



tal anx.
Insurance. Investments.

US Roadshow

Dr Immo Querner, CFO
July 2019

Agenda

I CMD: Group Strategy

II CMD: Group Financials

III Q1 2019 results

Key messages

- We **strengthen**: entrepreneurial culture, B2B focus and portfolio diversification
- We **develop**: enhanced capital management, focused divisional strategies and digital transformation
- We **commit** to ...
 - an increased **RoE** of ≥ 800 bps above risk-free
 - annual **EPS** growth $\geq 5\%$ on average
 - 35% to 45% **payout of IFRS earnings** with DPS at least stable y/y

Note: Targets are relevant as of FY2019. EPS growth CAGR until 2022 (base level: original Group net income Outlook of ~EUR 850m for 2018). The risk-free rate is defined as the 5-year rolling average of the 10-year German Bund yield. Targets are subject to large losses staying within their respective annual large-loss budgets as well as no major turmoil on currency and/or capital markets

Strengthen and develop – Turning our roots into a foundation for future success

Strengthen

- 1 Entrepreneurial culture
- 2 B2B focus
- 3 Diversified portfolio

Develop

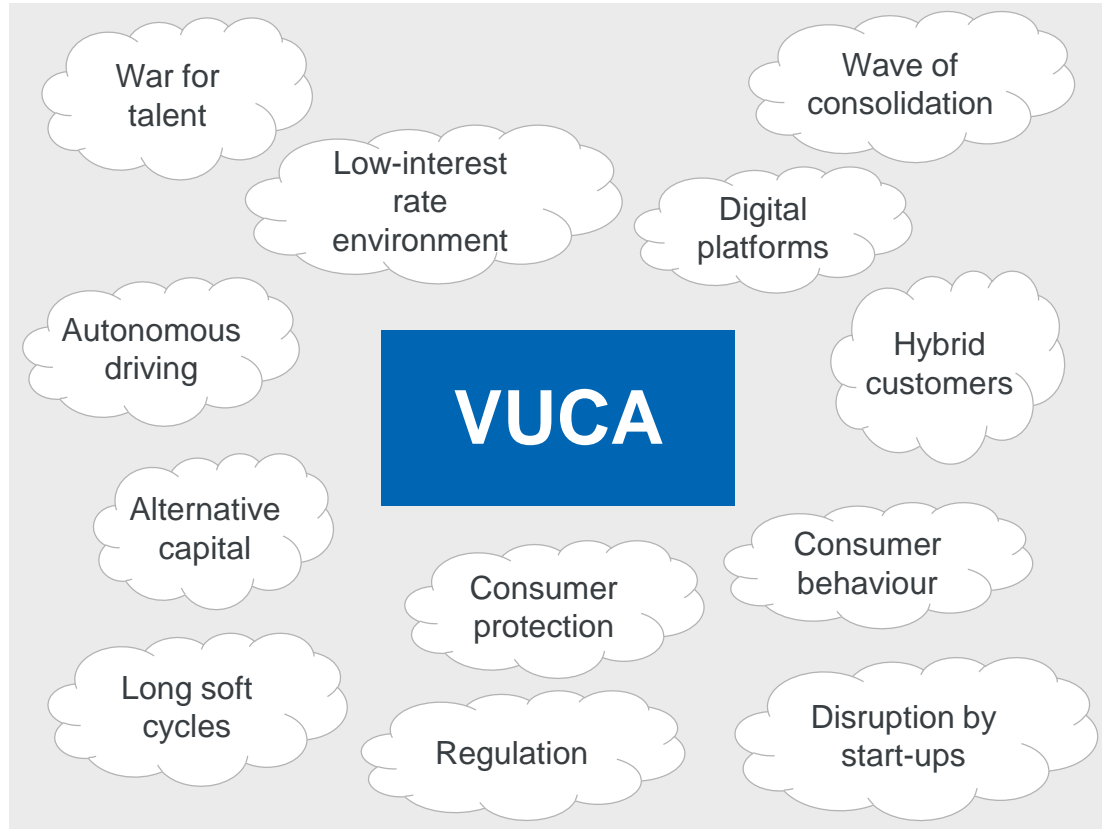
- 1 Enhanced capital management
- 2 Focused divisional strategies
- 3 Digital transformation

Traditionally different

Strengthen

We approach the VUCA world from a position of strength

Volatility **U**ncertainty **C**omplexity **A**mbiguity

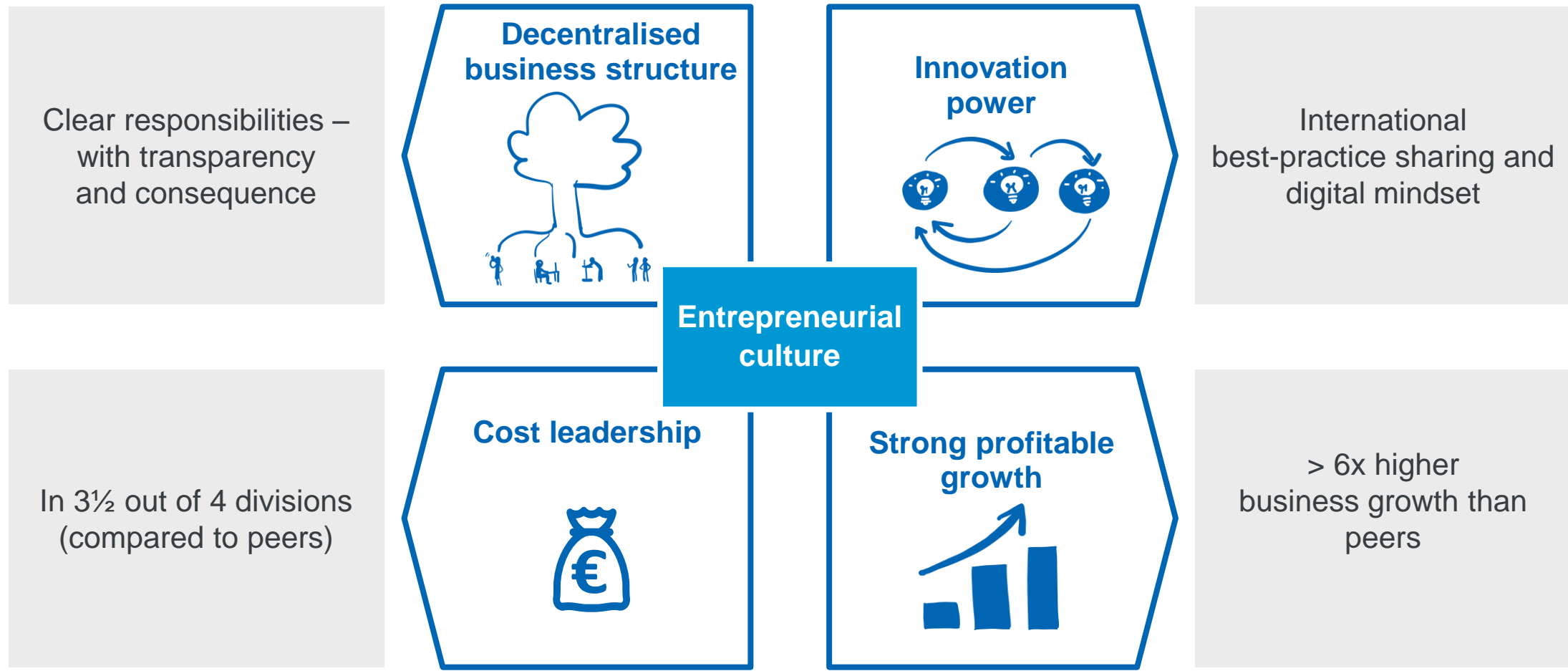


Our answer: reinforcing our strengths

- 1 Entrepreneurial culture
- 2 B2B focus
- 3 Diversified portfolio

1 Strengthen – Entrepreneurial culture

Our entrepreneurial culture as basis for continued growth and cost leadership



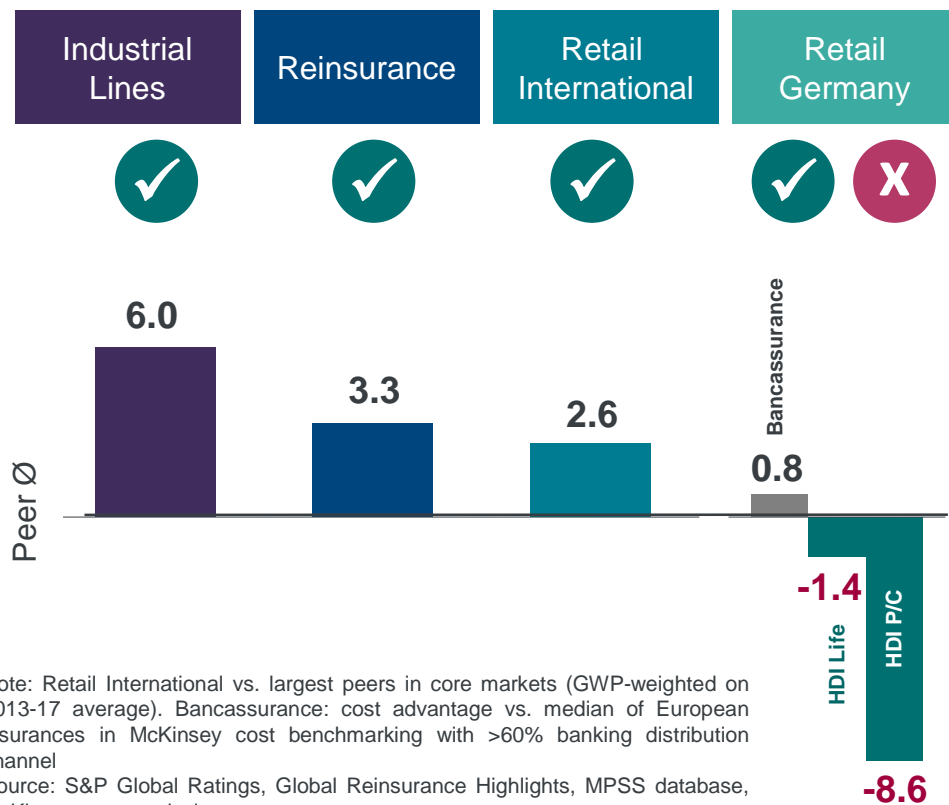
Note: Business growth defined as GWP CAGR for 2013-2017. Talanx Peer group consists of Allianz, AXA, Generali, Mapfre, Munich Re, Swiss Re, VIG and Zurich (throughout this document if not stated differently)

1 Strengthen – Entrepreneurial culture

Entrepreneurial culture – Basis for cost leadership and profitable growth ...

Cost leadership in 3½ out of 4 divisions

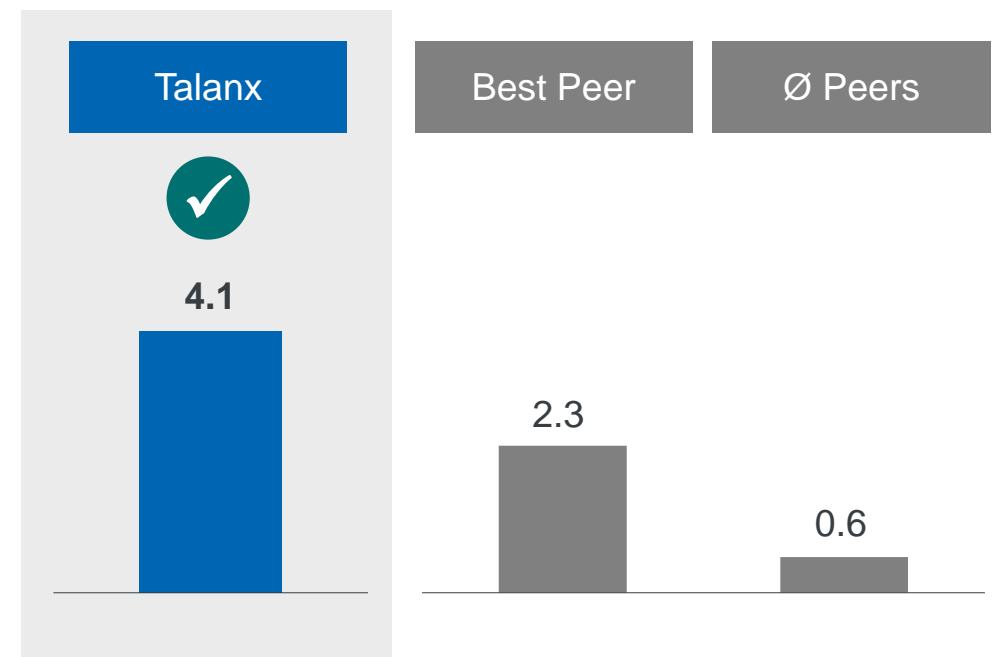
Cost ratio advantage (net) of divisions compared to peer Ø (2013 – 17) (in %-pt)



Note: Retail International vs. largest peers in core markets (GWP-weighted on 2013-17 average). Bancassurance: cost advantage vs. median of European insurances in McKinsey cost benchmarking with >60% banking distribution channel
 Source: S&P Global Ratings, Global Reinsurance Highlights, MPSS database, McKinsey; own analysis

> 6x higher business growth than peers

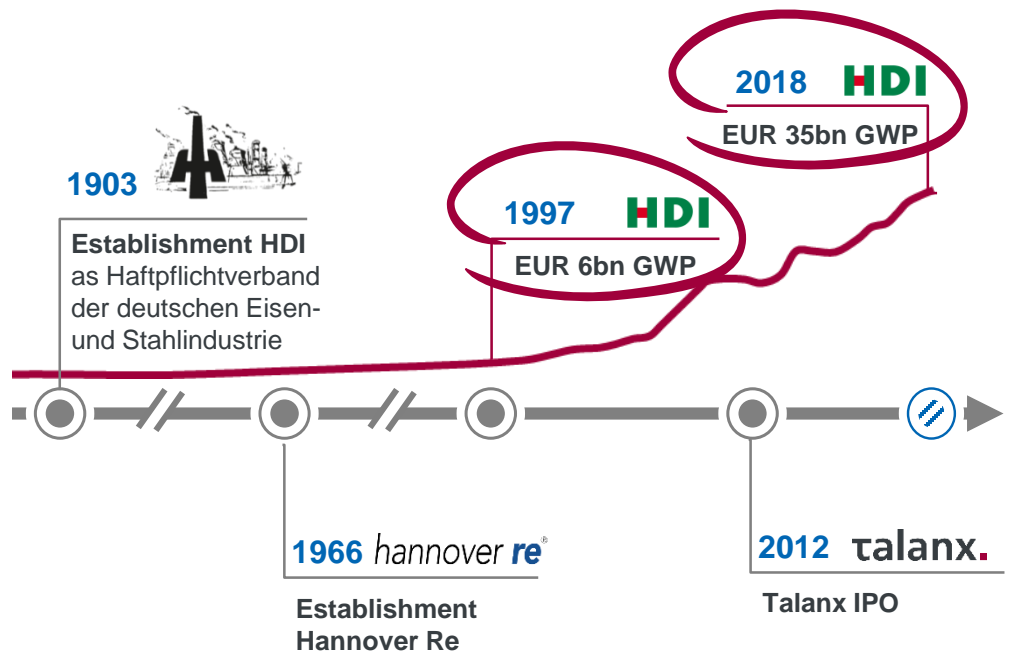
GWP CAGR 2013 – 17 (in %)



Note: Peer average GWP-weighted. Own calculations based on Annual Reports

1 Strengthen – Entrepreneurial culture
 ... leading to #7 market position in Europe

115 years of successful HDI/Talanx history



Talanx ranked at #7 in Top 10 European insurers

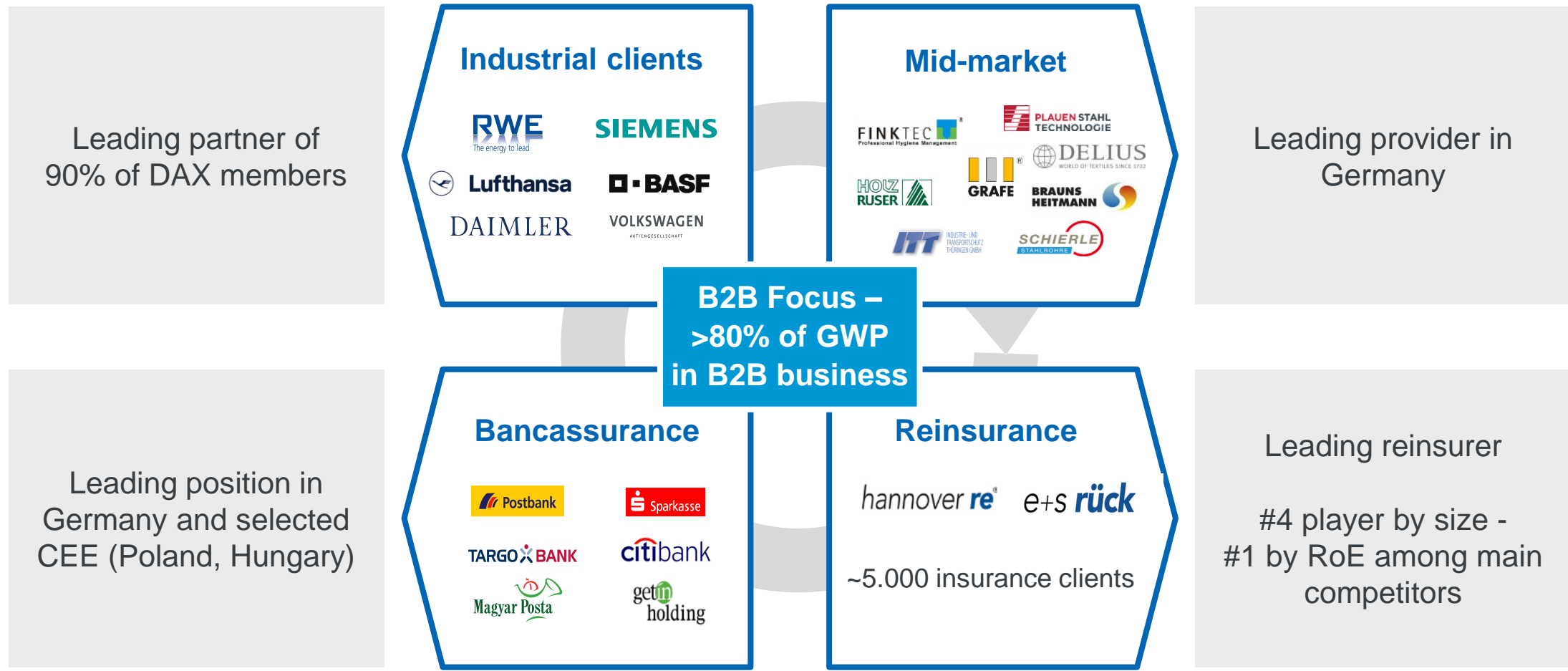
GWP 2018, in EURbn

#1		96.3
#2	Allianz	77.8
#3		66.7
#4		53.2
#5	Munich RE	49.1
#6		46.0
#7	talanx.	34.9
#8		32.4
#9		32.3
#10		31.8

Note: Prudential data based on earned GWP

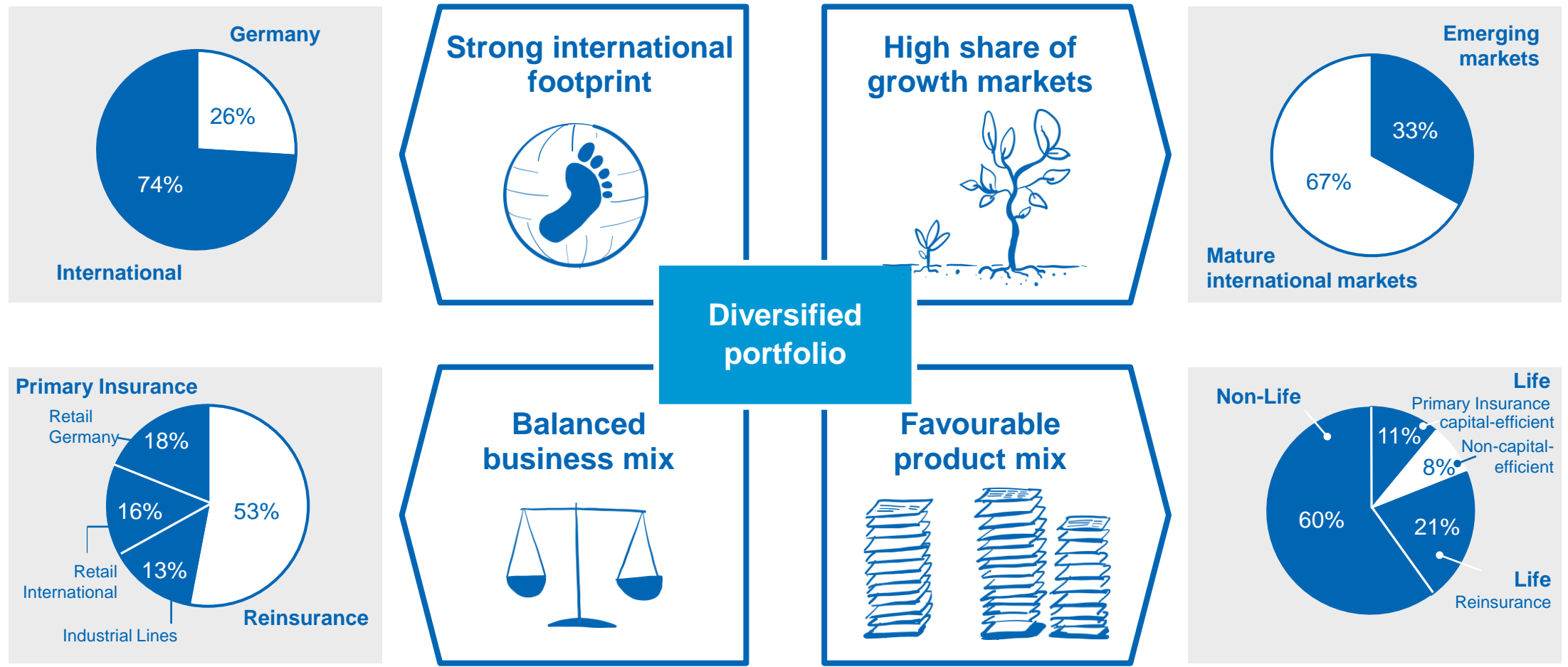
2 Strengthen – B2B focus

Our unique B2B customer focus positions us well



3 Strengthen – Diversified portfolio

Our diversified portfolio as basis for proven earnings resilience



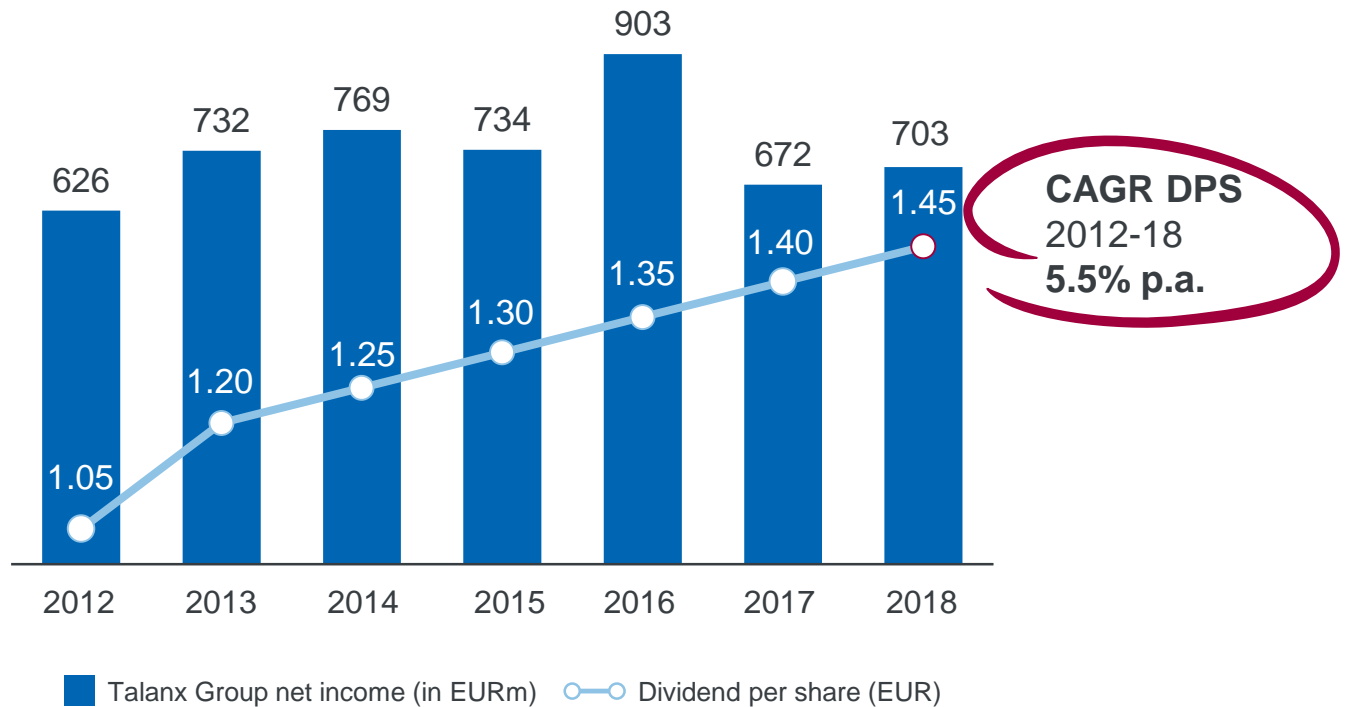
Note: All figures refer to GWP 2017 of Talanx Group; growth market split refers to international portfolio only

