	Reinsu-	Talanx	Man-made	Primary	Reinsu-	Talanx
NatCat	Insurance	rance	Group	Wall-Illaue	Insurance	rance	Group
Storms	184.5 (Hurricane "Harvey": 71.2, Hurricane "Irma": 44.8, Hurricane "Maria": 41.6, Storm "Quirin": 14.9, Cy clone "Debbie": 9.9,	715.5 (Hurricane "Harvey": 100.0, Hurricane "Harvey": 329.9, Hurricane "Maria": 220.8, Cy clone "Debbie": 42.2, Ty phoon "Hato": 13.4, Tornadoes USA: 9.2) <sup>2</sup>	900.0 (Hurricane "Harvey": 171.2, Hurricane "Imma": 374.6, Hurricane "Maria": 262.4, Cy clone "Debbie": 52.1, Typhoon "Hato": 15.5, Tornadoes USA: 9.2) <sup>2</sup>	Fire/Property	90.2	48.6	138.8
Wildfire	Typhoon "Hato": 2.1)²  3.0 (Chile)	31.0 (Chile, South Africa)	34.0 (Chile, South Africa)	Credit		27.6	27.6
Earthquake	39.1 (Mexico)	71.5 (Mexico)	110.7 (Mexico)	Other	10.5		10.5
Total NatCat	226.6	818.0	1,044.6	Total Man-made	100.7	76.3	176.9
Total large losses	Primary Insu	urance 327.3 (	(139.8)	Reinsurance 894.3	(393.2)	Talanx Group	<b>1,221.5</b> (533.0)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Definition "large loss": in excess of EUR 10m gross in either Primary Insurance or Reinsurance

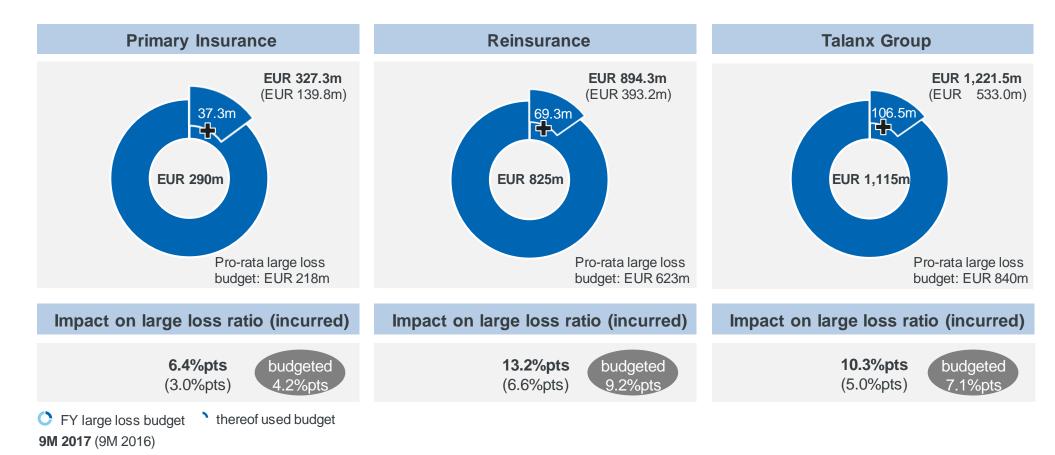
**9M 2017** (9M 2016)

Note: 9M 2017 Primary Insurance large losses (net) are split as follows: Industrial Lines: EUR 315.1m; Retail Germany: EUR 8.8m; Retail International: EUR 3.4m, Corporate Operations: EUR 0m; since FY2016 reporting onwards, the table includes large losses from Industrial Liability line, booked in the respective FY



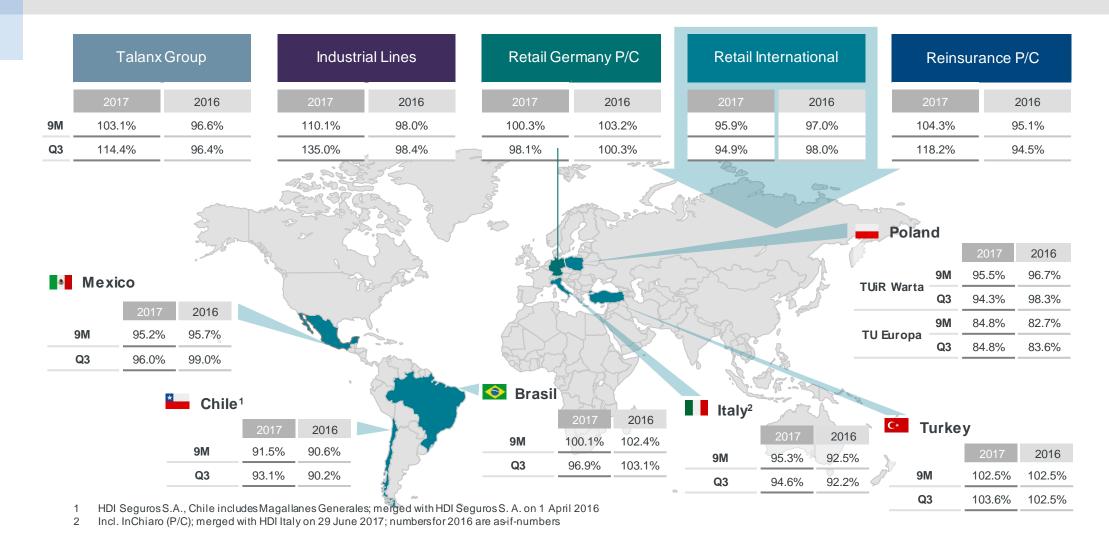
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Occured during Q1 2017: several tornadoes in USA and "Debbie". Óccured during Q2 2017: "Quirin". Occurred during Q3 2017: "Hato", "Harvey", "Irma" and "Maria"

### Large loss budget in 9M 2017



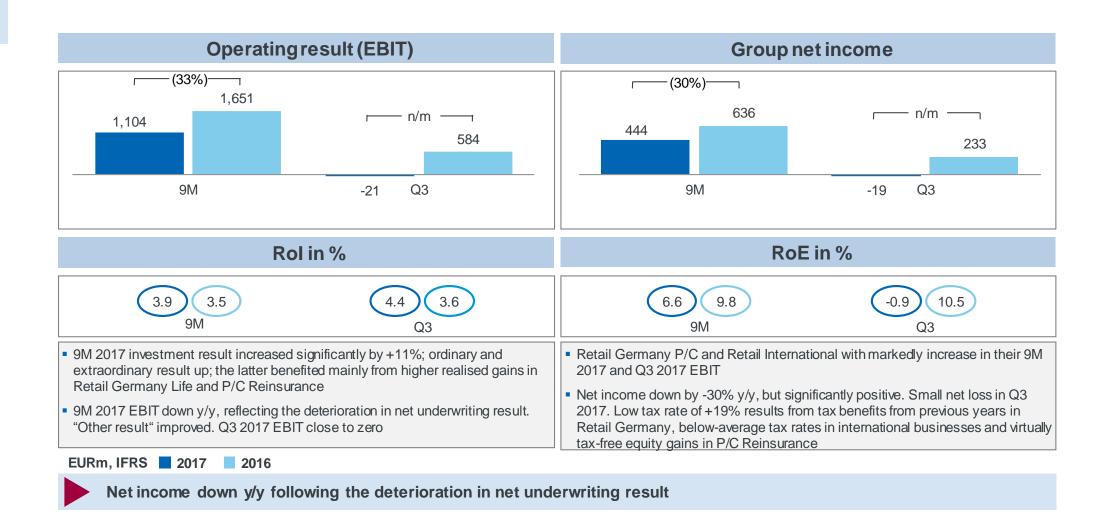
Primary Insurance as well as Reinsurance heavily affected by NatCat events – large losses for both already above their respective budgets planned for the entire year

### 1 Combined Ratios



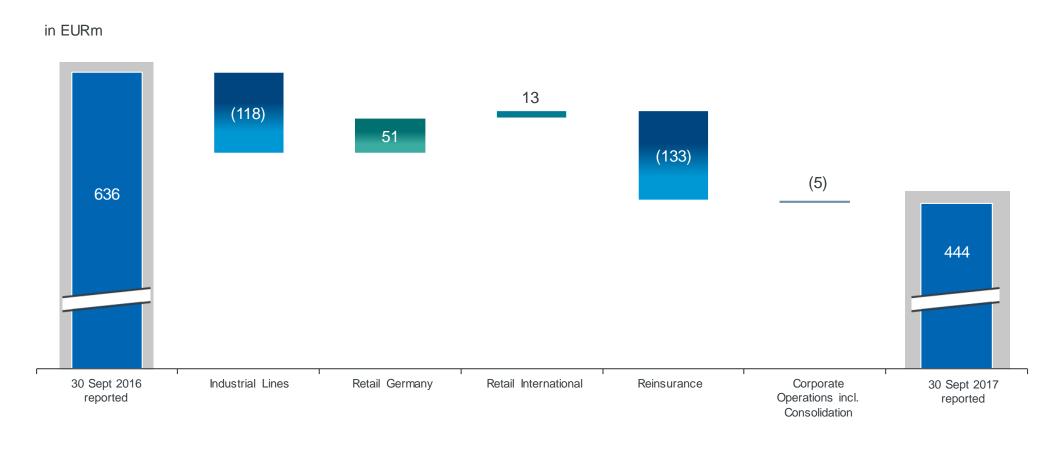


# 1 9M 2017 results – Key financials





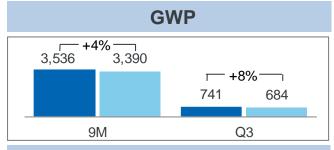
### 1 9M 2017 – Divisional contribution to change in Group net income

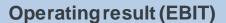


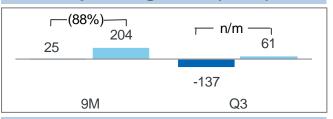
Net income improvement in Retail Germany and Retail International more than offset by large-loss burden in Industrial Lines and in Reinsurance

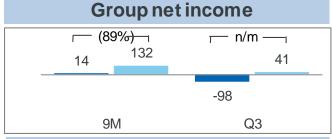


### 2 Segments – Industrial Lines









#### Retention rate in %



#### Combined ratio in %



### RoE (ann.) in %



- Strong underlying growth from international markets, e.g. Asia, Australia, France and UK. 9M 2017 curr.-adj. GWP growth of +4.4% y/y
- Positive impact from takeover of Motor fleet business of Retail Germany, broadly compensated by disposal effect of Norwegian Marine portfolio
- Further increase in retention, mainly resulting from Liability lines and higher portfolio share in Motor
- 9M 2017 combined ratio significantly increased due to large losses in NatCat. Also some burden from above-average frequency losses
- Cost ratio slightly improved
- Q3 2017 with negative EBIT contribution