Strengthen

Outcome – Proven earnings resilience backing our sustainable payout policy

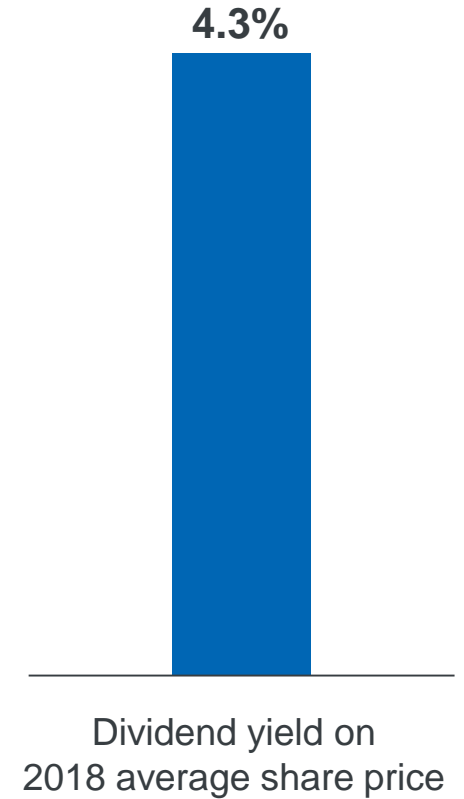
Sustainable earnings and payout policy

Talanx IFRS net income and dividend (per share)



Note: Net income of Talanx after minorities, after tax based on restated figures as shown in annual reports 2012–2018; all numbers according to IFRS

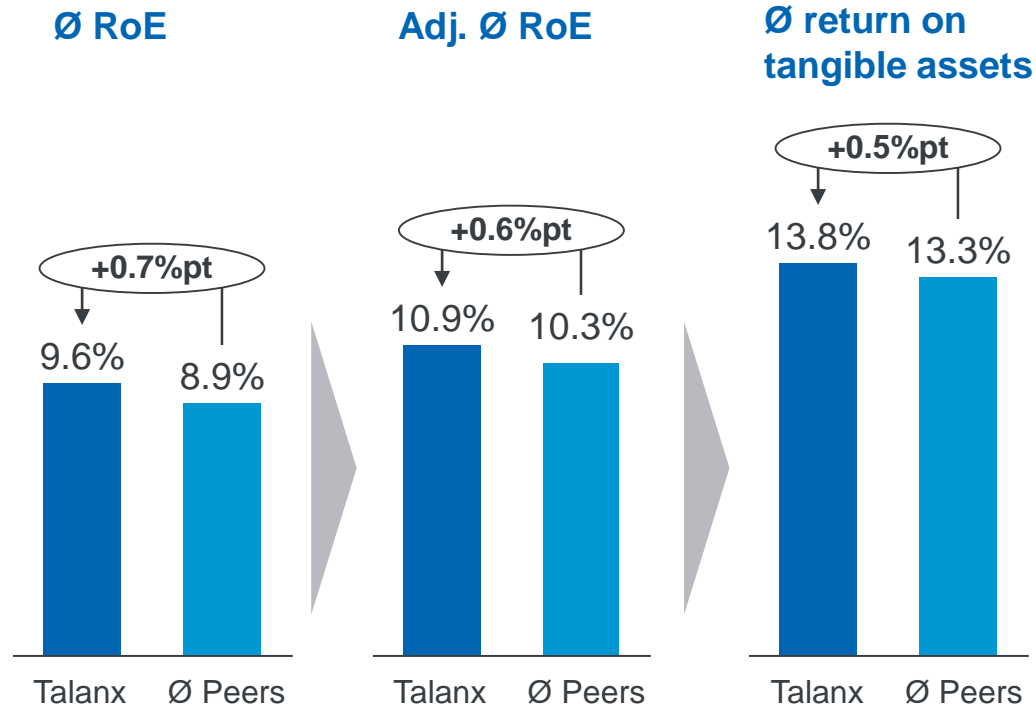
Dividend yield



Strengthen

Outcome – In the past, Talanx with strong track record and favourable risk-return profile...

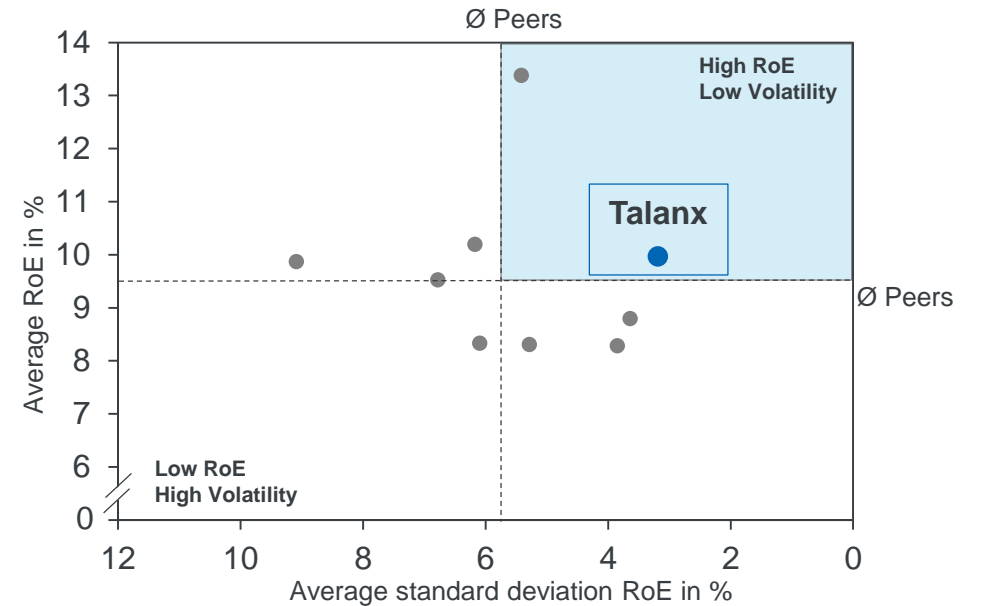
RoE above peer average



Note: All figures 2012-2017.
 Adj. average RoE: own calculation based on the ratio of net income (excl. minorities) and average shareholders' equity excluding average unrealised gains & losses based on available peer data. Average return on tangible asset: own calculation based on the ratio of net income (excl. minorities) and average shareholder's equity excluding average goodwill and average other intangible assets
 Peer group: Allianz, Munich Re, AXA, Zürich, Generali, Mapfre, VIG, Swiss Re
 Source: Financial reports of peers, FactSet and own calculations

Favourable risk-return profile

Average Return on Equity compared to peers (2001-2017)

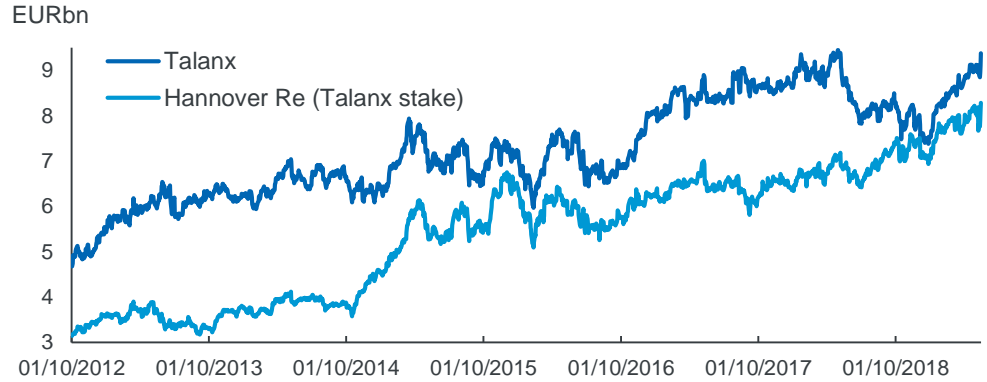


Note: Own calculations. RoE based on the ratio of net income (excl. minorities) and average shareholders' equity
 Source: RoE 2001-2010 KPMG; 2011-2017 annual reports

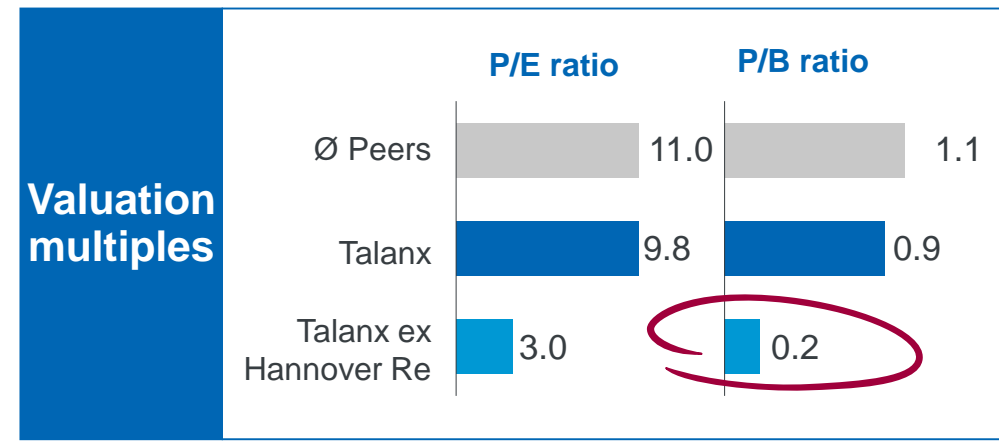
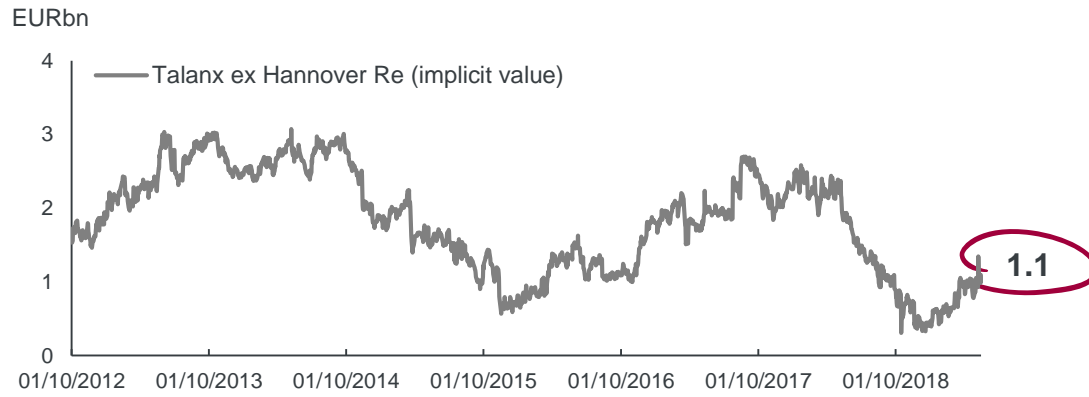
Develop

...however, cautious valuation of Talanx ex Hannover Re

Market cap development



Implicit market cap Talanx ex Hannover Re stake



Note: Multiples as of 22 May 2019 and based on sell-side estimates as collected by Talanx. The P/E ratio refers to the 2019E median for EPS, the P/B ratio refers to the 2019E shareholders' equity

Develop Talanx's ambition – Three areas to develop

Strengthen

- 1 Entrepreneurial culture
- 2 B2B focus
- 3 Diversified portfolio

Develop

- 1 Enhanced capital management
- 2 Focused divisional strategies
- 3 Digital transformation



Traditionally different

Develop Talanx's ambition 2022



1 Develop – Enhanced capital management

Our Capital Management Strategy

Enhanced Capital Management

<p>How to spend it</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sustainable dividend growth ▪ Stringent capital allocation to support profitable organic growth ▪ Disciplined M&A approach
<p>How to get it</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reduce local excess capital ▪ Increase cash upstream ▪ Bundling reinsurance at Group level

<p>1</p>	<p>Attractive dividend payout ratio with DPS y/y at least stable</p>	<p>35-45%</p>
<p>2</p>	<p>Stringent capital manager</p>	<p>RoE ≥ CoE</p>
<p>3</p>	<p>Upstream of excess capital</p>	<p>~350m</p>
<p>4</p>	<p>Increase remittance ratio</p>	<p>50-60%</p>

Note: Target dividend coverage ratio (available cash fund divided by target dividend level) is ~1.5-2 times actual dividend

1 Develop – Enhanced capital management

How to spend it – Allocate capital to support profitable organic growth

Return on Equity / GWP



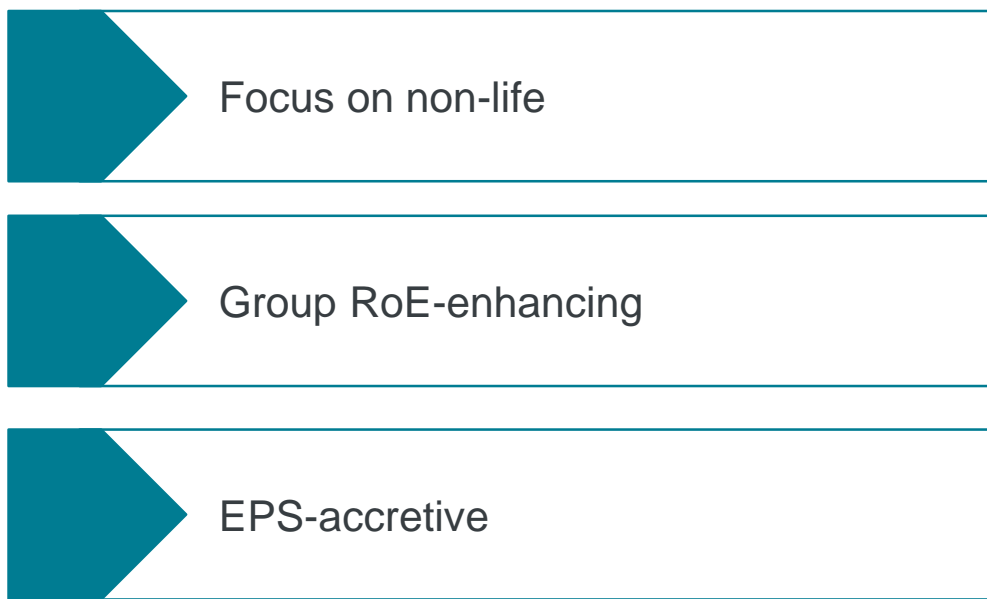
Consequent and efficient capital allocation in high RoE business...

... supports strong and profitable growth

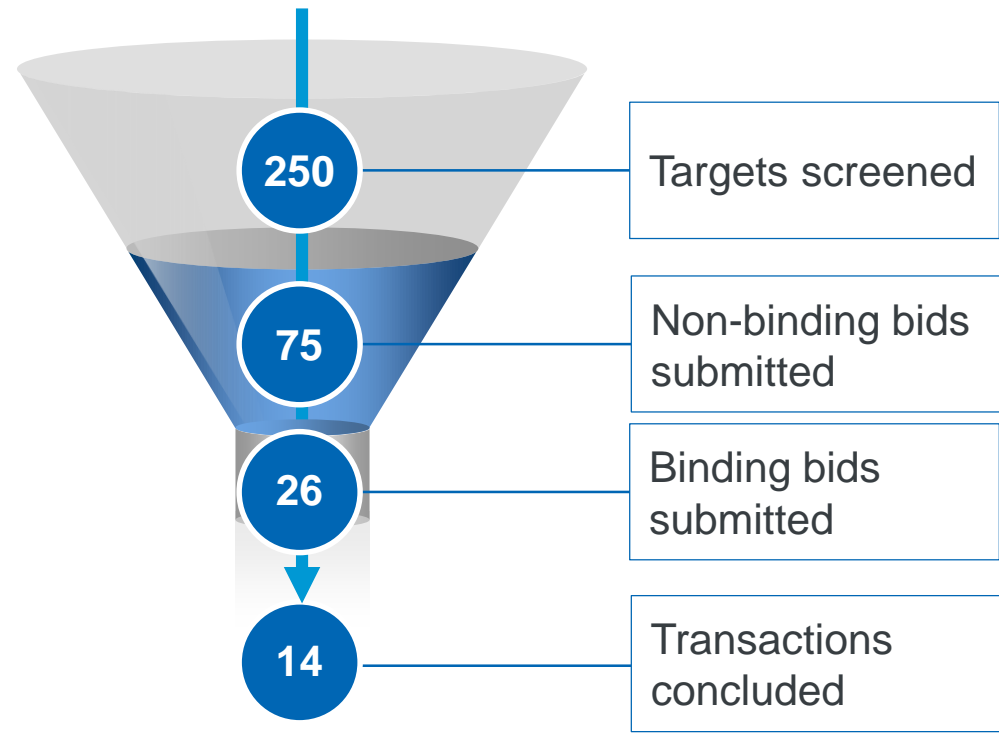
Note: Bubble size: attributed equity capital 2017 in m EUR; figures in bubbles refer to change in attributed equity excl. minorities (2017 vs. 2012)

1 Develop – Enhanced capital management How to spend it – Disciplined M&A approach

Our M&A criteria



Disciplined M&A activity (since 2011)



Note: "EPS-accretive" refers to an increase of Talanx's earnings per share

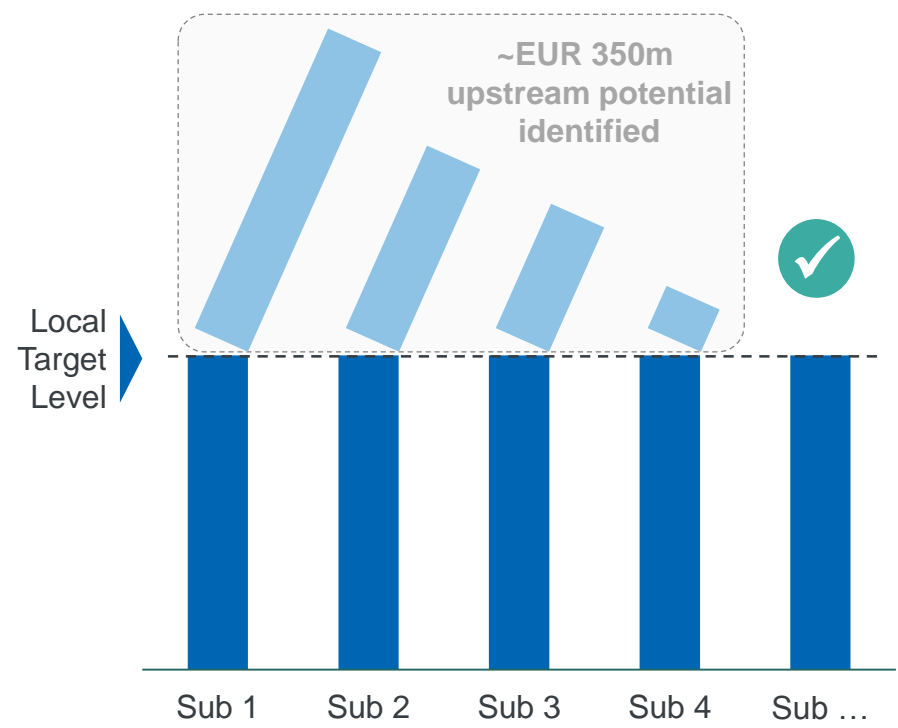
1 Develop – Enhanced capital management

How to get it – Reduce local excess capital and increase cash upstream

Reduce local excess capital

Solvency ratio (%)

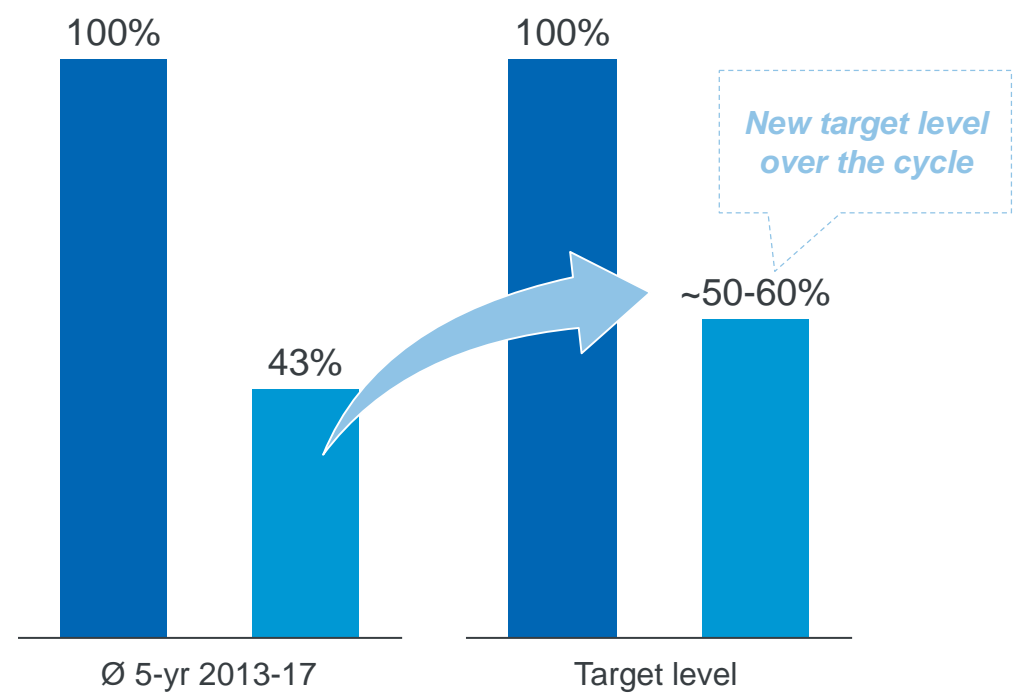
Illustrative



Increase cash upstream to Talanx Group

Ø 5-yr remittance ratio (2013-17)

IFRS Group net income Remittance from affiliated companies

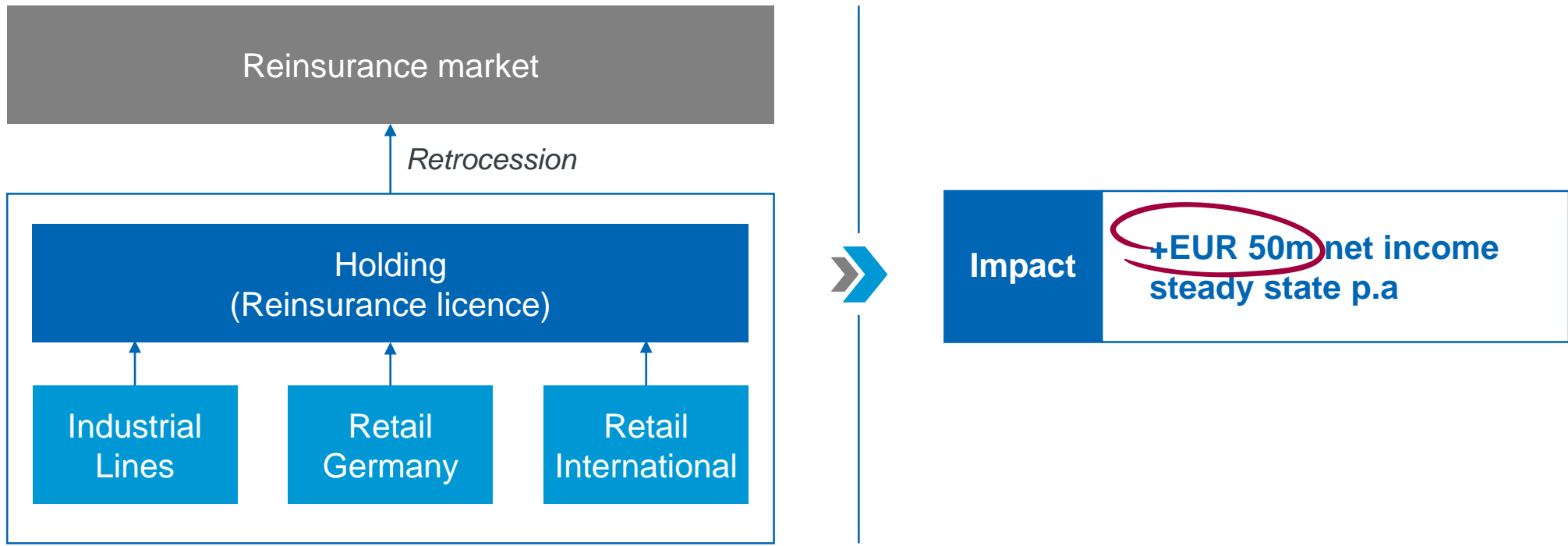


1 Develop – Enhanced capital management

How to get it – Bundling reinsurance at Group level to leverage diversification

Bundling reinsurance at Group level

Illustrative



2 Develop – Focused divisional strategies Industrial Lines

Stock take

Leading	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Customer focus and claims management ▪ International Programmes ▪ Cost leadership
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Lagging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Profitability in Fire business – Balanced Book not sufficient ▪ Untapped growth potential in foreign markets and in Specialty
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Focus and mid-term ambition

Focus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Bring CoR in Fire to well below 100% until 2020 (“20/20/20”) ▪ Continue profitable foreign growth ▪ Growth initiative in Specialty ▪ Drive digital transformation
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	<p>RoE Ambition</p> <div style="display: inline-block; background-color: #0056b3; color: white; border-radius: 50%; padding: 10px 20px; margin-left: 20px;">8-10%</div>
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2 Develop – Focused divisional strategies Retail International

Stock take


Leading	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Entrepreneurial culture and digital leadership▪ Strong track record in M&A▪ Cost leadership
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Lagging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Top 5 position not yet achieved in all core markets▪ Dependency on Poland, Brazil and Italy results
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Focus and mid-term ambition

Focus	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Focus on top 5 positions in 5 core markets▪ Disciplined organic and inorganic growth with focus on profitability▪ Leveraging digital leadership
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	RoE ambition	10-11%
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2 Develop – Focused divisional strategies Retail Germany

Stock take


Leading	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Leading player in Bancassurance▪ Experienced employee benefits player▪ Strong B2B position for P/C SME
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Lagging	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Cost level (HDI P/C and Life)▪ Legacy IT systems
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Focus and mid-term ambition

Focus	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Delivery on KuRS targets until 2021▪ Growth initiative in SME▪ Drive digital transformation
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	RoE ambition	7-8%
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2 Develop – Focused divisional strategies

Reinsurance

Stock take

Leading	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cost leadership ▪ Top profitability ▪ Consistent underwriting approach ▪ Efficient tailor-made solutions
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Lagging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Profitability of US mortality business
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Focus and mid-term ambition

Focus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Focus on reinsurance ▪ Maintain competitive (cost) advantage ▪ Solution-oriented innovative reinsurer ▪ Drive digital transformation
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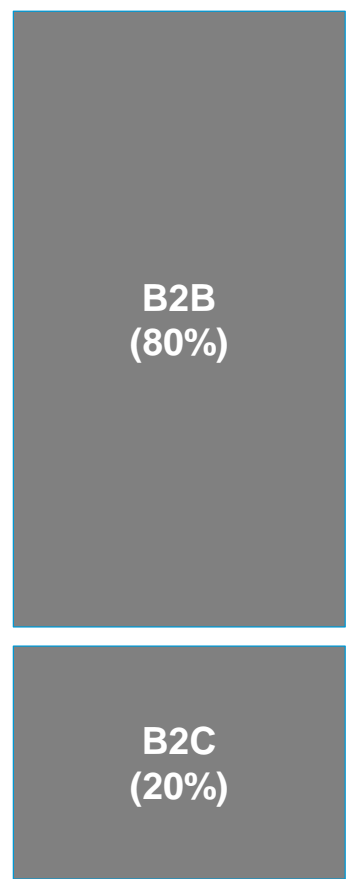
	<p>RoE ambition</p> <div style="display: inline-block; background-color: #0056b3; color: white; border-radius: 50%; padding: 10px 20px; margin-left: 20px;"> <p>≥ 10%</p> </div>
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Note: RoE target of ≥900bps + risk-free

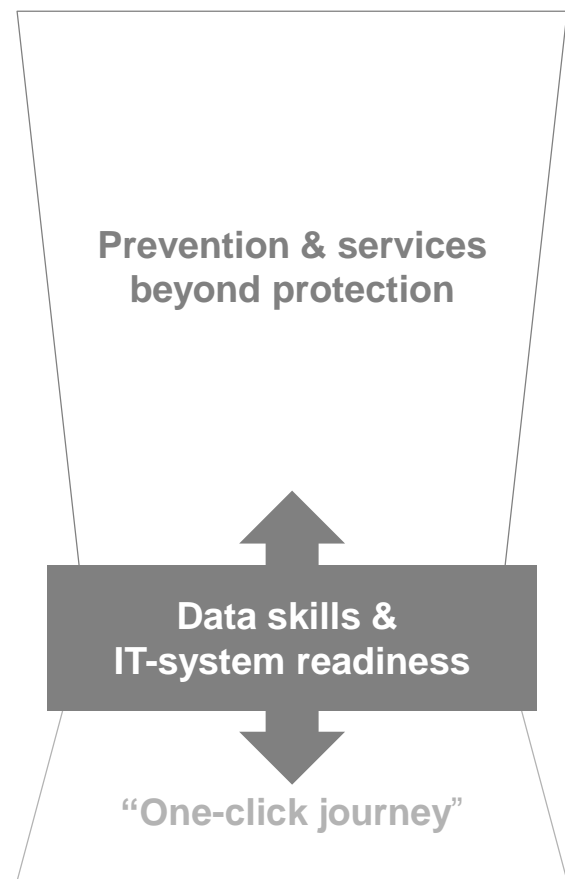
3 Develop – Digital transformation

Digitalisation@Talanx – Clear focus to extend our digital value proposition

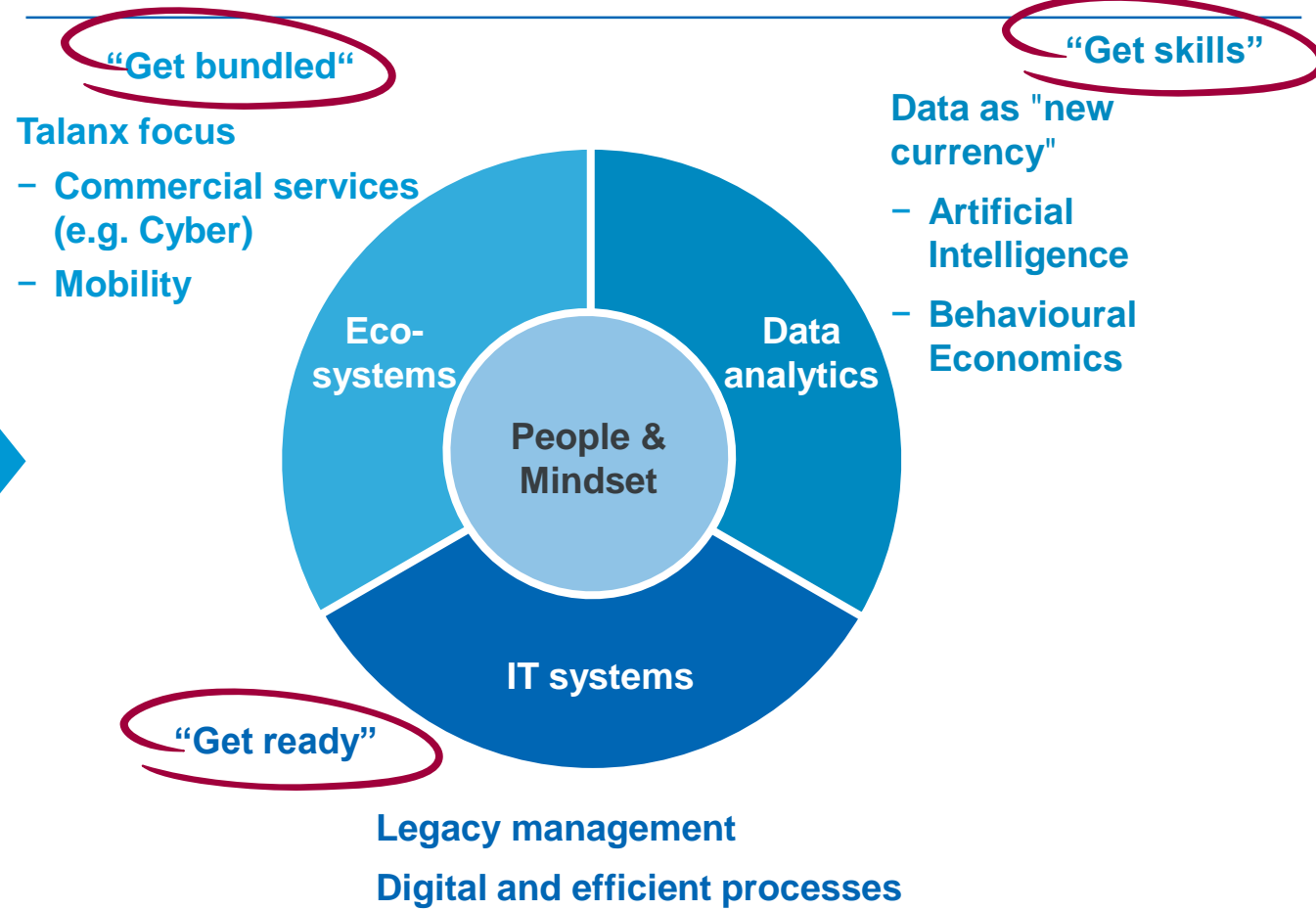
Our footprint



Key success factors



Our focussed approach

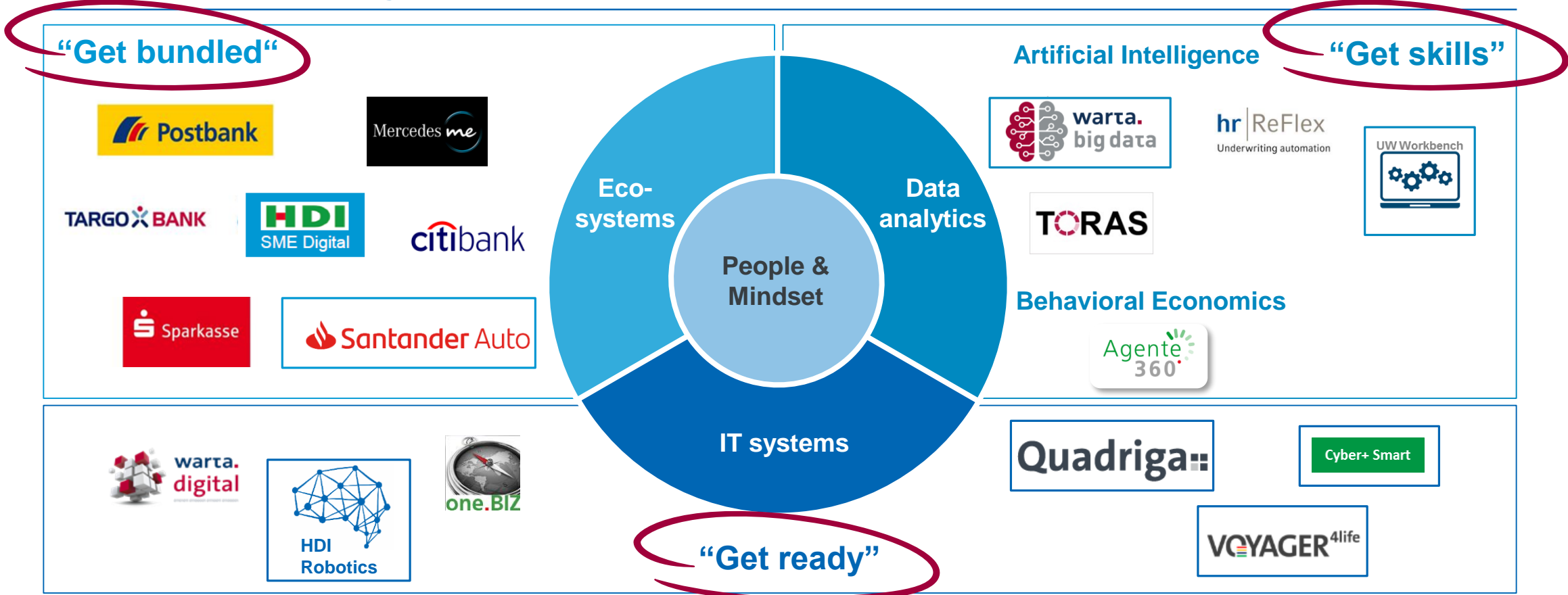


Note: Commercial services and mobility represent ~50% of insurer-relevant ecosystems (McKinsey)

3 Develop – Digital transformation

Digitalisation@Talanx – Divisions drive digitalisation as top management priority

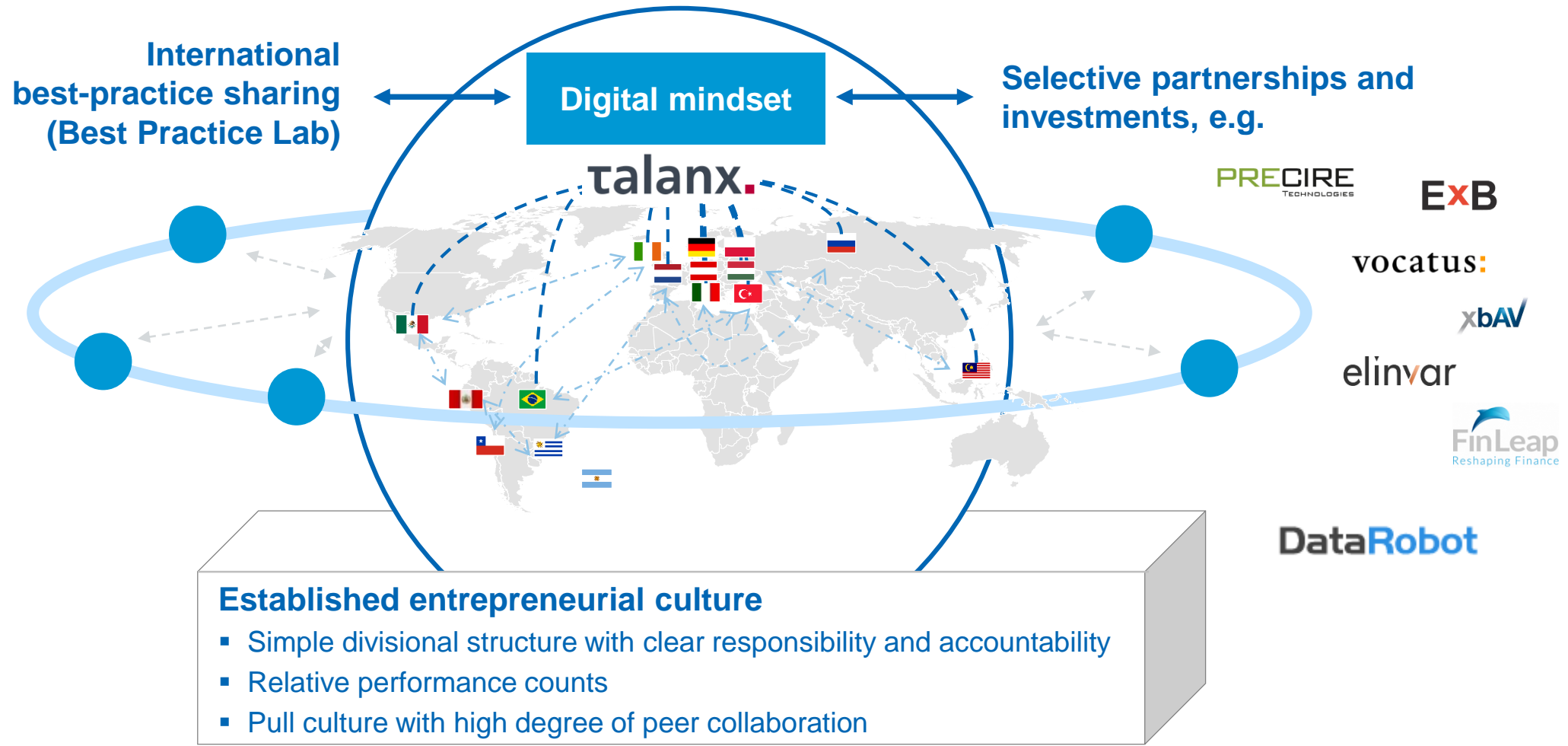
Selected examples for digitalisation in divisions






Further details in divisional presentations

3 Develop – Digital transformation

Digitalisation@Talanx – Group fosters digital mindset leveraging our entrepreneurial culture



Mid-term ambition – Raising the target level for Group profitability

Targets	Return on equity  High level of profitability ≥ 800bp above risk-free rate UP!	EPS growth  Profitable growth ≥ 5% on average p.a. NEW!	Dividend payout ratio  Sustainable & attractive payout 35% - 45% of IFRS earnings DPS at least stable y/y
	Strong capitalisation Solvency II target ratio 150 - 200%	Market risk limitation (low beta) Market risk ≤ 50% of Solvency Capital Requirement	High level of diversification targeted 2/3 of Primary Insurance premiums from outside Germany
	Constraints		

Note: Targets are relevant as of FY2019. EPS CAGR until 2022 (base level: original Group net income Outlook of ~EUR 850m for 2018). The risk-free rate is defined as the 5-year rolling average of the 10-year German Bund yield. Targets are subject to large losses staying within their respective annual large-loss budgets as well as no major turmoil on currency and/or capital markets

Agenda

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III Q1 2019 results

1 Enhanced capital management

Our Capital Management Strategy

Enhanced Capital Management

How to spend it	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Stringent capital allocation to support profitable organic growth ▪ Sustainable dividend growth ▪ Disciplined M&A approach
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How to get it	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reduce local excess capital ▪ Increase cash upstream ▪ Bundling reinsurance at Group level
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Mid-term ambition

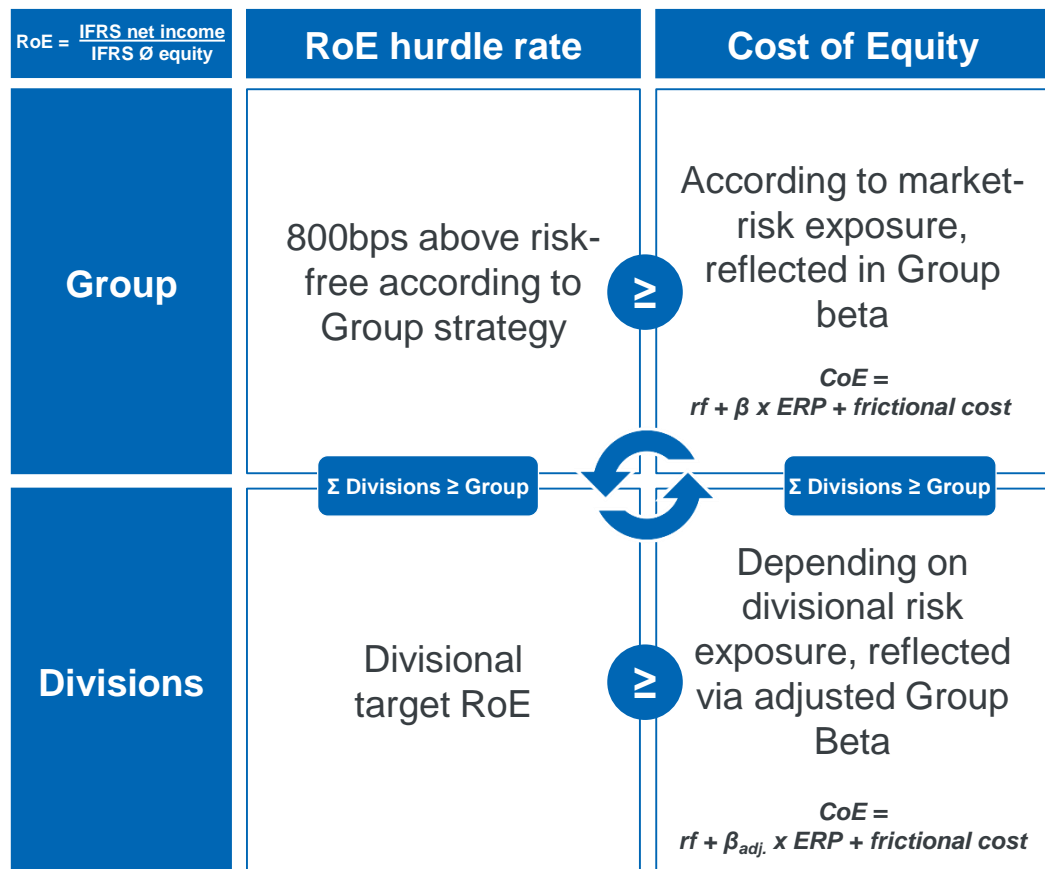
1	Attractive dividend payout ratio with DPS y/y at least stable	35-45%
2	Stringent capital manager	RoE ≥ CoE
3	Upstream of excess capital	~350m
4	Increase remittance ratio	50-60%