- 9M 2017 investment result improved. Ordinary investment result up, supported by a positive impact from equities and real estate investments. Extraordinary investment result supported by gains from equities and lower writedowns
- Lower tax rate due to above-average contribution from lower-taxed entities, already reported earlier this year
- Group net income positive in 9M 2017

EURm, IFRS 2017 2016

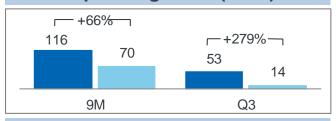
9M 2017 results severely impacted by NatCat events in Q3 2017

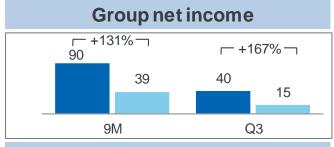


# 2 Segments – Retail Germany Division



### Operating result (EBIT)





#### Retention rate in %



#### Combined ratio in %



### RoE (ann.) in %



- Pleasing GWP growth in P/C segment, with the fourth quarterly growth in a row. At the same time, GWP reduction in the Life segment. In sum, 9M 2017 GWP slightly down
- Net underwriting in P/C markedly improved, more than offset by the decline in Life - the latter driven by higher RfB contribution mirroring the funding of the ZZR and by the policyholder participation in tax benefits. In total, net underwriting result down -6%
- Impact from KuRS costs affected the division in total by EUR 37m in 9M 2017 (9M 2016: 75m), the impact on EBIT was EUR 28m, significantly below the level of 9M 2016 (EUR 52m)
- As already mentioned in 6M 2017, EBIT was also burdened by the higher RfB allocation due to the pass-through of tax benefits to policyholders in Life. Nevertheless, divisional EBIT was up significantly due to the improved profitability in P/C business
- Divisional net income significantly up, predominantly reflecting the strong improvement in operating performance in P/C
- Significantly higher divisional RoE underpins that Retail Germany is well on track to increase profitability as targeted

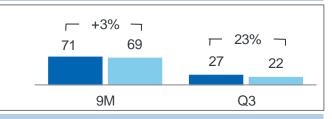
EURm, IFRS 2017 2016

P/C segment re-confirms return to growth mode - Profitability in division significantly up

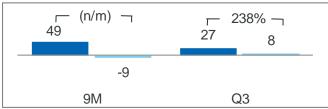
# 2 Segments – Retail Germany P/C



#### Investment income







#### Retention rate in %



#### Combined ratio in %



#### EBIT margin in %



- GWP up in 9M 2017 despite the shift of fleet business towards Industrial Lines (~EUR 26m impact, or 2.1%pts)
- Growth contribution from business with SMEs/selfemployed professionals, digital motor business as well as from bancassurance continued also in Q3
- Retail Germany P/C with top-line growth in the last four consecutive quarters
- Combined ratio further improved due to better claims experience, incl. lower NatCat losses; partly compensated by a higher cost ratio from the portfolio shift towards Non-Motor P/C as well as bancassurance; operating cost ratio reduced
- 9M 2017 combined ratio impacted by EUR 26m costs for KuRS programme (9M 2016: EUR 30m).
   Adjusting for this effect, 9M 2017 combined ratio continued to decline to 97.8% (9M 2016: 100.4%)
- 9M 2017 investment result up despite the slight decline in ordinary investment result
- Significantly positive EBIT development due to improvement in underwriting result and in the "other result". Please note that 9M 2016 had been burdened by ~EUR 20m KuRS restructuring provisions for personnel redundancies

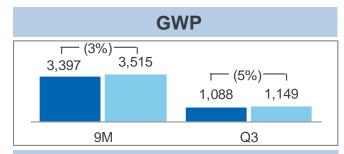
EURm, IFRS 2017 2016



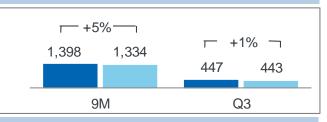
Significant EBIT improvement due to top-line growth, lower KuRS costs and improvement in underlying combined ratio

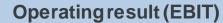


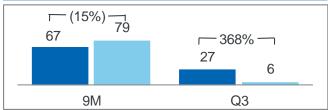
# 2 Segments – Retail Germany Life



#### Investment income







#### Retention rate in %



Rol in %



#### EBIT margin in %



- Life GWP with further decline due to the well-known phase-out of non-capital efficient Life products mainly in single-premium business, but also due to above-average expiry of Life insurance contracts; premiums in credit-life business and biometric products further up
- 9M 2017 investment result up, due to higher extraordinary gains, mainly to finance the ZZR.
   Ordinary result is ~3.7% below the level of 9M 2016
- 9M 2017 ZZR allocation according to HGB of EUR 598m. Total ZZR stock reached EUR 2.9bn, expected to rise to EUR 3.1bn until year-end 2017
- Underwriting result down by -9% mirroring the policyholder participation in investment gains and tax benefits
- EUR 9m cost impact from KuRS significantly lower compared to 9M 2016 (EUR 23m), but virtually irrelevant for the EBIT (due to policyholder participation)
- As already reported for 6M 2017 results, EBIT is negatively affected by a higher RfB allocation from a pass-through of tax benefits to policyholders that at the same time have a small positive net effect on net income

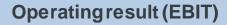
EURm, IFRS 2017 2016

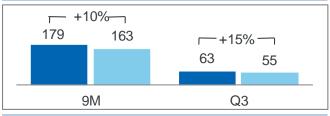


Profitability focus explains decline in non-capital efficient business - underlying profitability improved

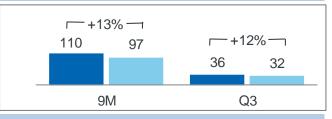
### 2 Segments – Retail International















#### Combined ratio in %



### RoE (ann.) in %



- 9M 2017 GWP up by +10.8%, slightly supported by currency tailwind, in Brazil and - to a minor extent in Chile and Poland. Currency headwind in Turkey and Mexico (9M 2017 GWP curr.- adj.:+9.3%)
- All core markets with underlying y/y growth in 9M 2017 and Q3 2017. Segment GWP in Q3 2017 up by +4.6% (curr.adj.: +5.2%). Hardening of Motor market in Poland continues, supporting strong GWP growth in P/C (9M 2017: +16.4%; curr. adj. 14.5%)
- 9M 2017 combined ratio improved by 1.1%pts y/y. Higher loss ratio overcompensated by 2.2%pts lower cost ratio, resulting from e.g. optimisation measures in Brazil ("GoDigital") and Poland, and from scale effects in Mexico
- 9M 2017 EBIT up by +9.9% y/y (Q3 2017: +14.6%), pre-dominantly driven by strong improvement in Poland and Mexico; EBIT growth momentum has increased in Q3 2017
- Positive contribution from newly consolidated CBA Vita. In sum, the consolidation of CBA Vita and deconsolidation of OpenLife with a net positive EURm effect (EBIT level)
- Group net income benefits both from the improved operating result and from the slightly lower tax rate

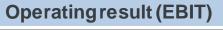
EURm, IFRS 2017 2016

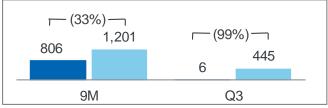


Strong top-line growth in P/C accompanied by a significant improvement in profitability

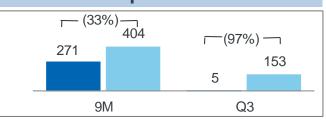
### Segments – Reinsurance Division











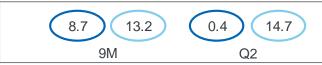




#### Combined ratio in %



### RoE (ann.) in %



- 9M 2017 GWP growth of +8.3% y/y (curr.-adj.: +9.5%)
- Accelerated growth in P/C Reinsurance (curr.adj: +16.1%) driven by new business in Structured Reinsurance. In L/H Reinsurance, top line growth (curr.-adj.: +0.7%) in line with expectations
- Net premium is up by +7.2% on a reported basis and grewing +8.4% on a currency-adjusted basis

- EBIT is impacted by high frequency and severity of large losses, but aided by a strong investment result
- In P/C Reinsurance, combined ratio slightly inflated mainly due to higher share of Structured Reinsurance
- In L/H Reinsurance, continuously higher than expected claims from legacy US mortality. Strong earnings growth from Financial solutions business

- Rol significantly up. Increased realised gains due to sale of listed equities (EUR 226m)
- RoE only slightly below our minimum target

EURm, IFRS 2017 2016



Q3 losses absorbed within quarterly earnings - positive Q3 result supported by sale of listed equities



# 3 Net investment income

### **Net investment income Talanx Group**

EUR m, IFRS	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change
Ordinary investmentincome	2,518	2,441	+3%
thereof current investment income from interest	2,025	2,055	(1%)
thereof profit/loss from shares in ass. companies	13	5	+160%
Realised net gains/losses on investments	889	547	+63%
Write-ups/w rite-dow ns on investments	(137)	(138)	(1%)
Unrealised net gains/losses on investments	45	59	(24%)
Investment expenses	(171)	(174)	(2%)
Income from investments under own management	3,145	2,735	+15%
Income from investment contracts	(2)	7	n/m
Interest income on funds withheld and contract deposits	168	239	(30%)
Total	3,311	2,981	+11%

#### **Comments**

- Ordinary investment income up by +3%. Investment result from real estate and other alternative investments are a major driver, overcompensating the effects from the low-interest environment
- Realised net investment gains up by ~EUR 340m y/y to EUR 889m in 9M 2017, to a large extent used to finance ZZR.
   9M 2017 ZZR allocation: EUR 598 vs. 9M 2016: EUR 502m.
   P/C Reinsurance with increased investment income from realisations
- 9M 2017 Rol up to 3.9% (9M 2016: 3.5%), also supported by EUR 226m capital gains from the disposal of the portfolio of listed equities in Reinsurance
- Significant decline in interest income on funds withheld and contract deposits due to the recapture of life reinsurance treaties

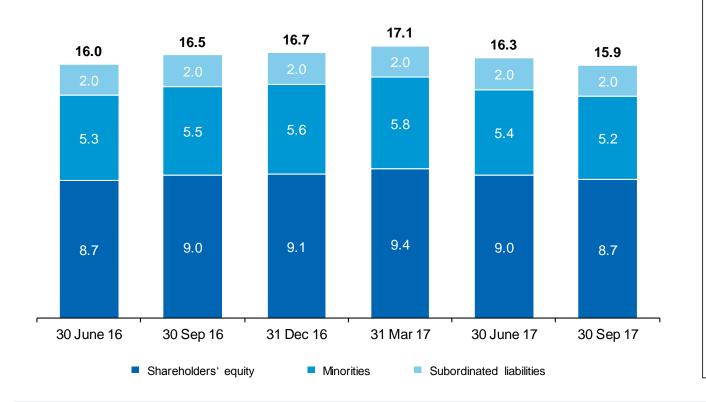


9M 2017 Rol of 3.9% significantly above FY2017 Outlook of "at least 3.0%" - supported by above-average realised gains