Note: Target dividend coverage ratio (available cash fund divided by target dividend level) is ~1.5-2 times actual dividend

1 Enhanced capital management

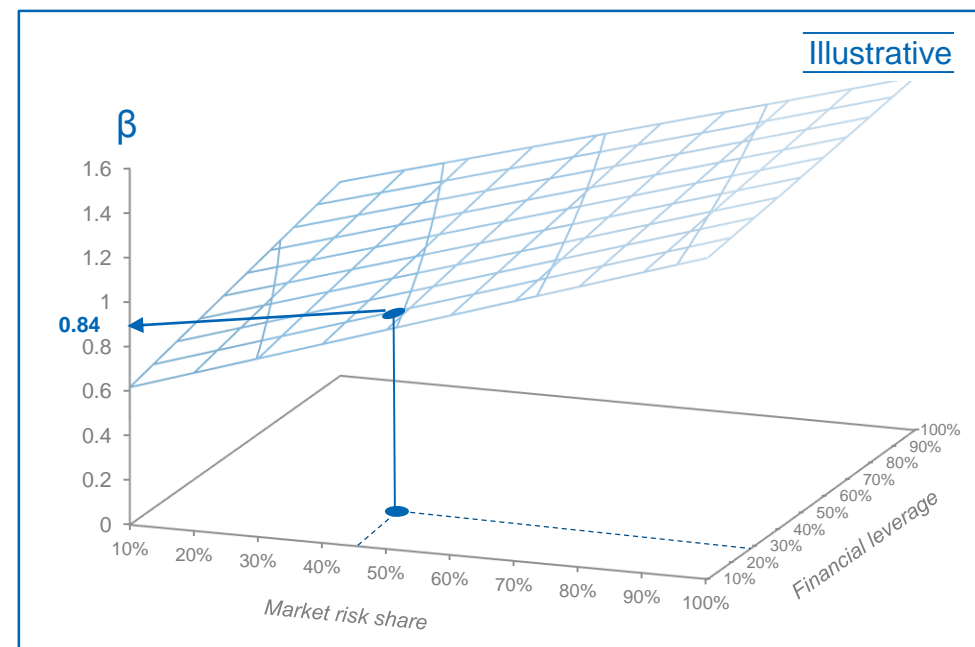
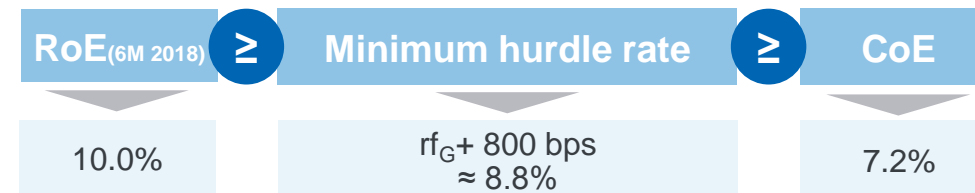
How to spend it – Stringent capital allocation to support profitable organic growth

Capital steering matrix & KPIs



Note: RoE based on IFRS 4. Cost of Equity benchmark 7.2% - 7.6% confirmed e.g. by PWC (Cost of Equity Insurance Companies, Germany 2018), AonBenfield ("The Aon Benfield Aggregate", 12/2016) and most recent Swiss Re Sigma (4/2018)

Beta drivers



Note: Calculation for FY 2018

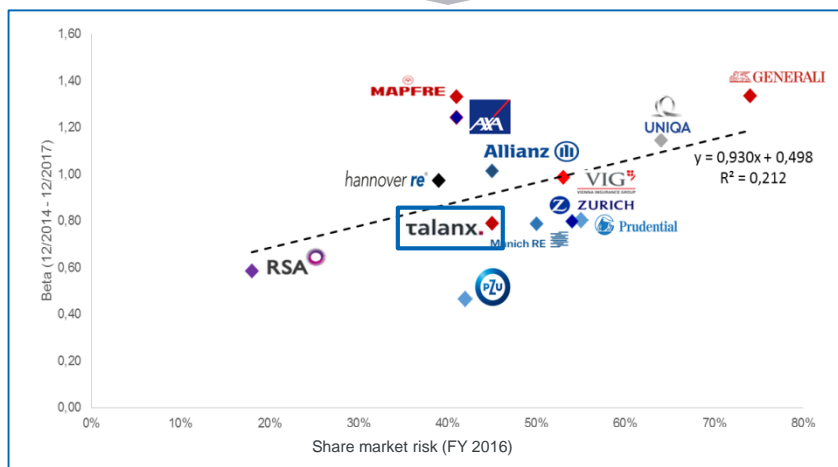
1 Enhanced capital management

Beta-blockers to prevent abnormal (“risk off”) heart rhythms/attacks



Prudent market risk

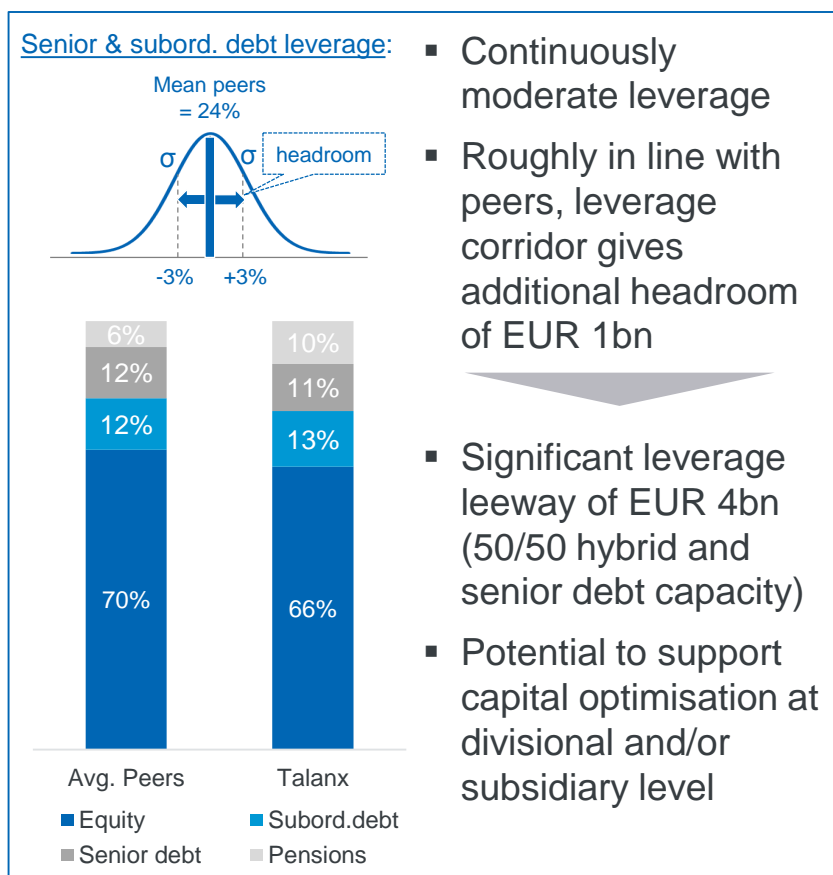
Market risk share



Source: Bloomberg, own calculation

Moderate leverage

Leverage position



Source: Company reports, own calculation, figures as of 30 June 2018

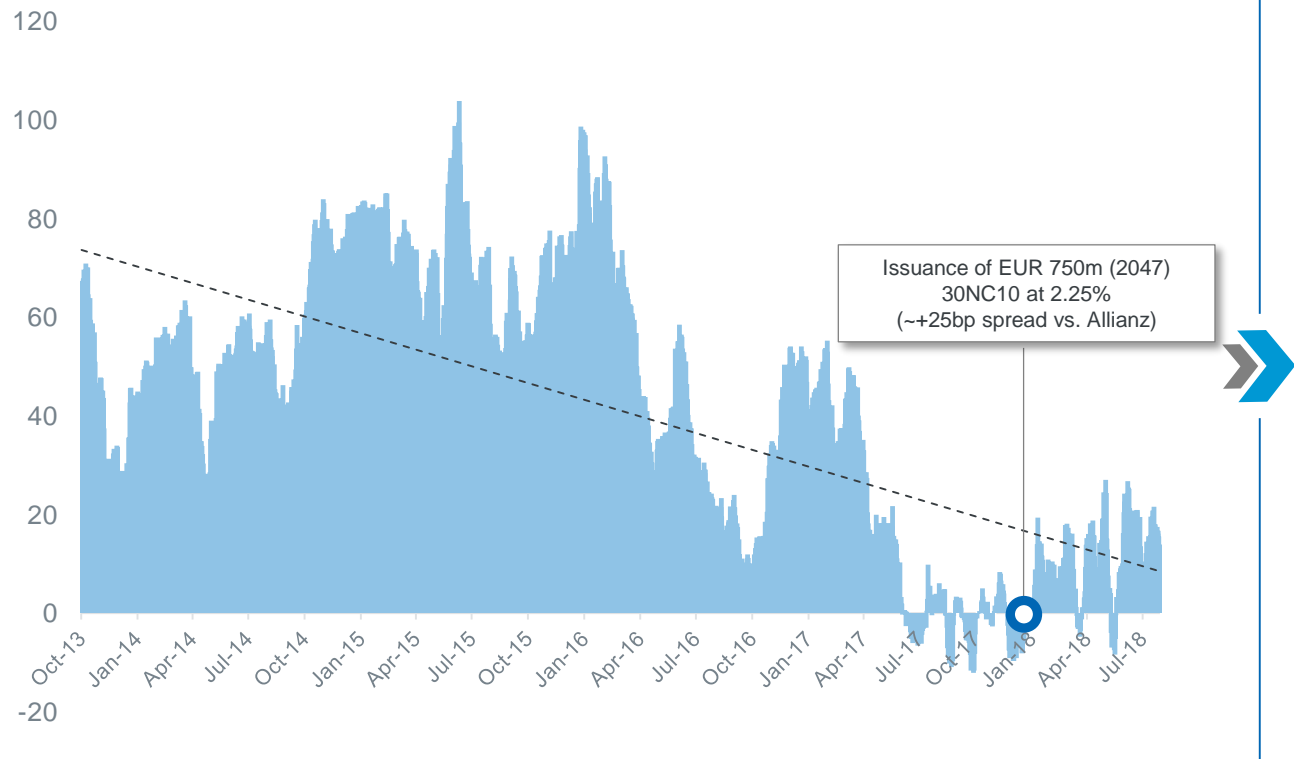
1 Enhanced capital management

Ongoing trend of narrowing spreads supported by Talanx's conservative low-beta profile



Credit spread development

Trading spread in bps between Talanx EUR 500m (2042) 30NC10 8.37% and peers



- 1 Low market risk reflected in constantly declining spreads (relative position)
- 2 Efficient timing of capital management actions
- 3 Narrowing spreads result in reduced future funding and/or refinancing cost

Note: Credit spreads are calculated as spreads over the 6M swap curve. Seniority: Lower Tier 2. Equally weighted peer group consists of Allianz (2022, 5.625%), AXA (2023, 5.125%), Generali (2022, 10.125%), Munich Re (2022, 6.25%) and Zurich (2023, 4.25%)

1 Enhanced capital management

How to spend it – Aspirational steering with RoE ambition ≥ CoE

Cost of Equity calculation

	Risk-free (FX exposure weighted)	+	Group beta 5yrsØ	×	Adjustment factor	×	Market-risk premium	+	Frictional cost	=	CoE
Group	1.9%				1.00						7.2%
Industrial Lines	0.9%		0.84		1.07		4.0%		2.0%		~6.5%
Retail Germany	0.8%			2.48		~11%					
Retail Intern.	3.8%			1.26		~10%					
Reinsurance	1.2%			0.66		~5.5%					

Consistent and more ambitious target setting

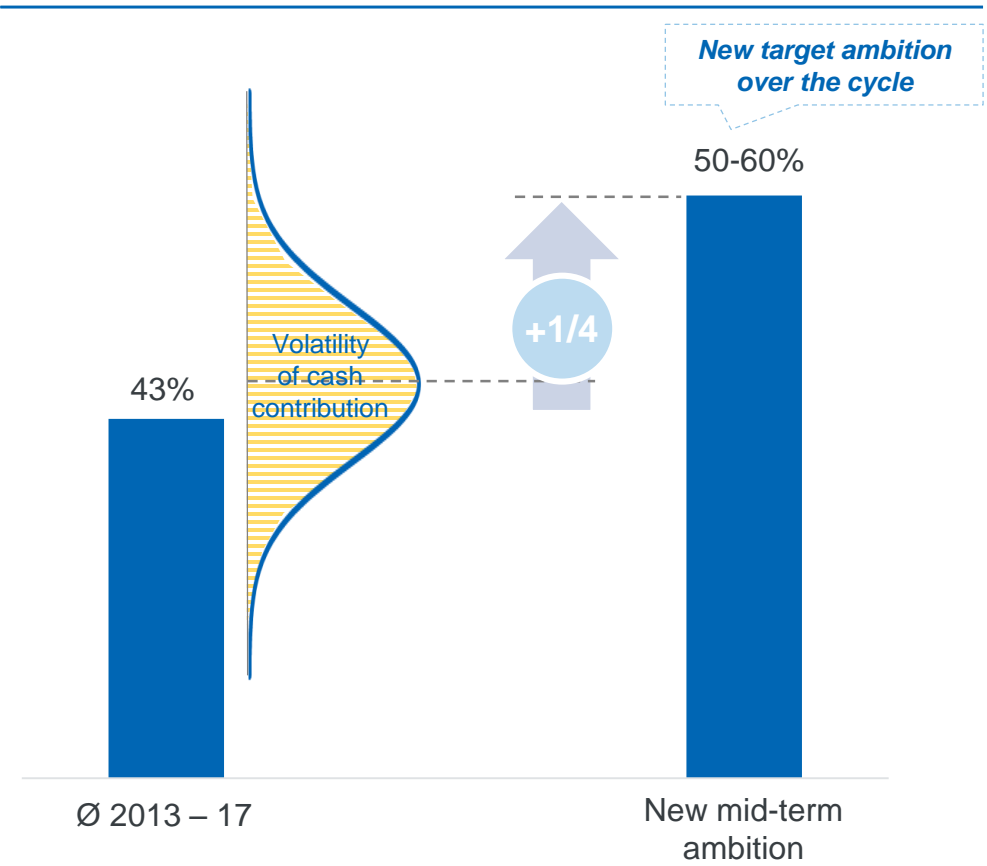
CMD 2017 ambition	Ambition	Comments
750bp + risk free _G	≥ 800bp + risk free _G	Talanx ≤ sum-of-the-parts creating value!
8%	8-10%	“20/20/20”, Speciality etc.
6-7%	7-8%	“Tapering” guarantee burden; shifting Life to P/C; more capital- efficient and biometric business
9%	10-11%	FX mix & goodwill allocation; growth & capital management
n/a	≥ 10%	In line with Hannover Re’s minimum RoE target

Note: The adjustment factor is determined by two factors: the capital adequacy ratio of the division relative to the Group and the divisional share of market risk relative to the Group. An equal position as the overall Group would result in a figure of “1.00”. A higher share of capital market risks than the overall Group and lower divisional capital adequacy ratios than the overall Group would result in adjustment factors above 1. All numbers relate to a Shareholder Net Asset (SNA) view. All calculations for FY 2018

1 Enhanced capital management

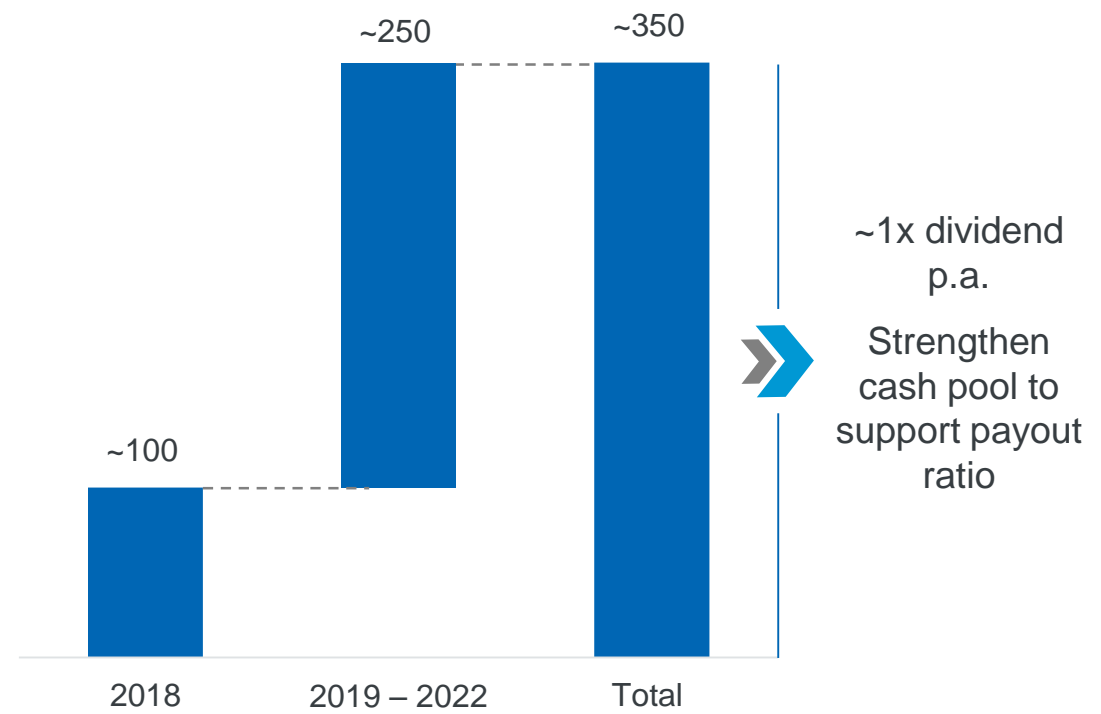
How to get it – Increase cash upstream and reduce local excess capital

Ø Remittance ratio



Mid-term capital upstream potential

Excess capital after local constraints (in EURm):



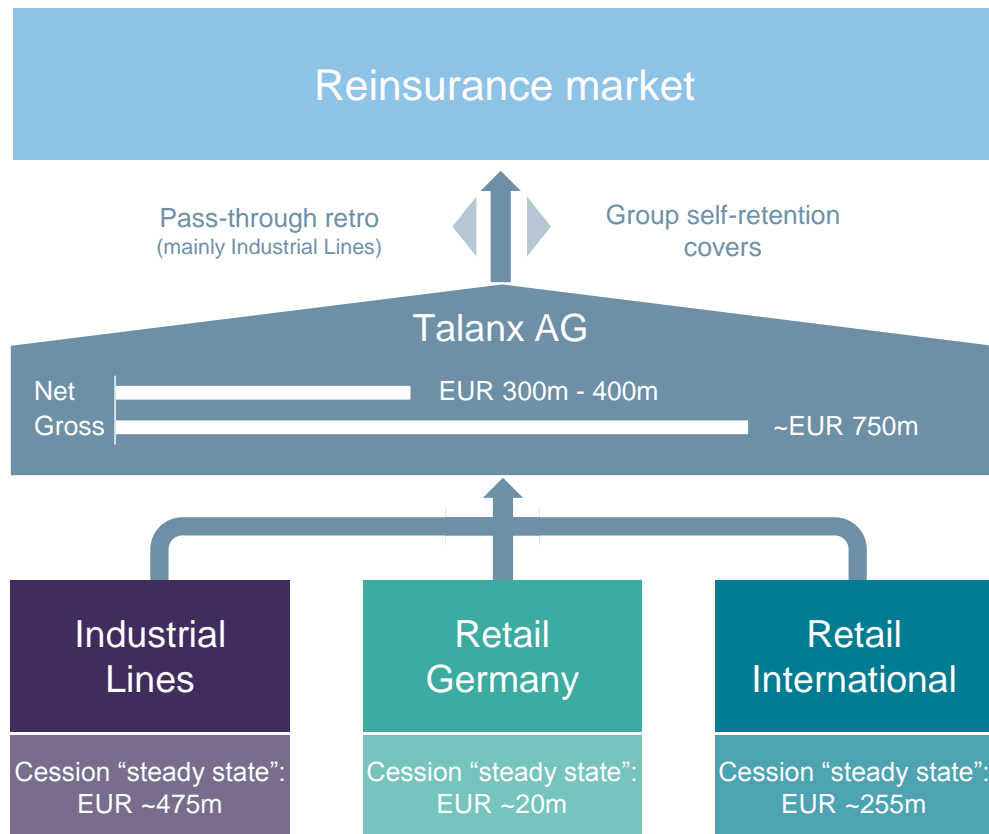
Note: Local constraints reflect e.g. local supervisor, withholding tax

1 Enhanced capital management

How to get it – Bundling reinsurance at Group level

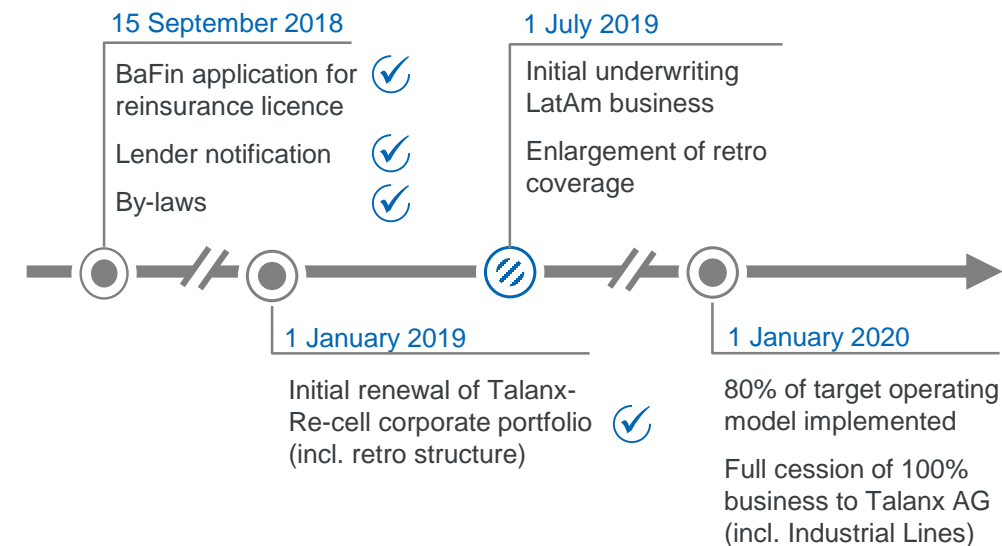
January 2019: Talanx AG issuer credit ratings up to "A+" at S&P and to "a+" at A.M.Best; underwriting commenced as planned in January