### 3 Equity and capitalisation – Our equity base

### Capital breakdown (EUR bn)



#### Comments

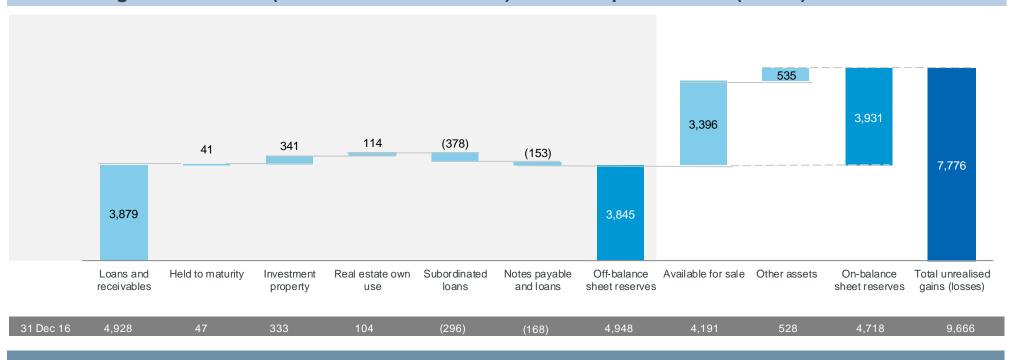
- Compared to the end of FY2016, shareholders' equity is down by EUR 361m to EUR 8,717m
- Book value per share was EUR 34.48 (FY2016: 35.91), NAV (excl. Goodwill) per share was EUR 30.33 (EUR 31.80)
- Off-balance sheet reserves amounted to EUR 208m (see next page), or EUR 0.82 per share (shareholder share only), neither included in book value nor in the NAV calculation

Shareholders' equity at EUR 8,717m, or EUR 34.48 per share



# 3 Equity and capitalisation – Unrealised gains

### Unrealised gains and losses (off- and on-balance sheet) as of 30 September 2017 (EURm)



#### Δ market value vs. book value

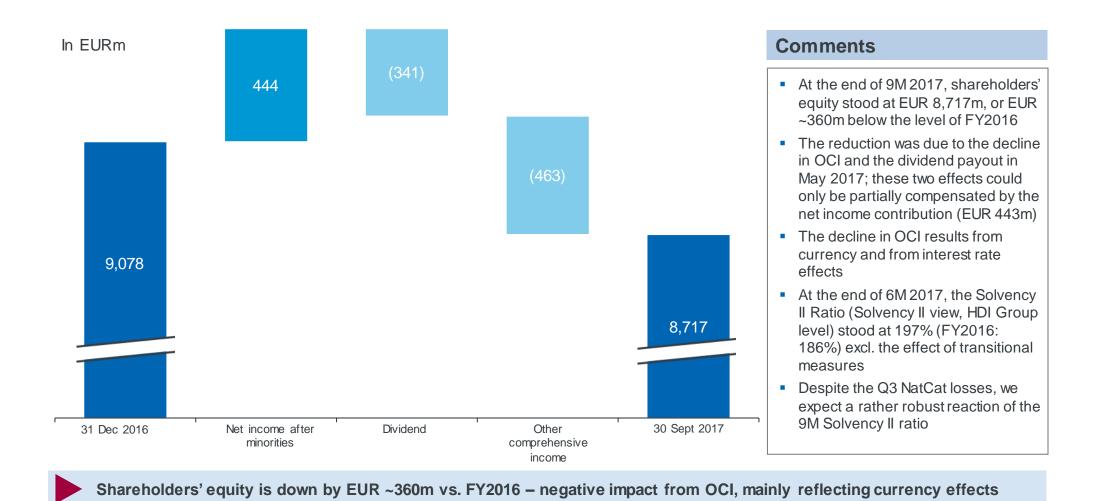
Note: Shareholder contribution estimated based on FY2015 profit sharing pattern



Off-balance sheet reserves of ~ EUR 3.8bn - EUR 208m (EUR 0.82 per share) attributable to shareholders (net of policyholders, taxes & minorities)

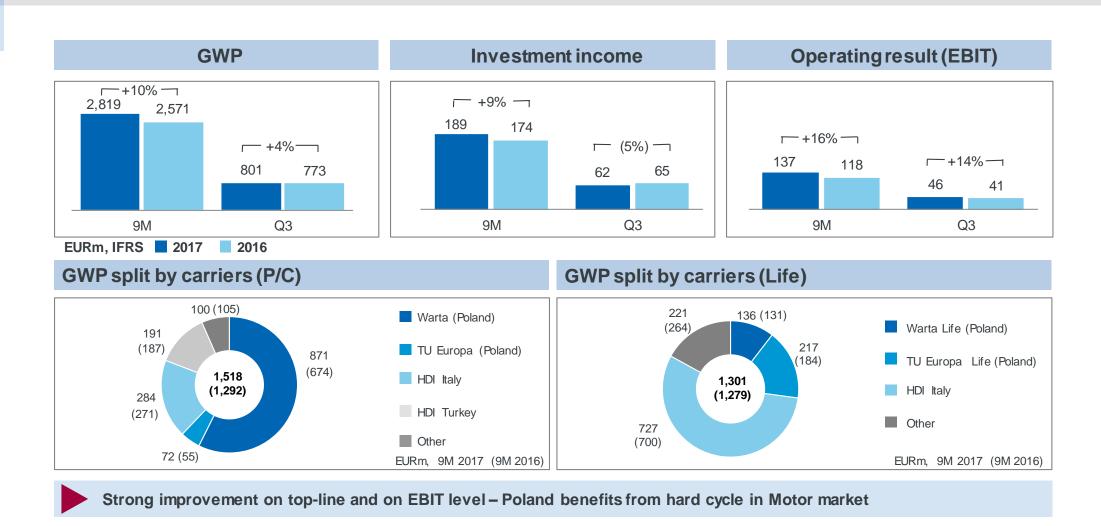


# 3 Equity and capitalisation – Contribution to change in equity



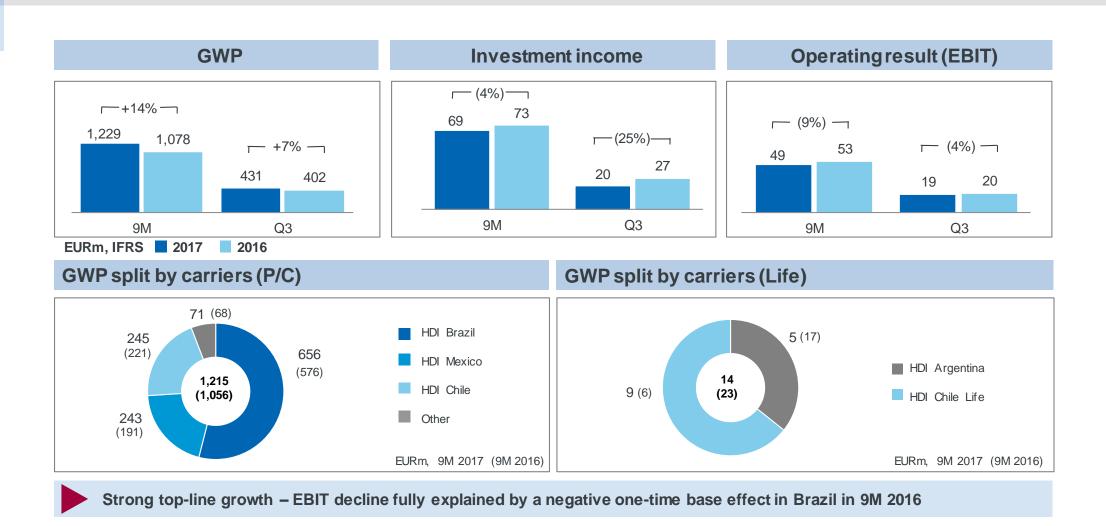


### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Retail International Europe: Key financials





### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Retail International LatAm: Key financials

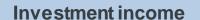


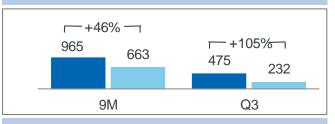


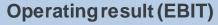
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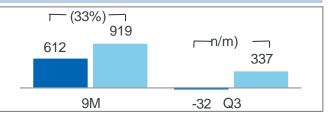
### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Segment P/C Reinsurance















#### Combined ratio in %



### EBIT margin in %<sup>1</sup>



- 9M 2017 GWP up by +15.2% y/y (curr.-adj.:+16.1%); growth mainly from Structured Reinsurance; diversified growth in other areas
- Net premium earned grew by +14.0% (curr.-adj.:+14.9%)

- Major losses of EUR 894m (13.2% of net premium earned) exceeded the budget by EUR 271m (or 4%pts)
- No changes in Ogden reserving (EUR 291m compensated by IBNR reserves). Reserve redundancies unchanced at Q2 level
- Investment income positively inpacted by realisation of valuation reserves in equities of EUR 226m

- Other income and expenses mainly impacted by negative currency effects
- 9M 2017 EBIT margin<sup>1</sup> of 9.1% (9M 2016: 15.5%) below target of 10%
- Low tax ratio due to tax-reduced gains from disposal of listed equities

<sup>1</sup> EBIT margin reflects a Talanx Group view **EURm, IFRS 2017 2016** 

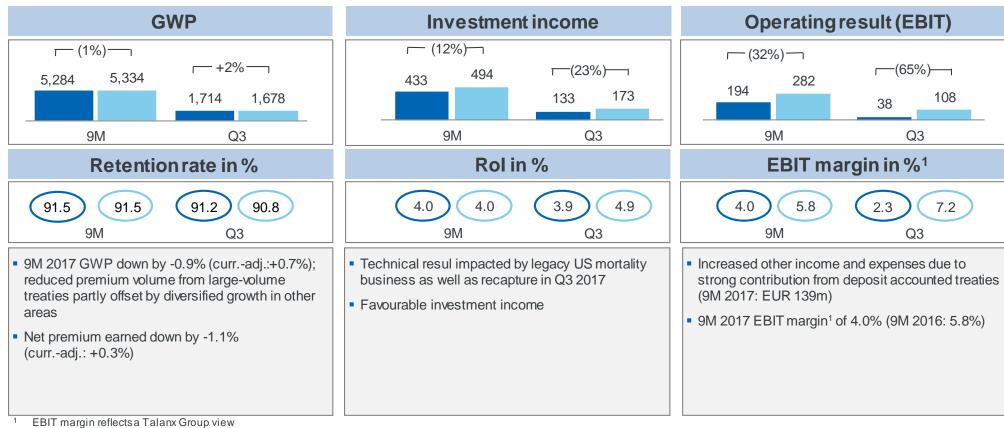


EBIT margin of 9.1% despite NatCat frequency – Moderate underwriting loss, mitigated by favorable investment income