New reinsurance structure



Stringent implementation

- Talanx AG will become exclusive reinsurer for all treaty cessions in P/C segments. Talanx AG to act as the risk carrier and pooling vehicle
- Increased cash generation and liquidity flow at Group level
- Optionality for capital relief transactions






1 Enhanced capital management

How to get it – Bundling reinsurance at Group level

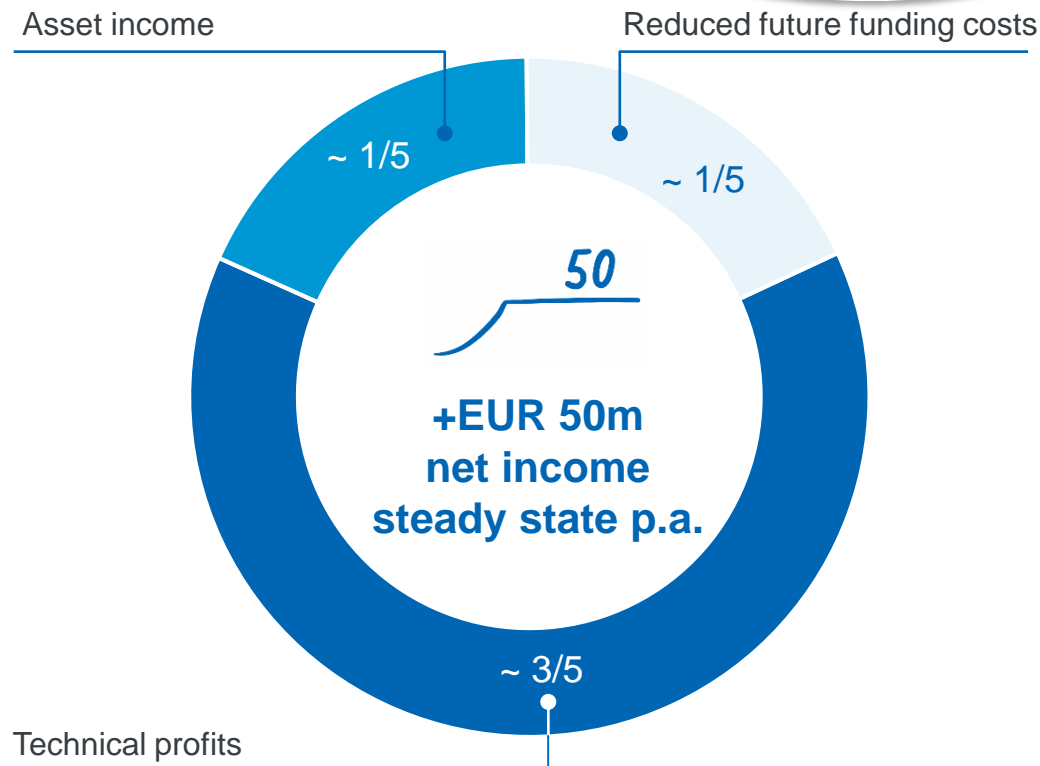
January 2019: Talanx AG issuer credit ratings up to "A+" at S&P and to "a+" at A.M.Best; underwriting commenced as planned in January

Key value driver/benefits

<p>Technical profits</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased retention by gearing Talanx AG's idle solo funds and use of Group diversification Target solo SII-CAR of >300% acc. to standard model and only marginal SCR Group impact
<p>Asset income</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enlarged assets under management (AuM) and related income due to increased Group retention +Δ AuM steady state EUR ~0.65bn
<p>Rating increase</p> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Credit rating improvement for Talanx AG expected (currently A- vs. A+ of operating carriers) resulting in reduced future funding costs



Mid-term ambition

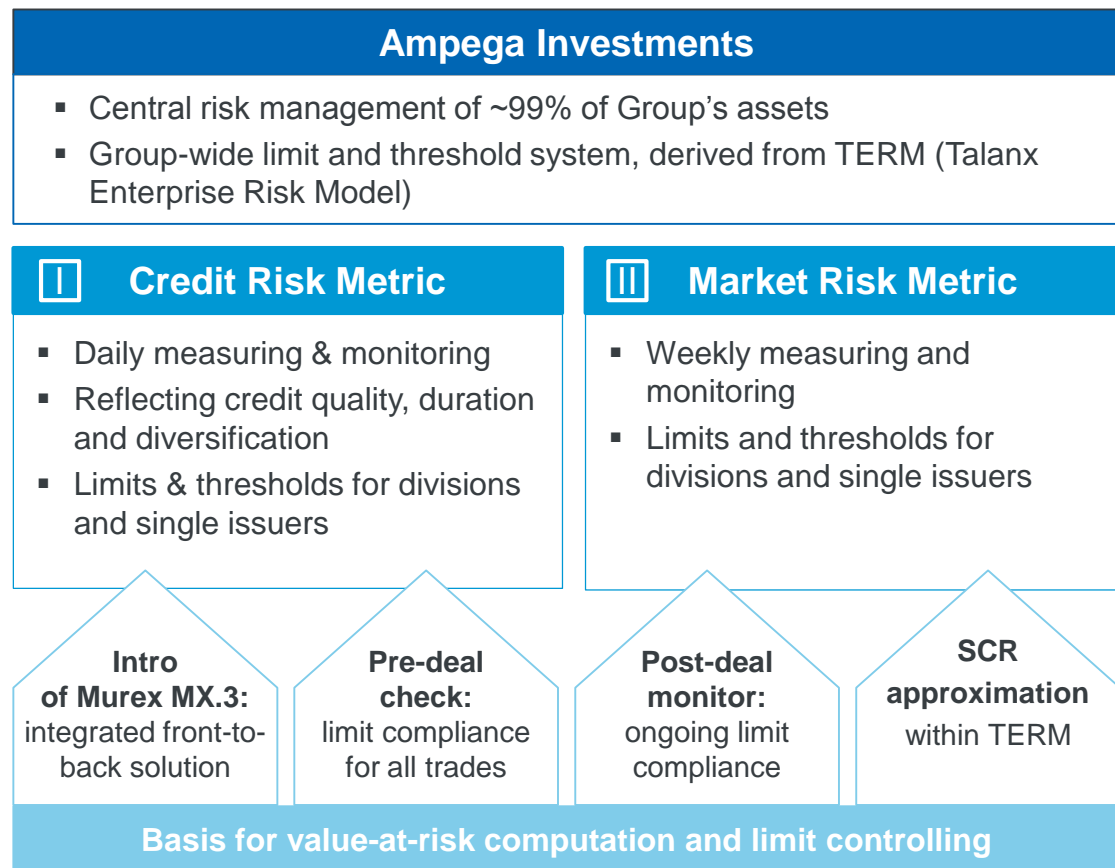


Note: Initially very low marginal tax burden due to (potentially written-off) tax losses carried forward, subject to normal loss frequency, unchanged reinsurance structures and no disruptions on currency, capital or reinsurance markets

2 Asset Management

Strong AM lines of defence and stringent sustainability strategy

Ensuring low beta & protection of shareholders' equity



ESG strategy and approach

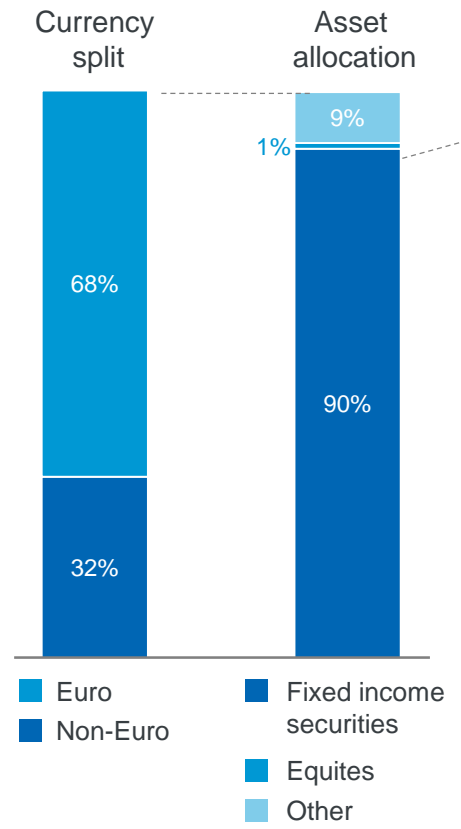


2 Asset Management

Investment strategy unchanged – portfolio continuously dominated by strongly rated fixed-income securities

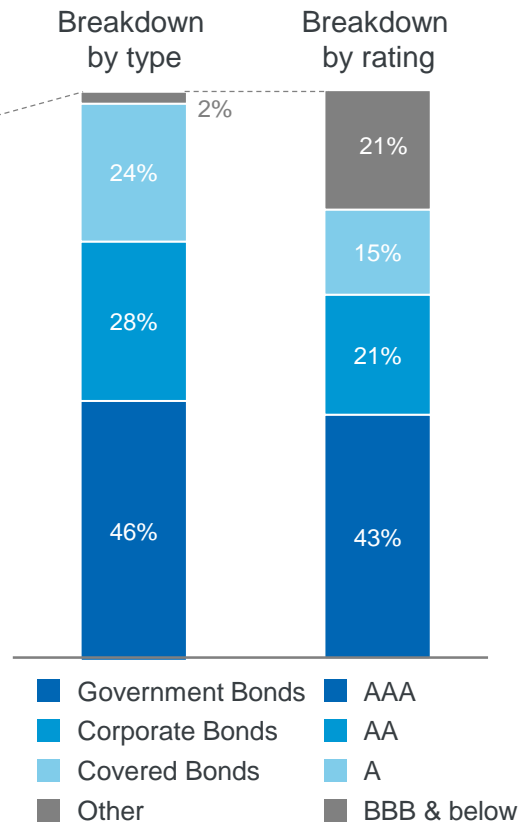
Investment portfolio

as of 31 Mar 2019: EUR 116.6bn

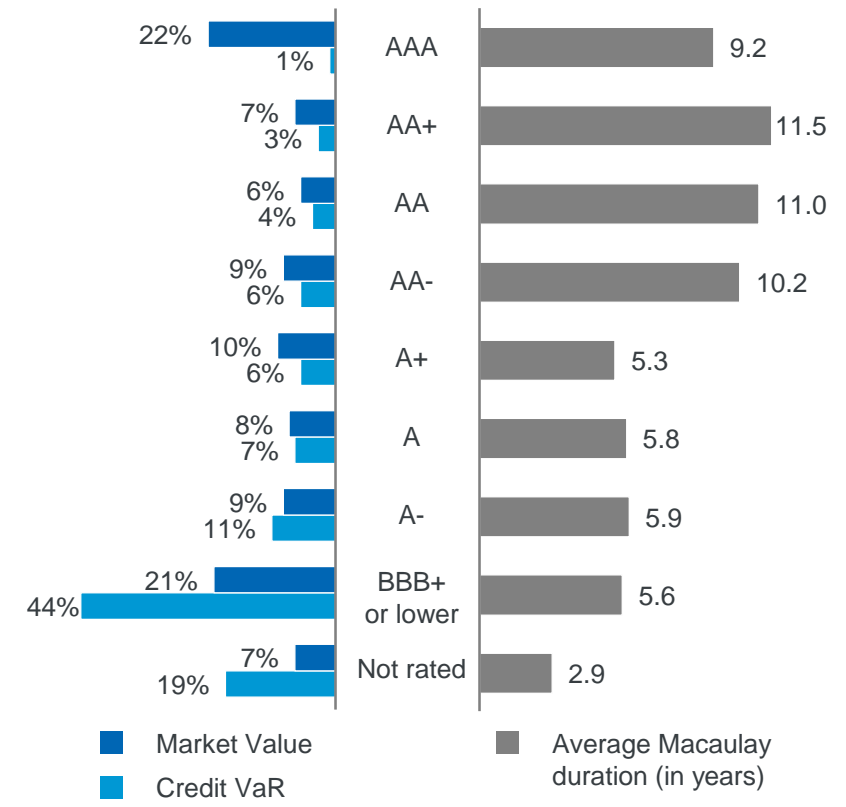


Fixed income portfolio

as of 31 Mar 2019: EUR 104.6bn



Credit VaR & Macaulay duration

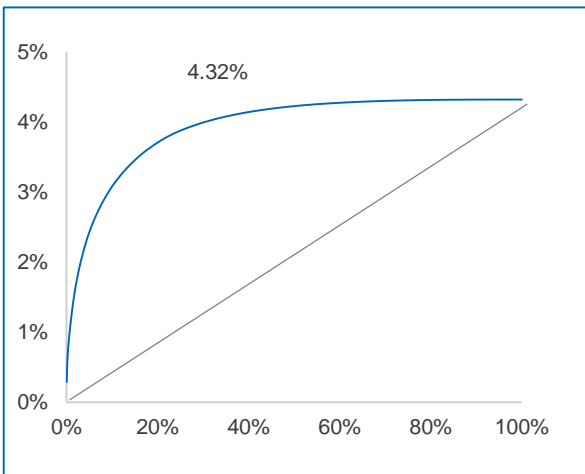


Note: Positions without external ratings (esp. funds and equity investments) shown as not rated. Credit VaR metric particularly depends on maturity and specific loss default assumptions

2 Asset Management

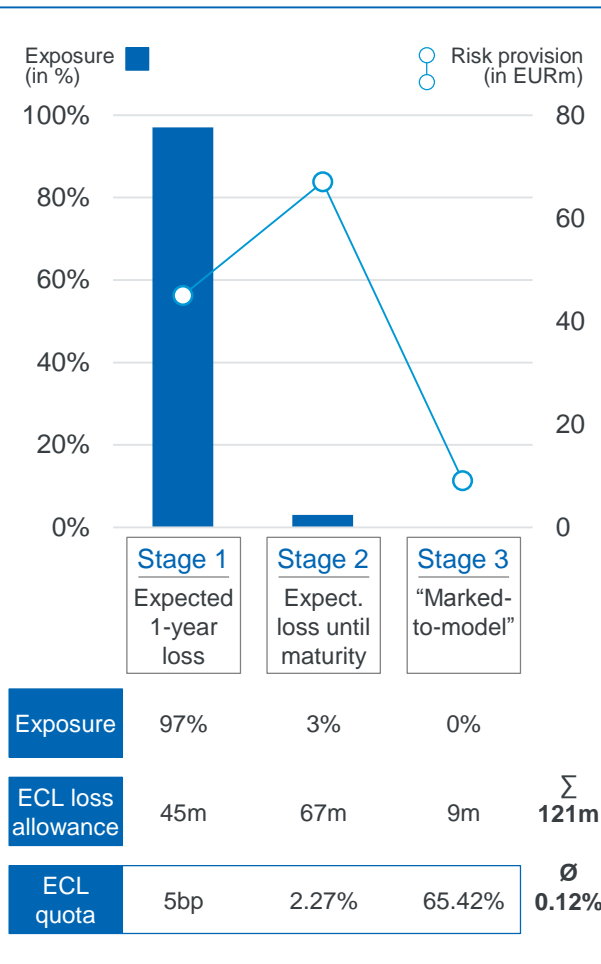
At the end of QE – (Corporate and sovereign) spread risks may be the top challenge

CVaR by share of issuers

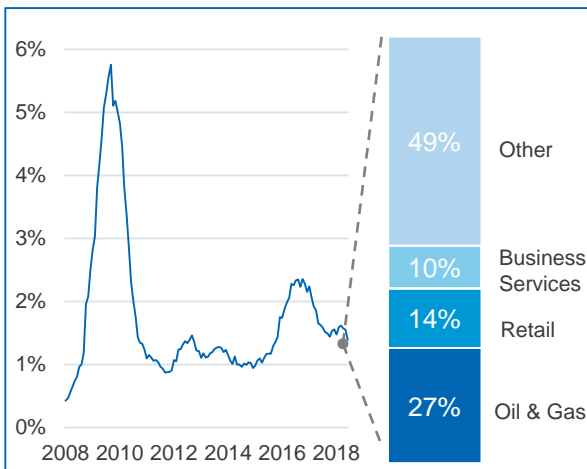


IFRS 9

Expected credit loss model simulation



Corporate default rate & distribution

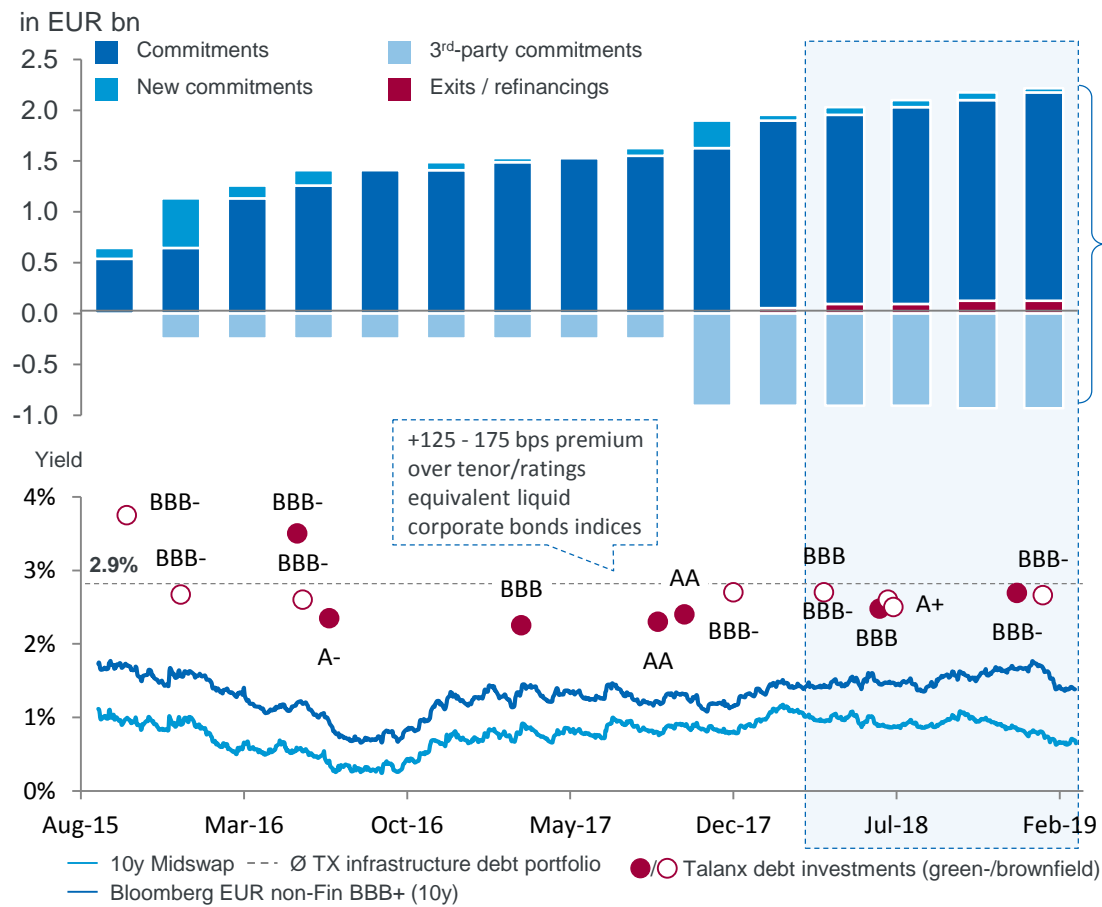


No material defaults in assets managed by Ampega Investments e.g. Steinhoff, Carillion & Toys"R"Us

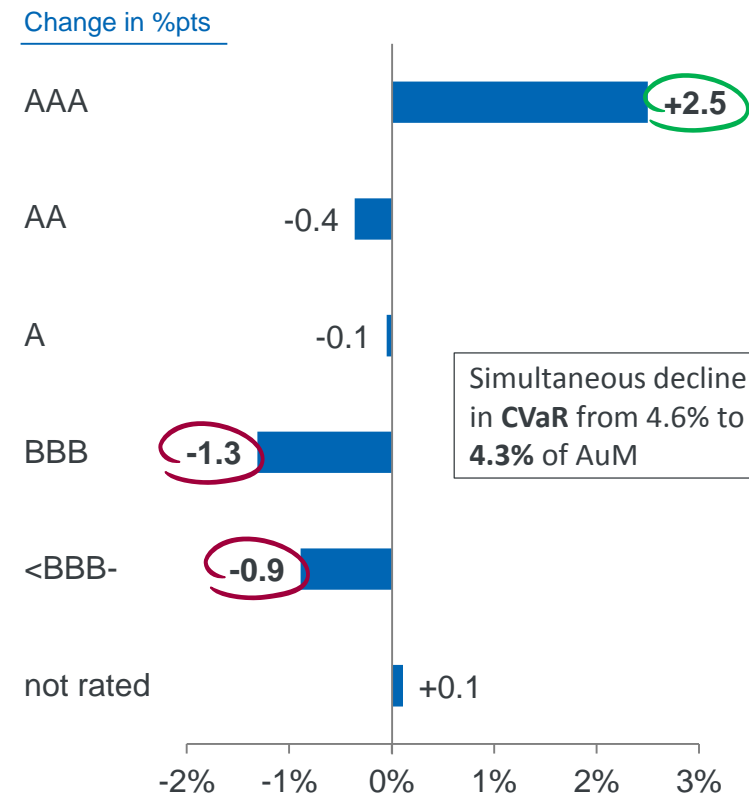
2 Asset Management

Infrastructure Investments – Investing while improving the overall risk profile

Building up our infrastructure portfolio....