# 5

### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Segment Life/Health Reinsurance



EBIT margin reflects a Talanx Group view **EURm, IFRS** 2017 2016



Profitability in Life/Health segment negatively impacted by US mortality



### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Segments

Industrial Lines			S	Reta	il Germany F	P/C	Retail Germany Life		
EURm, IFRS	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change
P&L						J			
Gross written premium	3,536	3,390	+4%	1,284	1,260	+2%	3,397	3,515	(3%)
Net premium earned	1,764	1,630	+8%	1,049	1,049	+0%	2,493	2,557	(3%)
Net underwriting result	(179)	33	n/m	2	(33)	n/m	(1,310)	(1,206)	n/m
Net investment income	203	165	+23%	71	69	+3%	1,398	1,334	+5%
Operating result (EBIT)	25	204	(88%)	49	(9)	n/m	67	79	(15%)
Net income after minorities	14	132	(89%)	n/a	n/a	n/m	n/a	n/a	n/m
Key ratios									
Combined ratio non-life insurance and reinsurance	110.1% <sup>1</sup>	98.0%	12.1%pts	100.3% <sup>2</sup>	103.2%	(2.9%)pts	-	-	-
Expense ratio	22.1%	22.4%	(0.3%)pts	36.1%	34.9%	1.2%pts	-	-	-
Loss ratio	88.1%	75.6%	12.5%pts	64.1%	68.3%	(4.2%)pts	-	-	-
Return on investment	3.5%	2.8%	0.7%pts	2.4%	2.4%	0.0%pts	4.1%	4.0%	0.1%pts

<sup>1</sup> Q3 2017 combined ratio: 135.0% (Q3 2016: 98.4%), expense ratio: 23.7% (24.0%), loss ratio: 111.2% (74.4%)



<sup>2</sup> Q3 2017 combined ratio: 98.1% (Q3 2016: 100.3%), expense ratio: 35.4% (34.2%), loss ratio: 62.7% (66.1%)

### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Segments

	Retail International			P/C	P/C Reinsurance			Life/Health Reinsurance			Group		
EURm, IFRS	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change	9M 2017	9M 2016	Change	
P&L													
Gross written premium	4,065	3,669	+11%	8,200	7,121	+15%	5,284	5,334	(1%)	25,239	23,749	+6%	
Net premium earned	3,422	3,099	+10%	6,754	5,925	+14%	4,787	4,841	(1%)	20,284	19,134	+6%	
Net underwriting result	31	(3)	n/m	(306)	274	n/m	(363)	(237)	n/m	(2,120)	(1,168)	n/m	
Net investment income	255	244	+5%	965	663	+46%	433	494	(12%)	3,311	2,981	+11%	
Operating result (EBIT)	179	163	+10%	612	919	(33%)	194	282	(31%)	1,104	1,651	(33%)	
Net income after minorities	110	97	+13%	n/a	n/a	n/m	n/a	n/a	n/m	444	636	(30%)	
<b>Key ratios</b>													
Combined ratio non-life insurance and reinsurance	95.9% <sup>1</sup>	97.0%	(1.1%)pts	104.3% <sup>2</sup>	95.1%	9.2%pts	-	-	-	103.1% <sup>3</sup>	96.6%	6.5%pts	
Expense ratio	29.0%	31.1%	(2.1%)pts	28.1%	27.6%	0.5%pts	-	-	-	28.0%	28.2%	(0.2%)pts	
Loss ratio	67.0%	65.8%	1.2pts	76.5%	67.7%	8.8%pts	-	-	-	75.2%	68.6%	6.6%pts	
Return on investment	3.6%	3.7%	(0.1%)pts	4.0%	2.8%	1.2%pts	4.0%	4.0%	0.0%pts	3.9%	3.5%	0.4%pts	

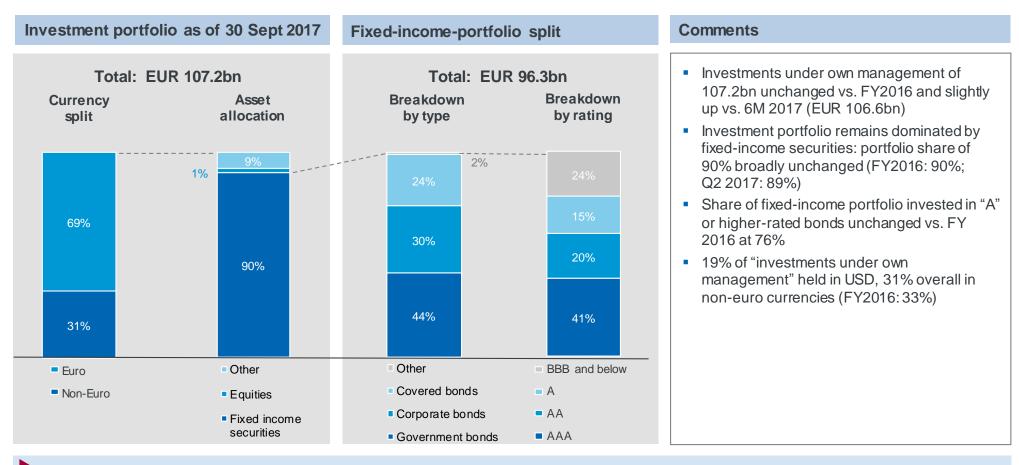
<sup>1</sup> Q3 2017 combined ratio: 94.9% (Q3 2016: 98.0%), expense ratio: 27.7% (30.6%), loss ratio: 67.2% (67.4%)