...while de-risking the investment portfolio

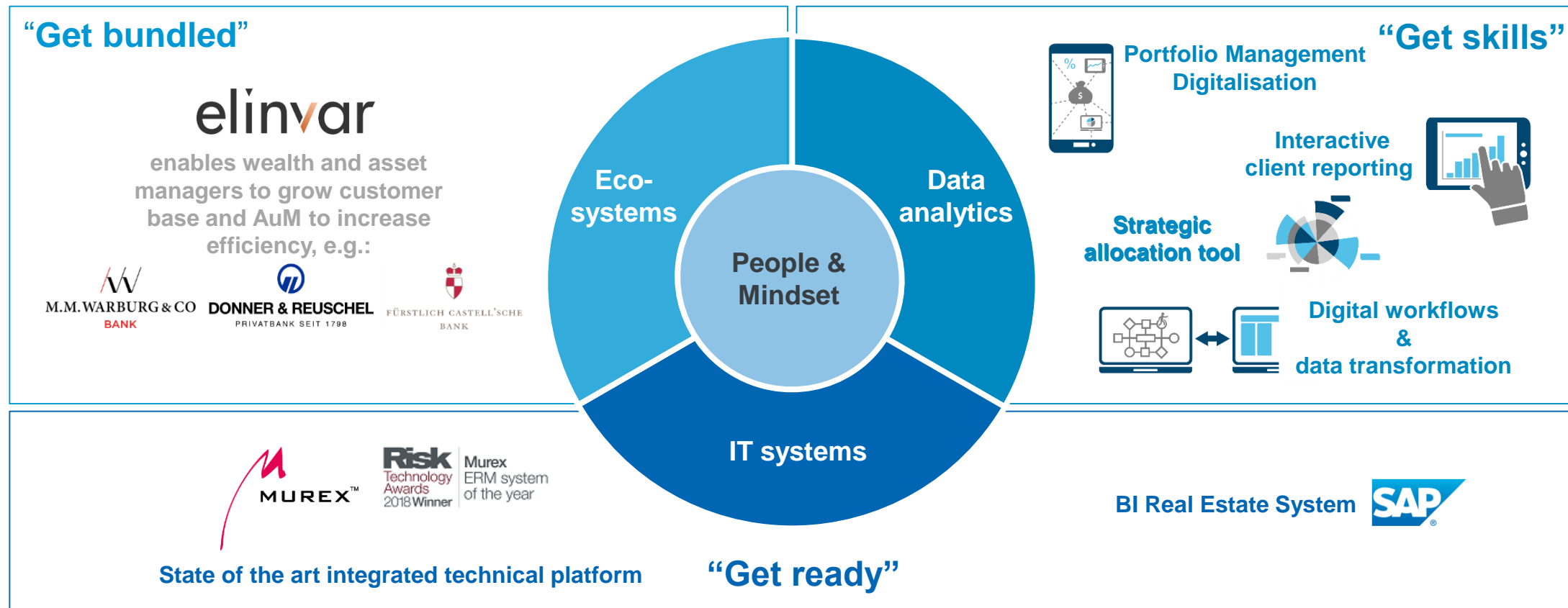


Note: Rating changes reflect fixed-income portfolio only. Changes FY 2018 vs. FY 2017

2 Asset Management

Talanx Asset Management – Drive digitalisation as top management priority

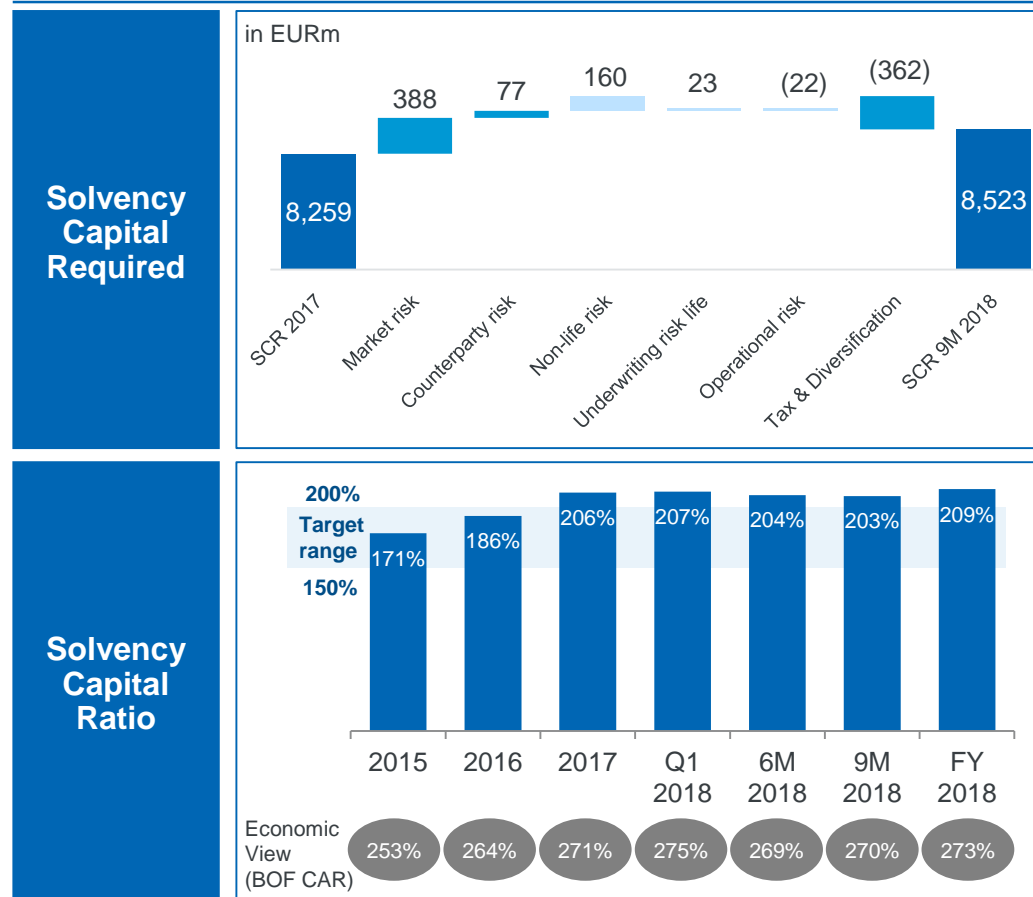
Selected examples for digitalisation in Ampega investments



3 Excursion – Solvency II Update

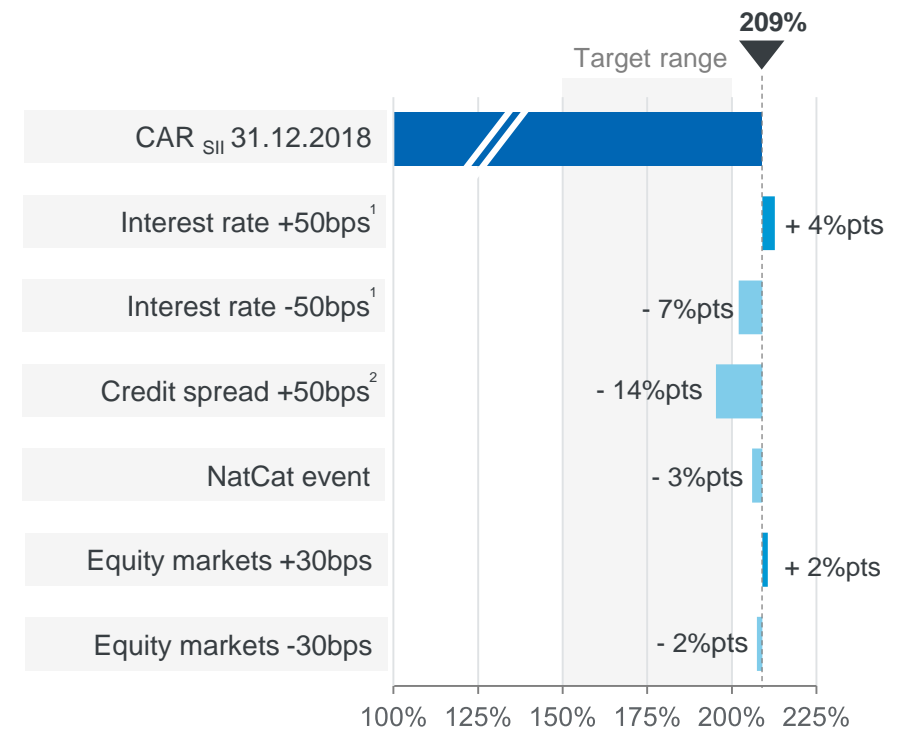
Development of Group capitalisation

Solid capitalisation (Regulatory view)



Note: Regulatory view without transitional

Limited stress impact

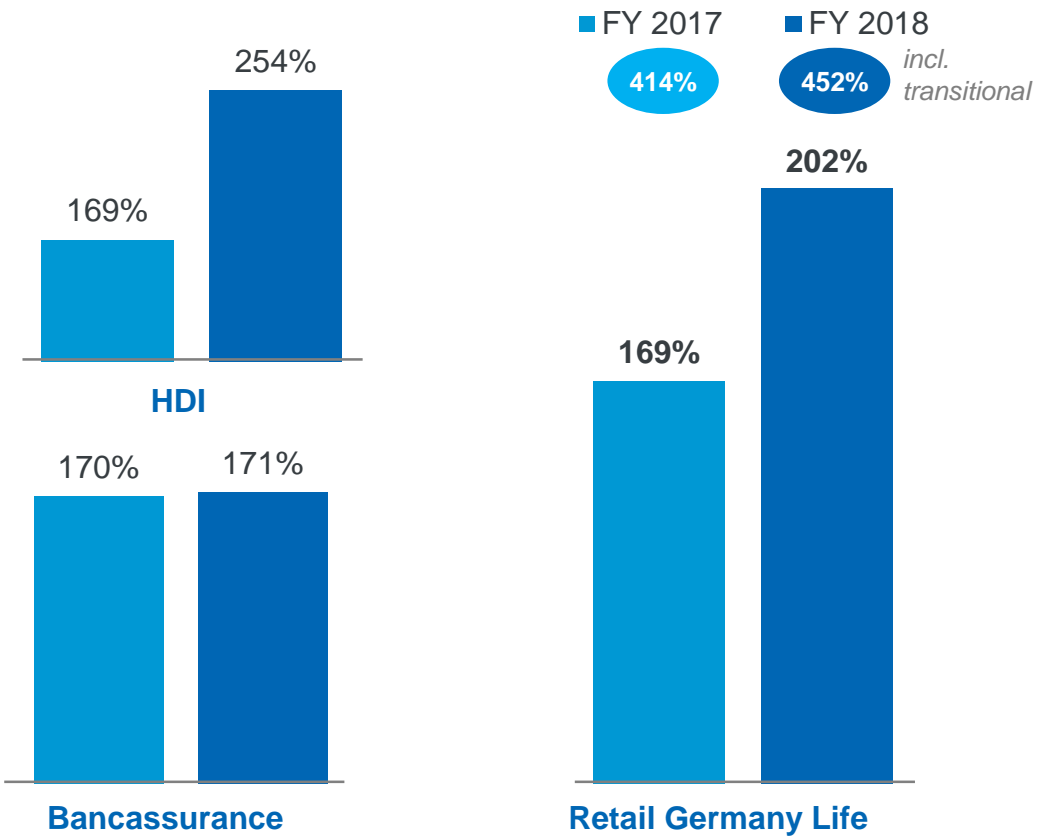


1 Interest rate stresses based on non-parallel shifts of the interest rate curve based on EIOPA approach
 2 The credit spreads are calculated as spreads over the swap curve (credit spread stresses include simultaneous stress on government bonds)

3 Excursion – Solvency II Update

Retail Germany Life: Robust capitalisation despite strong credit spread increase

Solvency ratios: Retail Germany Life



- 1 Increase in credit spreads in FY 2018 hampers Retail Germany Life's CARs
- 2 Robust capitalisation despite recent credit spread widening

Note: Numbers show weighted average of single CARs; if not otherwise stated all figures are based on regulatory view without transitional

3 Excursion – Solvency II Update

Future model change may well result in 10%-point SII ratio improvement

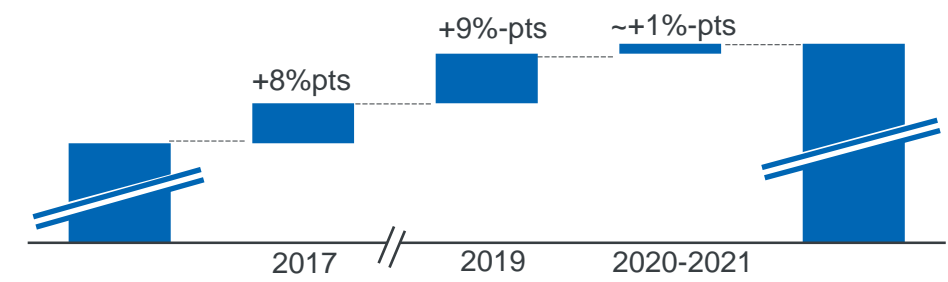
Internal Model changes & outlook

	2017		2018E		2019E	
	SCR	Own Funds	SCR	Own Funds	SCR	Own Funds
OpRisk (Hannover Re)	-2.7%	+1%				
OpRisk (Primary Group)					↓	↗
Asset correlation coverage et al.			↑	→		
Pensions	-1.2%	0%				
Dynamic & static volatility adj. (P/C)			→	↗	↓	↘
Counterparty default			↗	→		
RITA					→	→
Nucleus					→	→
Aggregate	-3.9%	1%	↘	↗	↓	↘
Combined CAR impact	+10.5%pts		↘		↑	

Outlook

- 1 Strong **increase in SII ratio** (+10%pts) due to successful model updates in 2017 with subsequent phasing of positive impact
- 2 Further **reduction in market risk share** by approx. **1%pt** due to relative increase in SCR OpRisk

Expected impact from OpRisk improvements on SII

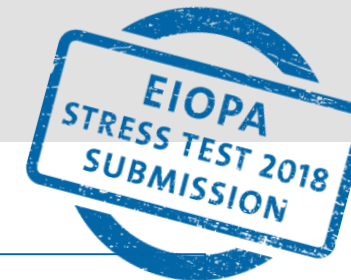


Baseline: SCR = EUR 8.3bn; EOF = EUR 17.0bn

Note: Risk modelling planned to be changed to tail VAR approach

3 Excursion – Solvency II Update

Preliminary results in line with 2017 home-specified stress test



EIOPA stress scenarios			SII ratio (HDI Group)	
			w/o transitional Basis: 206%	incl. transitional Basis: 253%
1 Yield curve down	Market shocks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Swap rates 10y EUR -80bp Government bonds: -10-35bp Corporate bonds & MBS -20 to -70bp Equities -16% UFR 2.04% 	~130%	~170%
	Insurance shocks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 15% Longevity shock 		
2 Yield curve up	Market shocks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Swap rates 10y EUR +80bp Government bonds: +110-190bp Corporate bonds & MBS +190-325bp Equities -40% 	~120%	~170%
	Insurance shocks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 20% Lapse shock 2% claims inflation 0.24% general inflation 		
3 NatCat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In one of 17 years Simultaneous occurrence of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Four European windstorms Two CEE floods Two earthquake scenarios (in Italy & Monaco) 		~190%	~240%

Preliminary! Subject to final regulatory validation



- 1 Groupwide calculation of three combined stress scenarios on a best effort basis
- 2 Stress results in line with 2017 “home-specified” stress test
 - European credit crisis (Italian euro exit): ~120%
 - Global Pandemic: >150%
 - Earthquake New Madrid (USA): ~140%
- 3 Above regulatory required limit in yield curve stress scenarios even without transitional

Note: SII solvency ratios for all three stress scenarios without transitional

3 Excursion – Solvency II Update

Preparing for IFRS 9 & 17 – Two steps forward, one step back: project on track

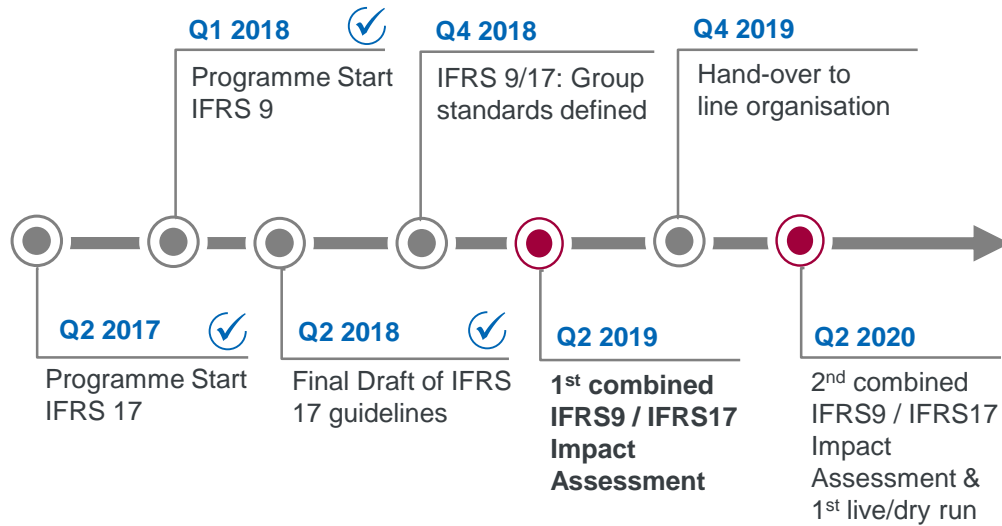
Top issues IFRS 9 & 17

IFRS 9 IFRS 17

Data management / IT capabilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Murex MX.3 roll-out 	Implementation in various IT (source) systems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PAA default choice for primary non-life Dynamic specification and IT implementation German back-office implementing well established accounting engine SAP IA
Higher P&L volatility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The “new normal” Interaction between FVPL and Premium Allocation Approach (PAA) critical ECL driven acceleration KPI overhaul 	Determination of Risk Adjustment (RA) Approach	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solo entity RA target Inter-company-neutral consolidation of RAs Disclosure of implicit Group confidence level
New processes & interfaces	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New controls to be implemented Intensive exchange between IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 (joint impact assessments) 	Reinsurance assets & related mismatches	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Particular the net position of cedents Improvement by standard setter needed
Stochastic calculations for life (incl. CSM)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Comprehensive fast-close SII features can (partially) be re-used Volatility adjuster/illiquid spread consistent bottom-up interest rate curve 	Handling reserving buffer (non-life)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduced discretionary top-side adjustments Reserving in interim reporting considering risk budgets remains unaffected

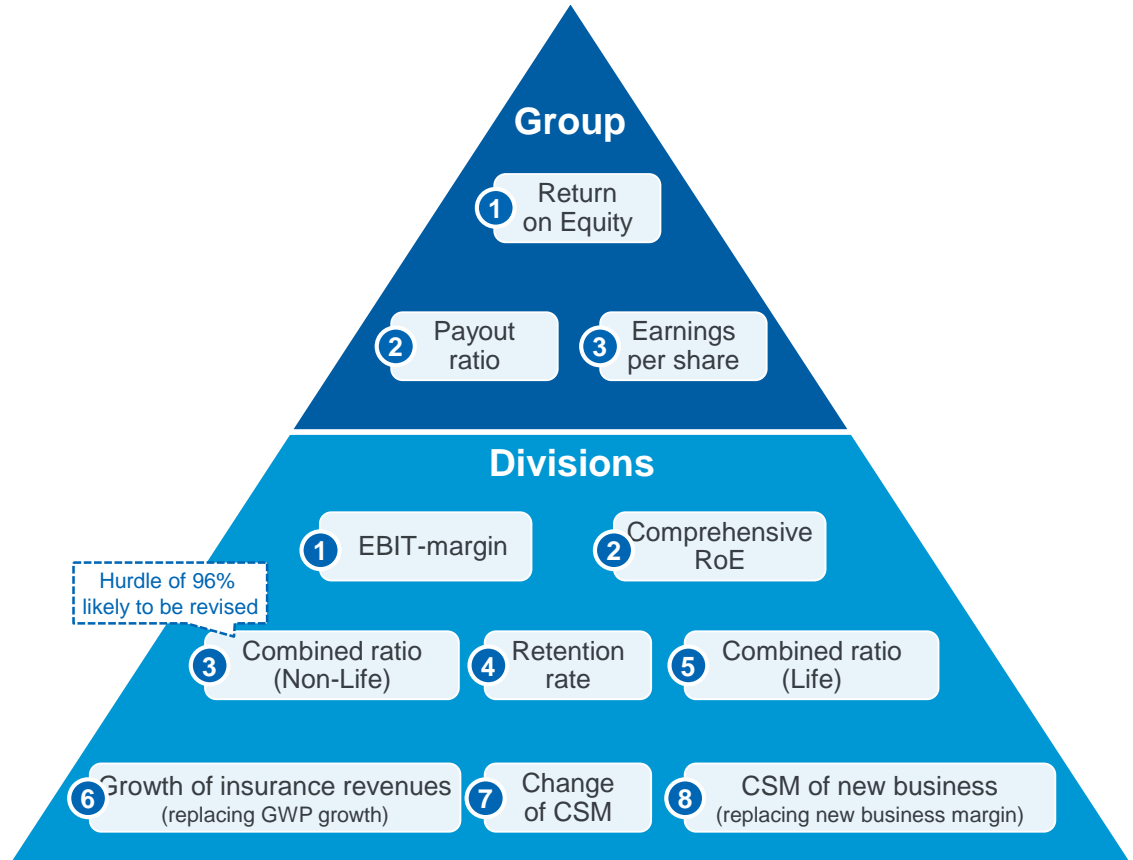
3 Excursion – Solvency II Update Advanced implementation

Clear IFRS 9 & 17 programme roadmap



- 1** Project fully on track and already passing from design to implementation
- 2** Not in favour of any delay in the IFRS 17 application (e.g. due to late endorsement)...but quick-fix of top flaws, such as outward reinsurance

New KPI framework considering IFRS 9 & 17 “go live”



Note: Comprehensive RoE = (Net income + ΔOCI + ΔCSM) / (∅ Equity + CSM)

Key messages

Stringent and capitalistic performance management to support profitable organic growth

Initiatives to **stream up** EUR 350m of **local excess capital and to increase the remittance ratio**

Bundling reinsurance at Group level providing an upside of roughly EUR 50m in net income in the steady state

Clear commitment to **maintain the defensive low-beta investment profile**

Considerate use of model changes **suggests mid-term SII-upside**

Agenda

I CMD: Group Strategy

II CMD: Group Financials

III Q1 2019 results

Q1 2019: Good start into the new year

Strong GWP growth of 10.9% y/y (curr.-adj. +9.7%) – all segments contributing

Both retail divisions and Reinsurance continue to drive EBIT improvement

“20/20/20” initiative on track – Industrial Lines 2019 CoR outlook of ~100% unchanged

Group net income of EUR 235m (+7.8%) – Group RoE at 10.3%

On track to reach 2019 Group net income outlook of EUR ~900m (~+28.0% y/y)

Strongly capitalised: Solvency II ratio (excl. transitional) of 209% at year-end 2018

Q1 2019 results – Key financials

Further profitable growth

EURm	Q1 2019	Q1 2018	Delta	Comments
Gross written premium (GWP)	11,716	10,560	+11%	▶ Strong growth momentum continues. GWP +10% curr.-adj.
Net premium earned	7,842	6,989	+12%	
Net underwriting result	(357)	(430)	+17%	
t/o P/C	143	118	+21%	
t/o Life	(500)	(548)	+9%	
Net investment income	988	1,063	(7%)	▶ Decrease of extraordinary investment result (particularly ZZR driven)
Other income / expenses	(15)	(41)	+63%	
Operating result (EBIT)	616	592	+4%	▶ Increase in EBIT driven by both retail divisions and by Reinsurance – outweighing EBIT decline in Industrial Lines
Financing interests	(45)	(41)	(10%)	
Taxes on income	(160)	(163)	(2%)	
Net income before minorities	411	388	+6%	
Non-controlling interests	(176)	(170)	(3%)	
Net income after minorities	235	218	+8%	▶ Operating improvement and lower tax ratio results in 8% bottom-line increase
Combined ratio	96.8%	97.0%	(0.2%)pts	
Tax ratio	28.0%	29.6%	(1.6%)pts	
Return on equity	10.3%	10.0%	+0.3%pts	▶ Well above the (800 bps + risk-free rate) minimum target
Return on investment	3.2%	3.7%	(0.5%)pts	

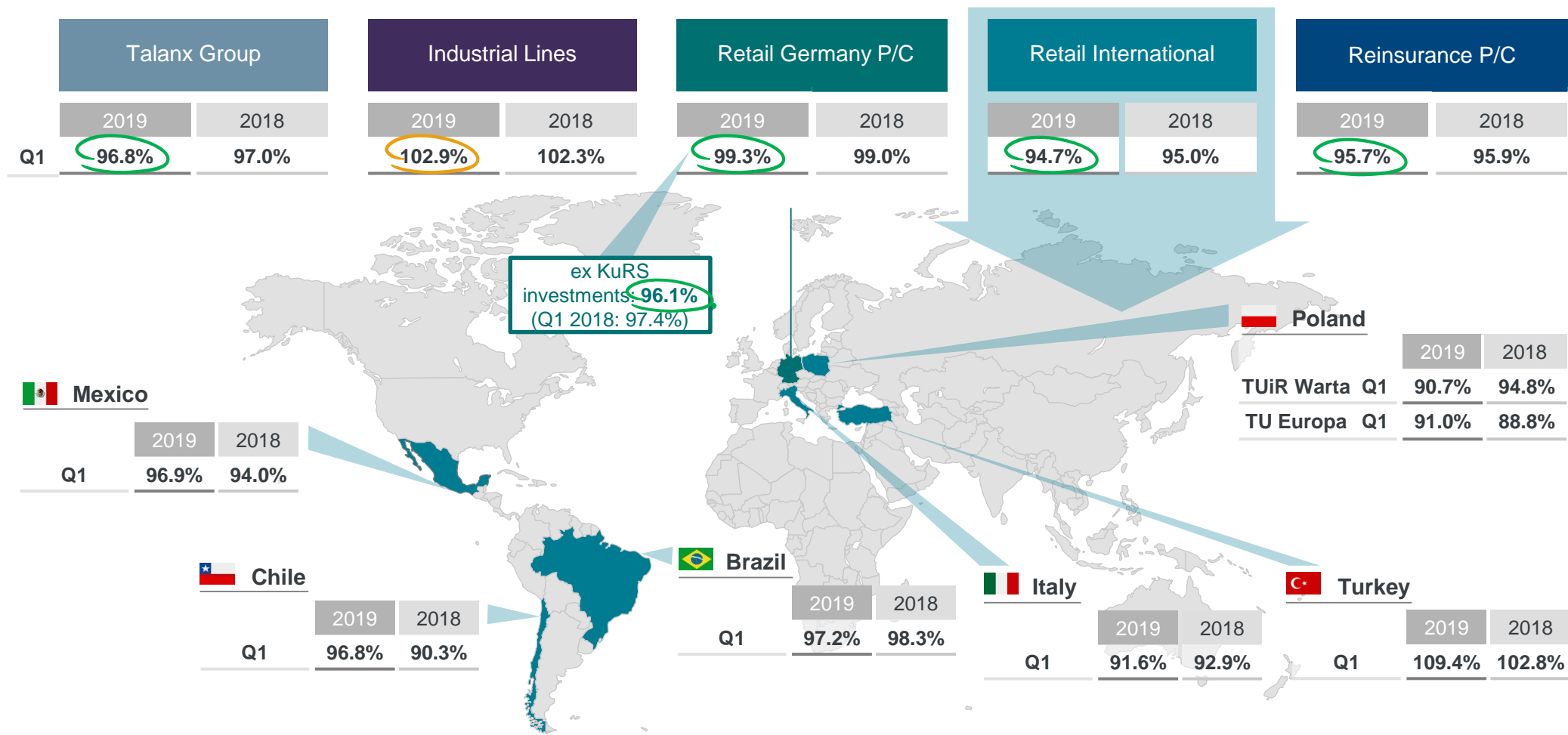
Note: The minimum RoE target of (800 bps + 5-year average of 10-year Bund yields) is expected to stand at 8.3% for FY 2019

Large losses in Q1 2019 – Within large loss budget

Net losses Talanx Group in EURm, Q1 2019 (Q1 2018)	Industrial Lines	Retail Germany	Retail International	Σ Primary Insurance	+ Reinsurance	= Talanx Group
Flood <i>Santo Andre</i> , Brazil	33.6		0.5	34.1		34.1
Flood <i>Queensland</i> , Australia	4.7			4.7	25.2	29.8
Storm <i>Eberhard</i> , Central Europe	2.3	7.0	2.9	12.1	15.2	27.3
Sum NatCat	40.5 (19.4)	7.0 (11.8)	3.4 (0.1)	50.9 (34.8)	40.3 (31.5)	91.2 (66.3)
Fire/Property	25.8			25.8		25.8
Aviation	1.3			1.3	11.7	13.1
Marine					6.9	6.9
Sum other large losses	27.2 (29.4)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	27.2 (29.4)	18.6 (41.9)	45.8 (71.3)
Total large losses	67.7 (48.8)	7.0 (11.8)	3.4 (0.1)	78.1 (64.2)	59.0 (73.4)	137.0 (137.6)
Pro-rata large loss budget	69.4	6.0	2.0	78.7	174.8	253.4
FY large loss budget	277.6	24.0	8.0	314.6	875.0	1,189.6
Impact on CoR: materialised large losses	10.7%pts (8.4%pts)	2.0%pts (3.4%pts)	0.4%pts (0.0%pts)	4.2%pts (3.7%pts)	2.0%pts (3.0%pts)	2.9%pts (3.3%pts)
Impact on CoR: large loss budget	10.9%pts (11.2%pts)	1.7%pts (1.7%pts)	0.2%pts (0.3%pts)	4.3%pts (4.3%pts)	6.0%pts (6.9%pts)	5.3%pts (5.8%pts)

Note: Definition "large loss": in excess of EUR 10m gross in either Primary Insurance or Reinsurance. No additional Q1 2019 Primary Insurance large losses (net) in Corporate Operations

Combined Ratios

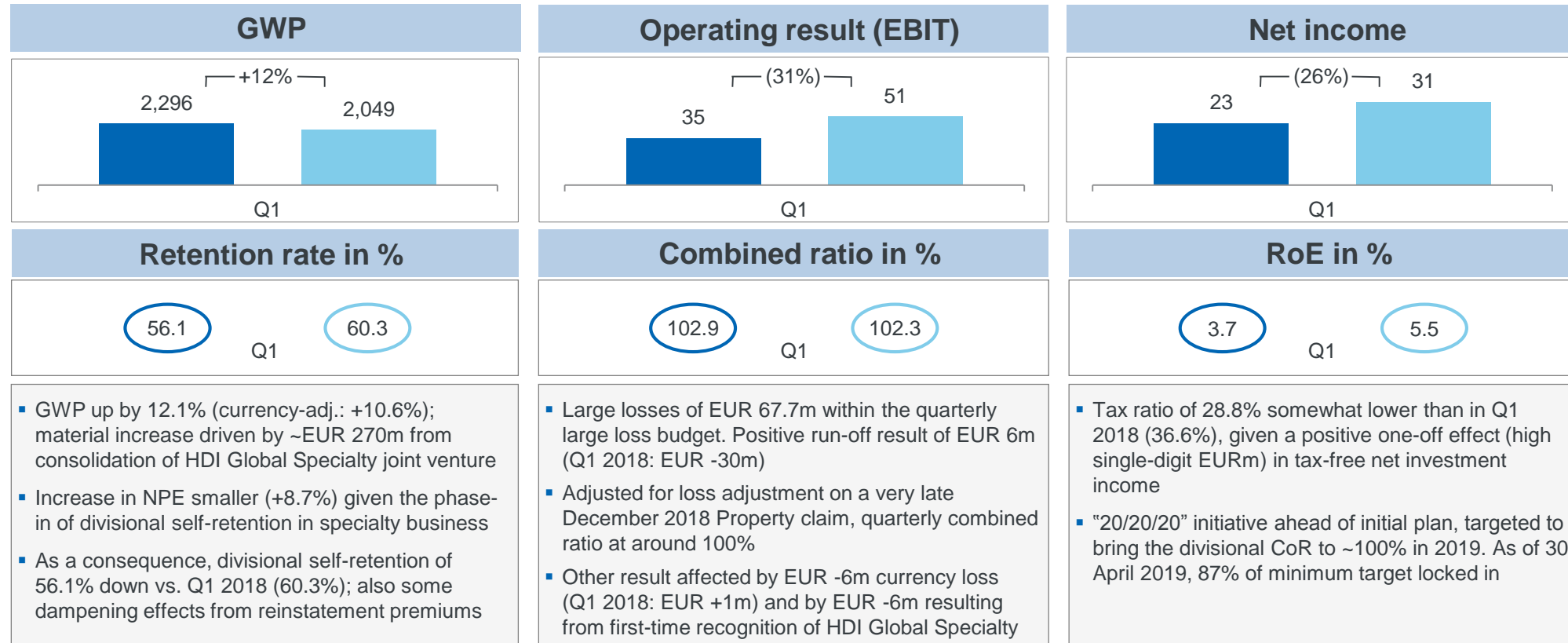


Note: Turkey Q1 2019 EBIT of EUR 2m (+23% y/y)

Q1 2019 – Both retail divisions and Reinsurance driving EBIT improvement



Segments – Industrial Lines



EURm, IFRS ■ 2019 ■ 2018

▶ On track to reach ~100% combined ratio in FY 2019

“20/20/20” initiative ahead of plan – Close to 90% of minimum target locked in

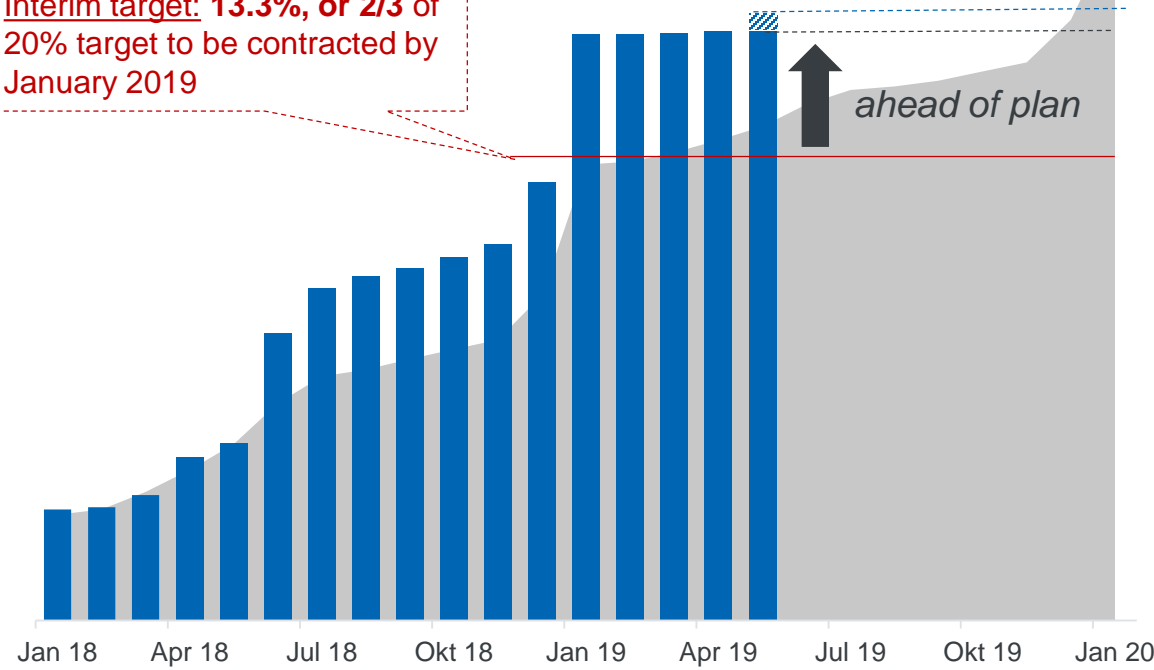
“20/20/20” initiative update

Cumulative monthly price increase on renewed business: contracted vs. target from 1 Jan 2018 to 30 April 2019

20% price increase by 2020

Achievement: 17.5%, or 87% of 20%-target 17.0%

Interim target: 13.3%, or 2/3 of 20% target to be contracted by January 2019



87% of minimum target locked in (17.5%pts. of 20%)

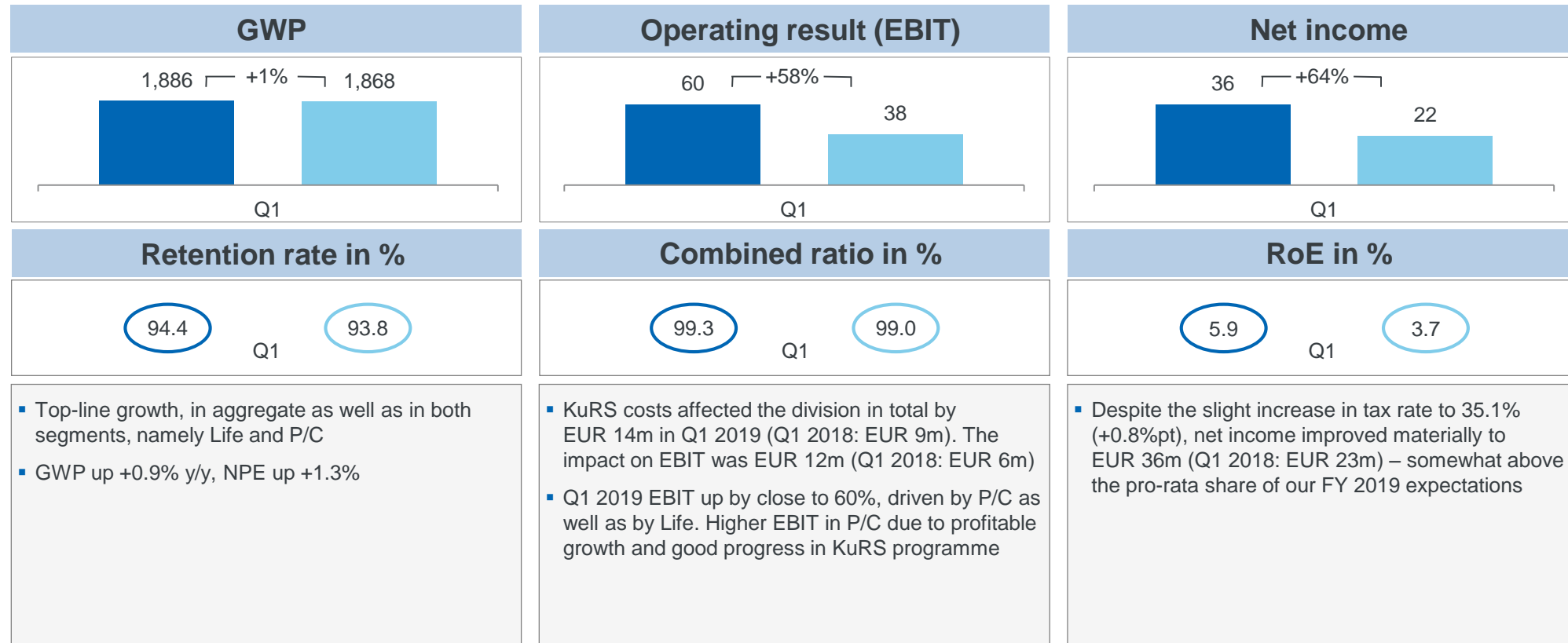
P/L impact mainly in 2019

Premium base so far broadly stable: ~ EUR -85m, or ~ -9% (net effect)

Legend: Target “20/20/20” (grey bar), Price increase as of current month (blue bar), Price increase written but not yet effective (hatched bar)

Note: 20% price increase from 1 Jan 2020 derives from 15% premium increase + 5% premium-equivalent measures. Premium base defined as total premiums on 1 Jan 2018 minus dropped business plus premium increase.

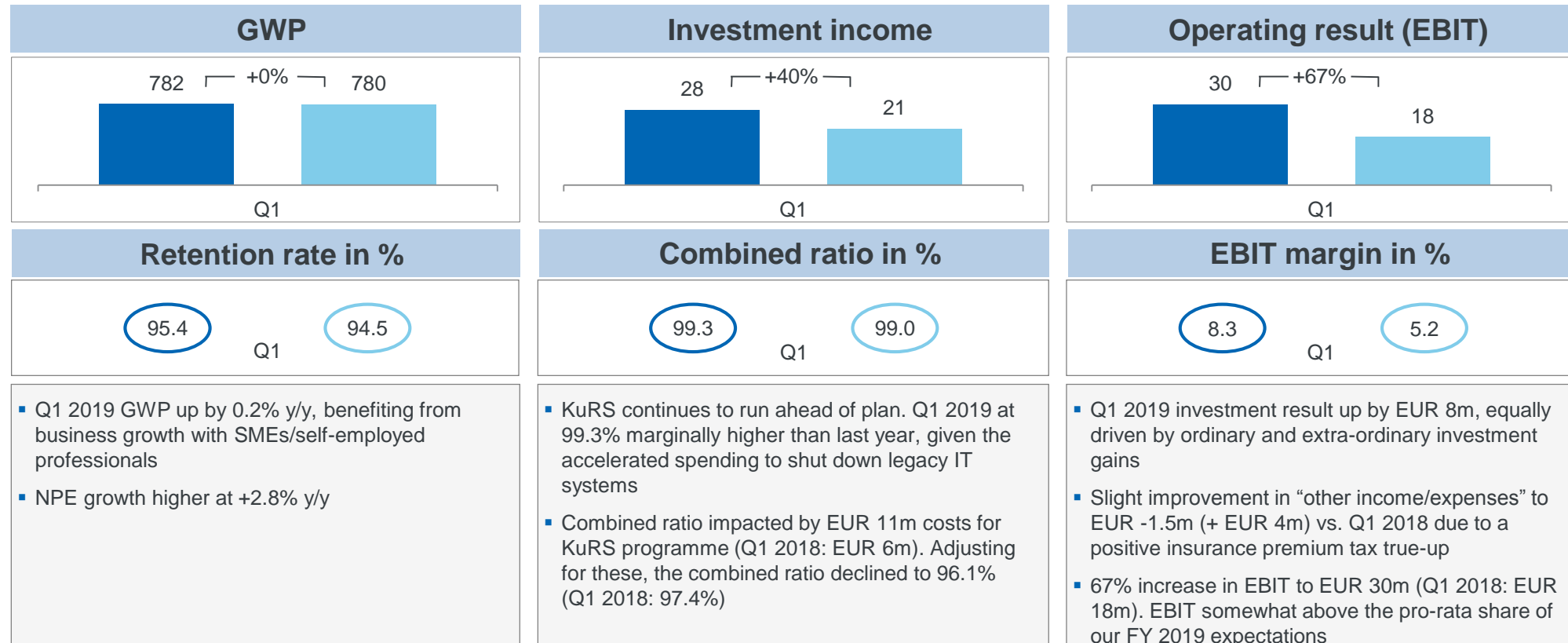
Segments - Retail Germany Division



EURm, IFRS ■ 2019 ■ 2018

▶ **Material improvement in profitability despite acceleration of KuRS projects**