<sup>2</sup> Q3 2017 combined ratio: 104.3% (Q3 2016: 95.1%), expense ratio: 28.1% (27.6%), loss ratio: 76.5% (67.7%)

<sup>3</sup> Q3 2017 combined ratio: 114.4% (Q3 2016: 96.4%), expense ratio: 27.3% (28.1%), loss ratio: 87.4% (68.5%)

### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Breakdown of investment portfolio



Investment strategy unchanged – portfolio remains dominated by strongly rated fixed-income securities



5

# 9M 2017 Additional Information – Details on selected fixed-income country exposure

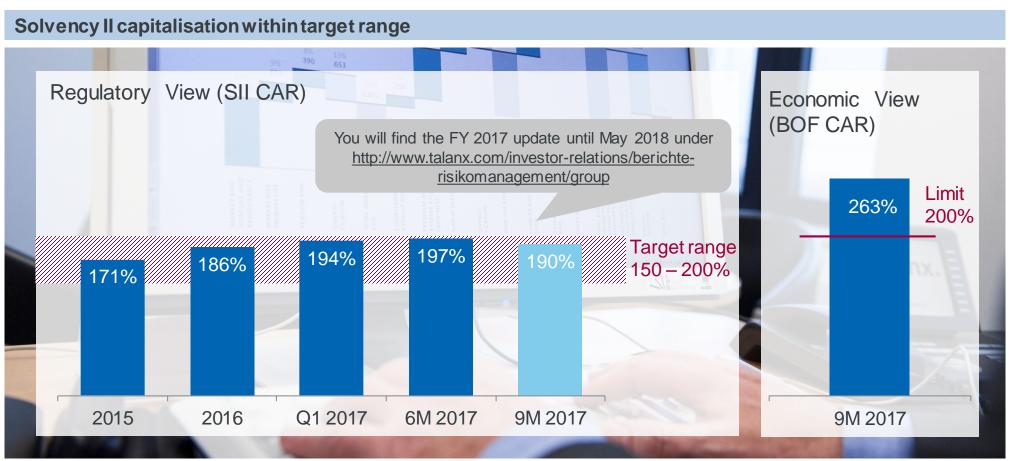
### Investments into issuers from countries with a rating below A-1 (in EURm)

Country	Rating	Sovereign	Semi- Sovereign	Financial	Corporate	Covered	Other	Total
Italy	BBB	2,221	-	629	597	432	-	3,879
Spain	BBB+	719	423	200	437	270	-	2,049
Brazil	ВВ	249	-	79	327	-	6	662
Mexico	BBB+	135	4	38	227	-	-	404
Hungary	BBB-	478	-	0	9	23	-	510
Russia	BB+	195	12	44	179	-	-	430
South Africa	BBB-	135	2	9	62	-	5	213
Portugal	BB+	45	-	6	77	37	-	166
Turkey	BB+	16	-	25	18	3	-	62
Greece	CCC	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other BBB+		14	-	28	63	-	-	105
Other BBB		96	44	63	50	-	-	252
Other <bbb< td=""><td></td><td>195</td><td>17</td><td>79</td><td>172</td><td>-</td><td>259</td><td>721</td></bbb<>		195	17	79	172	-	259	721
Total		4,497	502	1,200	2,217	766	270	9,453
In % of total investments under own ma	anagement	4.2%	0.5%	1.1%	2.1%	0.7%	0.3%	8.8%
In % of total Group assets		2.9%	0.3%	0.8%	1.4%	0.5%	0.2%	6.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Investment under own management



### 9M 2017 Additional Information – Solvency II capital



Note: Solvency II ratio relatesto HDI V.a.G. as the regulated entity. The chart does not contain the effect of transitional measures. Solvency II ratio including transitional measures for FY2016 was at 236% (9M 2017: 237%)



### 5 Financial Calendar and Contacts



- 19 March 2018 Annual Report 2017
- 8 May 2018
   Annual General Meeting
- 11 May 2018
   Quarterly Statement as at 30 March 2018



From left to right: Alexander Grabenhorst (Equity & Debt IR), Anna Färber (Team Assistant), Carsten Werle (Head of IR), Wiebke Großheim (Roadshows & Conferences, IR webpage), Hannes Meyburg (Ratings); Alexander Zessel (Ratings), Marcus Sander (Equity & Debt IR); not in the picture: Nicole Tadje (Strategic IR & Projects)

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Guideline on Alternative Performance Measures - For further information on the calculation and definition of specific Alternative Performance Measures please refer to the Annual Report 2016 Chapter "Enterprise management", pp. 23 and the following, the "Glossary and definition of key figures" on page 256 as well as our homepage <a href="http://www.talanx.com/investor-relations/ueberblick/midterm-targets/definitions\_apm.aspx">http://www.talanx.com/investor-relations/ueberblick/midterm-targets/definitions\_apm.aspx</a>