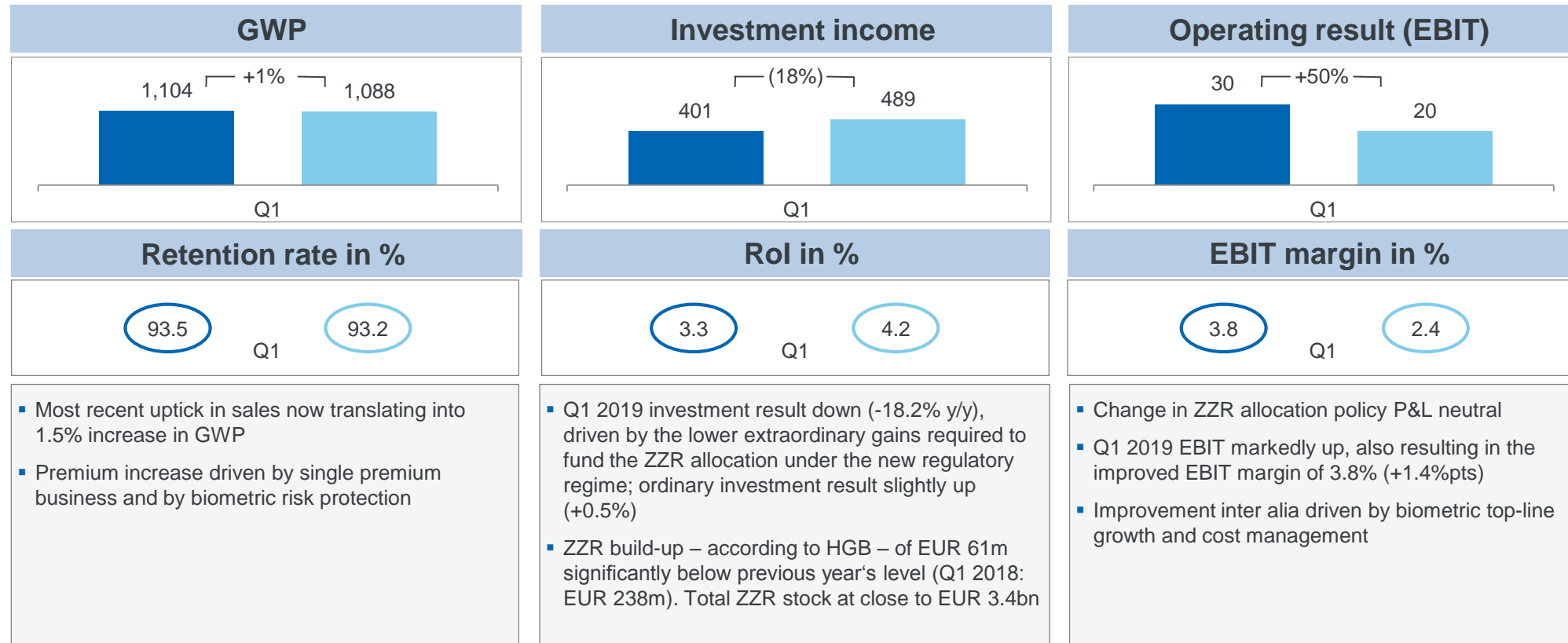
Segments - Retail Germany P/C



EURm, IFRS ■ 2019 ■ 2018

► Underlying combined ratio further improved – strong start into the year

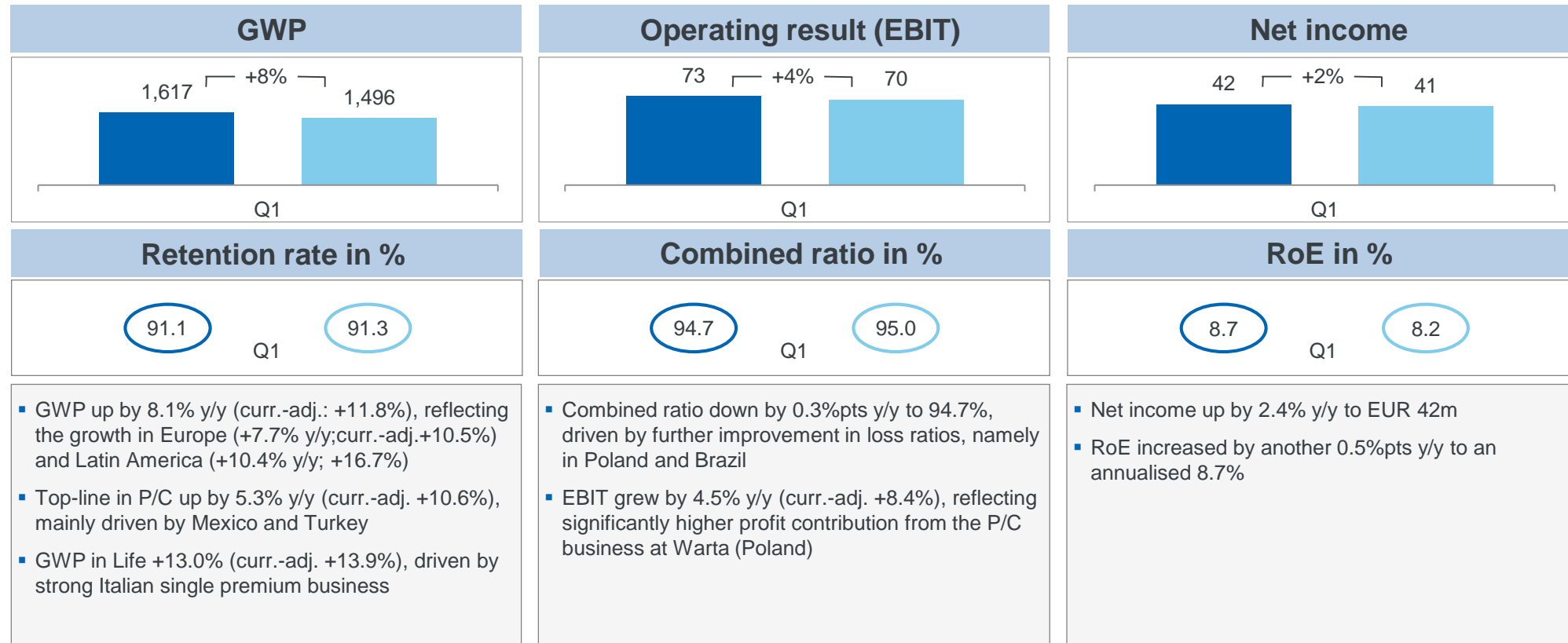
Segments - Retail Germany Life



EURm, IFRS ■ 2019 ■ 2018

▶ Back to top-line growth at an improved profitability

Segments - Retail International

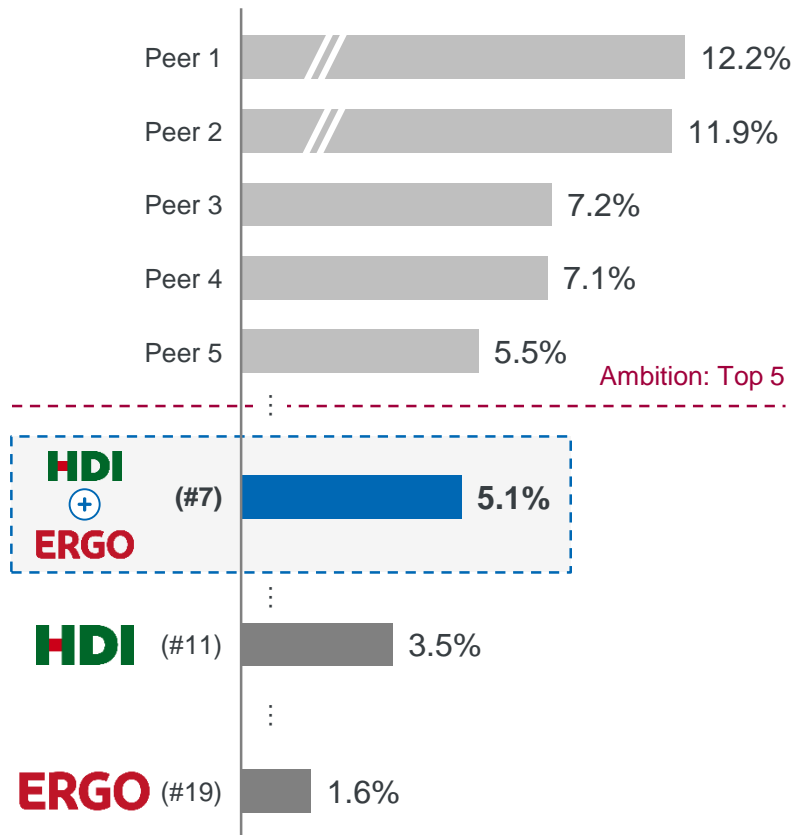


EURm, IFRS ■ 2019 ■ 2018

▶ Retail International continues its profitable growth

Retail International: Acquisition in Turkey with significant synergy potential

Market share (P/C plus health business)



Source: Turkish Insurance Association (TSB)

Key figures¹ and takeover rationale

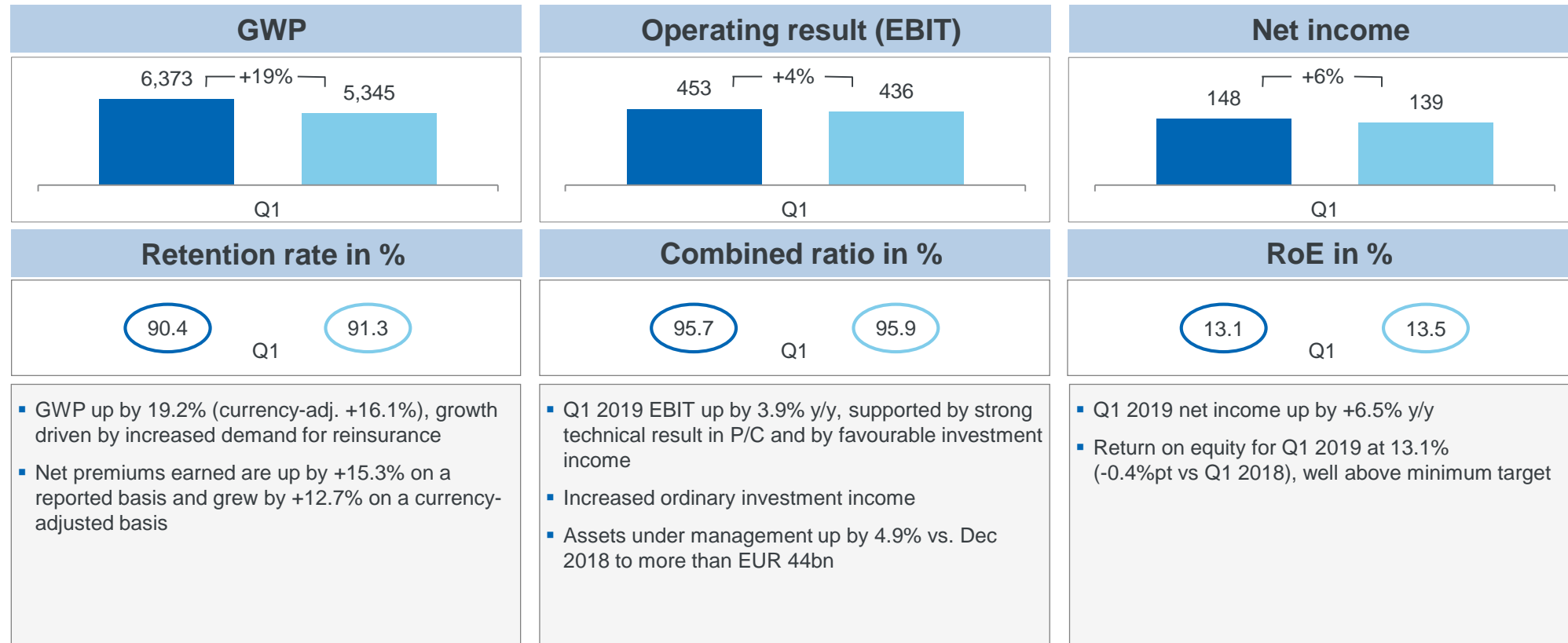
	2018	HDI	ERGO	HDI + ERGO pro forma
GWP (in EURm)		278	139	>400
Combined ratio¹		110%	123%	<110% ²
Agents		2,000	1,500	>3,000 ¹

- Attractive anti-cyclical investment in HDI International core market
- #5 market position now within close reach
- Strengthening of motor own damage (combined market share 8.8%) and non-motor business (4.5%) improves portfolio mix
- Significant synergy potential expected to result in earnings accretion from year 2
- Signed on 2 May 2019; closing expected for Q3 2019; full merger to be completed in 2020

¹ All figures according to local GAAP (source: TSB), except combined ratio HDI, which is according to IFRS. Business is profitable after yields on investments of currently over 20%. Some agents work for both companies.

² Outlook after assumed realisation of synergies for combined entity.

Segment - Reinsurance



EURm, IFRS ■ 2019 ■ 2018

▶ RoE well above target despite further increase in shareholders' equity


Net investment income

Net investment income Talanx Group

EUR m, IFRS	Q1 2019	Q1 2018	Change
Ordinary investment income	870	851	+2%
thereof current investment income from interest	691	675	+2%
thereof profit/loss from shares in ass. companies	12	3	>+100%
Realised net gains/losses on investments	84	264	(68%)
Write-ups/write-downs on investments	(38)	(42)	+10%
Unrealised net gains/losses on investments	65	(6)	n/a
Investment expenses	(60)	(59)	(2%)
Income from investments under own management	920	1,008	(9%)
Income from investment contracts	0	(0)	n/a
Interest income on funds withheld and contract deposits	68	55	+23%
Total	988	1,063	(7%)

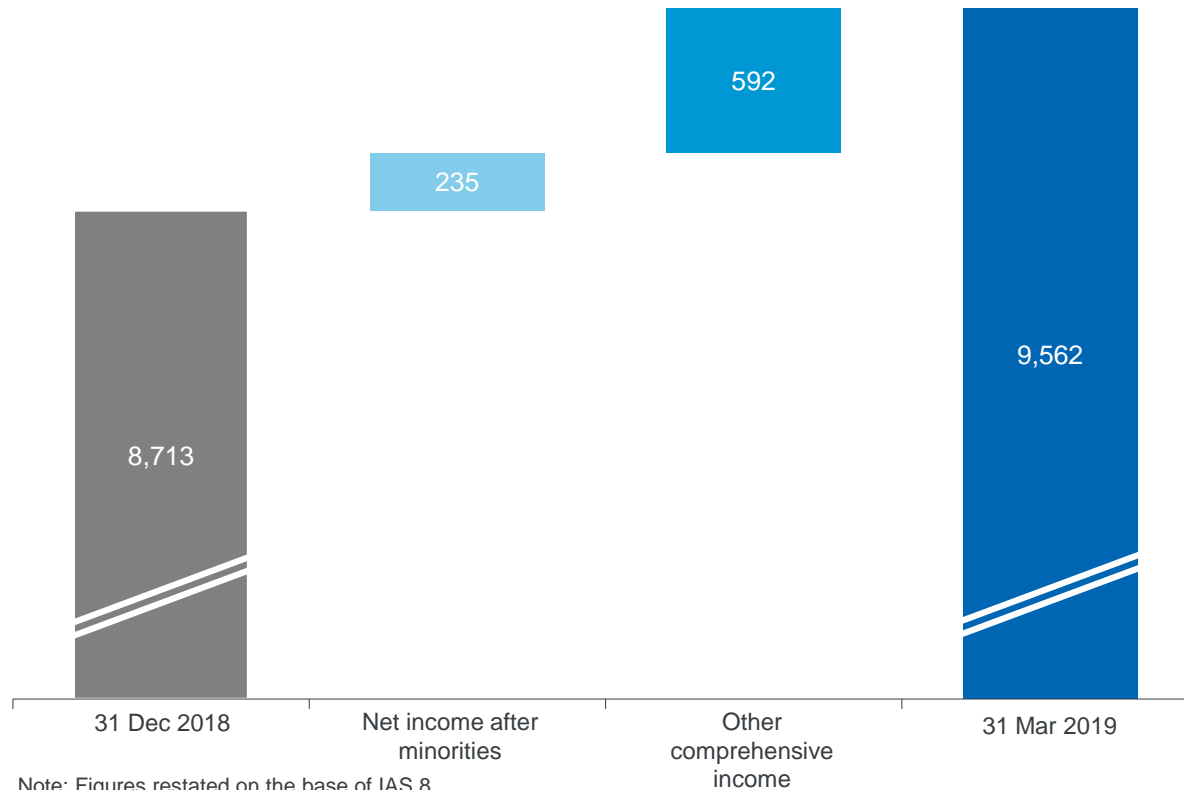
Comments

- Ordinary investment income slightly up, driven by higher investment result on the back of higher assets under management
- Realised net investment gains down by EUR 180m y/y to EUR 84 in Q1 2019, partly as a result of lower extraordinary gains in Retail Germany due to the new ZZR regime. Q1 2019 ZZR allocation significantly lower at EUR 61m (Q1 2018: 238m)
- Q1 2019 RoI down to 3.2% (Q1 2018: 3.7%), predominantly driven by markedly lower realised gains
- Primary Insurance will remain structurally burdened by the interest environment due to its higher share in euro investments and the higher portfolio duration. No plans to deviate from our low-beta strategy

 Slight increase in ordinary investment income – gains from realisations down

Changes in equity

Shareholders' equity, in EURm



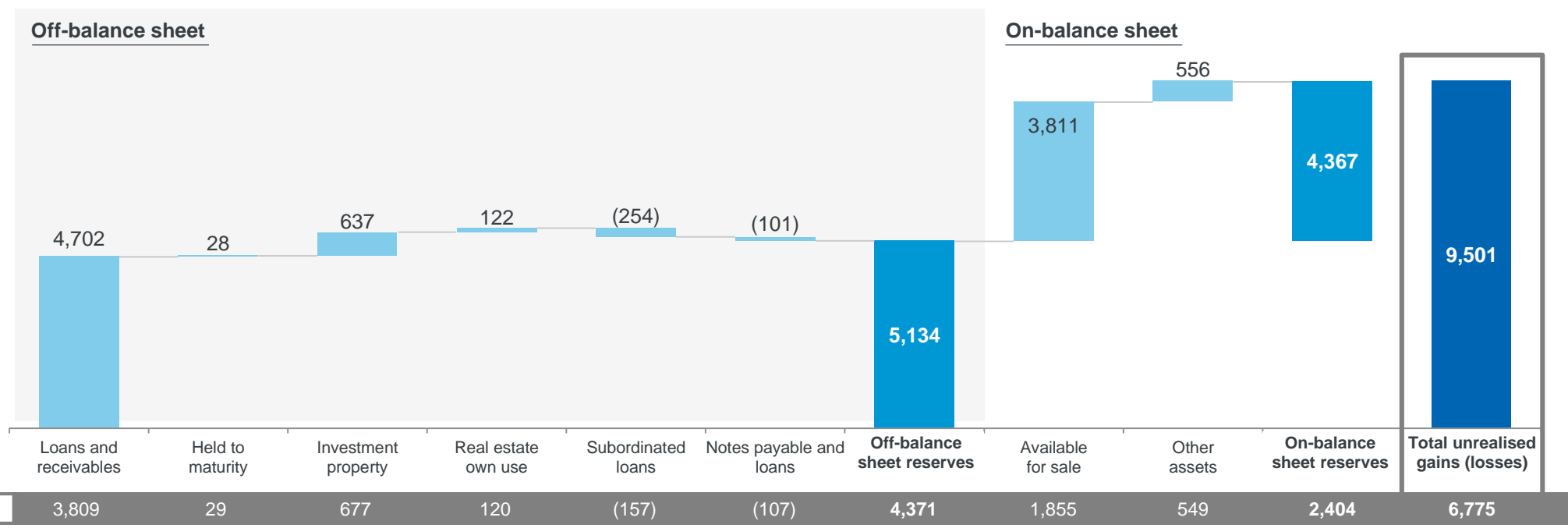
Comments

- Shareholders' equity rose to EUR 9,562, EUR 849m above the level of Dec 2018 and EUR 874m above March 2018
- Strong increase in OCI during Q1 2019 primarily caused by positive effect of interest rates and spreads on bond values
- Book value per share up 10% to EUR 37.82 from Dec 2018 (EUR 34.47), excl. goodwill up 11% to EUR 33.61 from EUR 30.28

Shareholders' equity materially up, primarily reflecting higher OCI

Unrealised gains of EUR 9.5bn

Unrealised gains and losses (off- and on-balance sheet) as of 31 March 2019 (EURm)



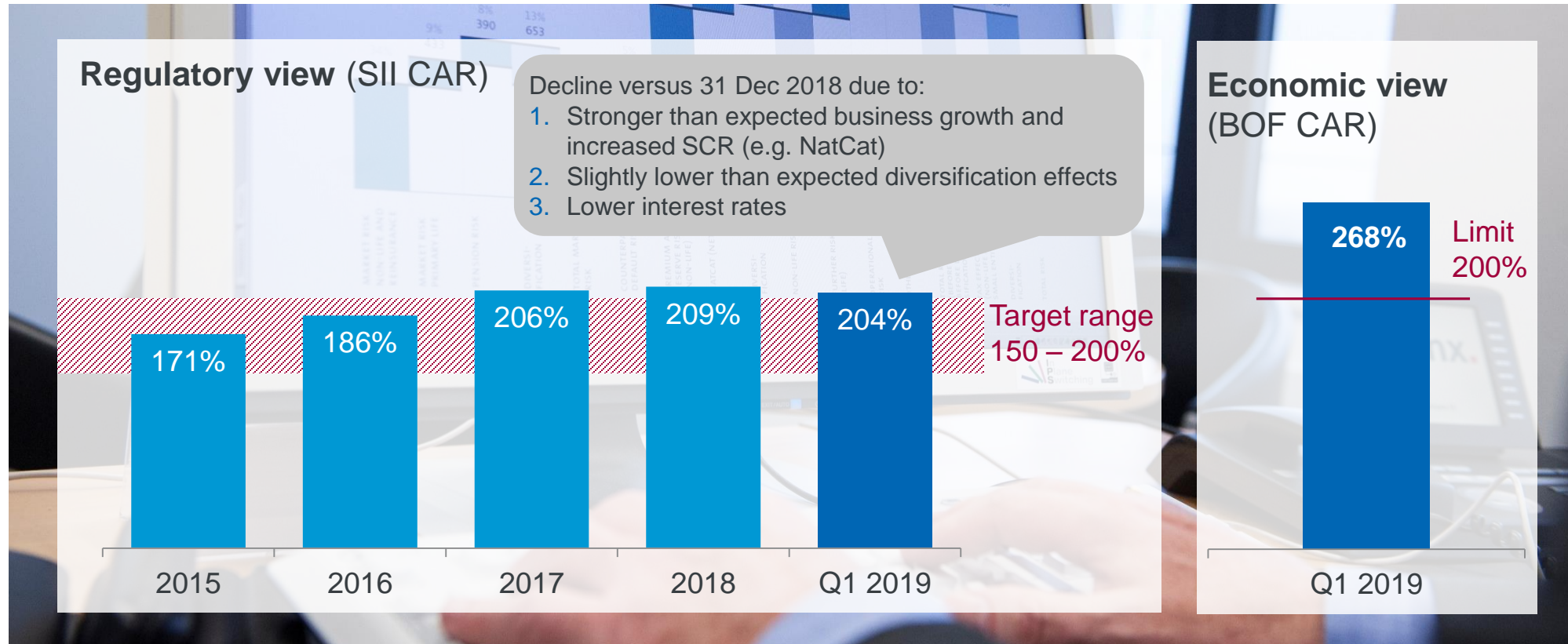
Δ market value vs. book value

Note: Shareholder contribution estimated based on historical profit sharing pattern

▶ Off-balance sheet reserves of ~ EUR 5.1bn – EUR 404m (EUR 1.60 per share) attributable to shareholders (net of policyholders, taxes & minorities)

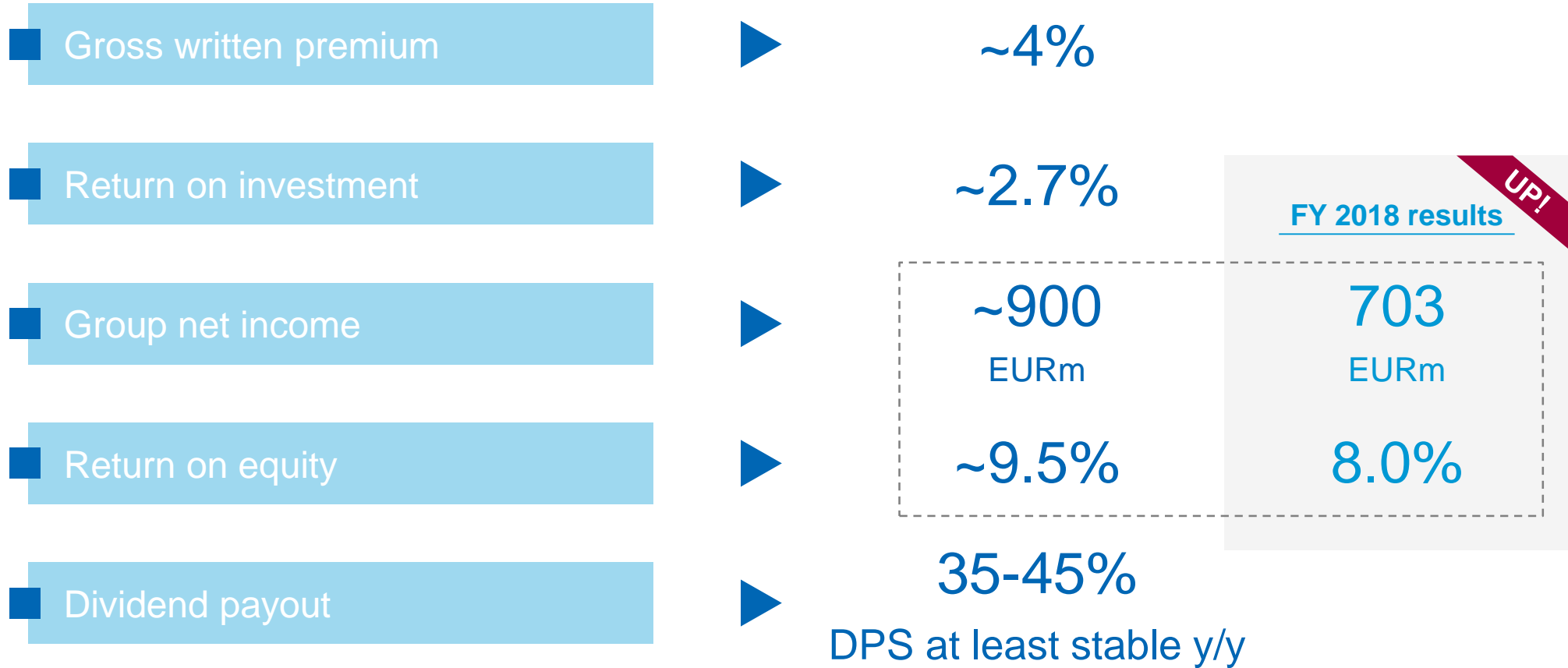
Solvency II capital at very solid level

Development of Solvency II capitalisation (excl. transitional measures)



Note: Solvency II ratios at period end, relating to HDI Group as the regulated entity, excluding the effect of transitional measures. Solvency II ratio for Q1 2019 including transitional measures: 241% (FY 2018: 252%).

Outlook 2019 for Talanx Group



Note: The 2019 Outlook is based on a large loss budget of EUR 315m (2018: EUR 300m) in Primary Insurance, of which EUR 278m in Industrial Lines. The large loss budget in Reinsurance stands at EUR 875m (2018: EUR 825m). All targets are subject to no large losses exceeding the large loss budget, no turbulences on capital markets and no material currency fluctuations

Financial Calendar and IR contacts



- 12 August 2019
6M 2019 Results
- 11 November 2019
9M 2019 Results
- 20 November 2019
Capital Markets Day in Frankfurt



Carsten Werle, CFA
Head of IR



Bernt Gade
Equity & Debt IR



Carsten Fricke
Equity & Debt IR



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Guideline on Alternative Performance Measures - For further information on the calculation and definition of specific Alternative Performance Measures please refer to the Annual Report 2018 Chapter "Enterprise management", pp. 26 and the following, the "Glossary and definition of key figures" on page 262 as well as our homepage http://www.talanx.com/investor-relations/ueberblick/midterm-targets/definitions_apm.aspx